City of Hailey

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT Zoning, Subdivision, Building and Business Permitting and Community Planning Services

AGENDA Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission Monday, May 20, 2024 5:30 p.m.

Hailey Planning and Zoning Meetings are open to the public, in person, and by electronic means when available. The city strives to make the meeting available virtually but cannot guarantee access due to platform failure, internet interruptions or other potential technological malfunctions. Participants may join our meeting virtually by the following means:

Join on your computer, mobile app, or room device.

Click here to join the meeting Meeting ID: 249 576 139 181 Passcode: Ge6Z7Q Download Teams | Join on the web

Or call in (audio only) +1 469-206-8535,,602369677# United States, Dallas Phone Conference ID: 602 369 677#

Call to Order

- Public Comment for items not on the Agenda.

Consent Agenda

- CA1 Motion to approve Meeting Minutes dated May 6, 2024. ACTION ITEM

Public Hearing

- PH 1 Consideration of a Design Review Application by Holly McCloud for the construction of a new 2,389 square foot single family residence to be located at 216 S. 4th Avenue (Lots 19 & 20, Block 104, Hailey Townsite) within the General Residential (GR) and Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts. ACTION ITEM
- PH 2 Consideration of a Stream Alteration Application, submitted by the Wood River Land Trust and the City of Hailey, for Heagle Park Floodplain Restoration, adjacent to Heagle Park and located at 1151 War Eagle Dr (Della View Sub Tl 4057a & Tl 4057b Park & Sewer Sites Easement W/ Idaho Power Co), within the Flood Hazard (FH) Overlay. ACTION ITEM
- PH 3 Consideration of a Design Review Application submitted by Idaho Lumber & Ace Hardware, represented by Mark Gasenica, for the construction of a new 3,090 square foot addition, to be located at 921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park), within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District. ACTION ITEM

Staff Reports and Discussion

- **SR1** Discussion of building activity, upcoming projects, and zoning code changes.
- **SR 2** Discussion: Next Planning and Zoning Meeting:
 - June 3, 2024:
 - DR Cueva
 - Discussion of potential amendments
 - June 17, 2024:
 - ٠

Return to Agenda

City of Hailey

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT Zoning, Subdivision, Building and Business Permitting and Community Planning Services

Meeting Minutes Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission Monday, May 6, 2024 5:30 p.m.

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Present

Commission: Dan Smith, Janet Fugate, Sage Sauerbrey, Jordan Fitzgerald, Owen Scanlon **Staff:** Robyn Davis, Emily Rodrigue, Ashley Dyer, Jessie Parker

5:31:12 PM Call to Order

- Public Comment for items not on the Agenda.

5:32:32 PM Consent Agenda

- **CA1** Motion to approve Meeting Minutes dated April 15, 2024. **ACTION ITEM**
- <u>CA 2</u> Motion to approve the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision recommending denial of a Design Review Application by Rezone Application submitted by St. Charles Borromeo Catholic Church (Roman Catholic Diocese), represented by The Land Group, proposing to rezone Lots 3-10, Block 21, Townsite (311 South 1st Ave) from Transitional (TN) to Business (B), and located within the Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts. ACTION ITEM

5:32:55 PM Scanlon motion to approve CA 1 & CA 2. Fritzgerald seconded. Sauerbrey abstained. 4-0 in Favor.

Public Hearing

- <u>5:33:29 PM PH 1</u> Consideration of a Design Review Application by Eric Cueva, represented by Youdall Architecture, for an 877 square foot detached garage addition as

well as a new 579 square foot Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) located above the addition. This project is located at 504 S. Main Street (Lots S20' of 12 All of 13 & 14, Block 9, Hailey Townsite) Business (B), Downtown Residential Overlay (DRO) and Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts. **ACTION ITEM**

<u>5:33:50 PM</u> Rodrigue introduced application, noting this project presents a nonconforming use, that the project will be continued on record tonight. Rodrigue summarized requirements that applicant will need to do prior to next hearing.

5:35:03 PM Matt Youdall, architect, noted project location on three lots, and proposed addition. Youdall explained proposed garage/adu location using site plan and applicants plans for future of the site for applicants roofing business. Youdall summarized proposed materials to be used, using elevation plan. Chair Fugate noted they do require actual samples. Youdall confirmed, and continued to explain materials to be used. Youdall pointed out noted reason why building is facing north south due to Idaho Power easement requirements.

5:40:13 PM Sauerbrey asked for clarification on projects non-conforming use. Rodrigue explained nonconforming use is as single-family and with the addition of the garage/adu it would be considered an expansion of the nonconforming use. Sauerbrey conforming, and that the solution would be for a business structure to be the primary use. Davis clarified how the single-family home is grandfathered in and summarized what the applicant can develop. Davis confirmed would request a full revised site plan be brought forward for the commission to review.

5:44:27 PM Youdall expressed concern of adu size based off roofing structure which is smaller. Fitzgerald asked what the permitted use would be that the strutur3e would be under. Scanlon expressed concern of use permitted based off re-roofing business. Davis asked Youdall to explain what the applicant's intent of the commercial use. Youdall summarized proposed business use including manufacturing and fabrication as well as an office component. Davis confirmed will have applicant clarify when bring back. Discussion continued of use.

<u>5:50:31 PM</u> Smith noted code requirement of office off main and parking in rear.

<u>5:51:07 PM</u> Scanlon asked if addressing the application. Commission discussed providing suggestions for future hearing. Smith expressed concern of building on lot line. Smith suggested relocation of structures to make appear as more of a business/retail situation, and parking in rear.

<u>5:53:25 PM</u> Youdall explained ingress/egress of adu, vehicle access for roofing company and parking in front.

<u>5:54:34 PM</u> Fitzgerald expressed concern of adu not being secondary/subordinate, referred to snow storage brought up in staff report, and concern of guard railings. Fitzgerald asked to see a site plan with just what is being proposed or to at least have the buildings in future to be labeled as future.

<u>5:56:44 PM</u> Scanlon asked what the slope on the ramp. Youdall asked about keeping some access off main street. Staff and commission explained reasoning's why curb cut is required to be

moved. Smith provided some suggestions on where business structures and parking should be. Smith summarized believes reconsideration of site layout is in order.

<u>6:00:50 PM</u> Chair Fugate reminded applicant to keep in mind of uses are permitted within the Business district. Commission reviewed elevations, and provided suggestions for east and west elevations.

<u>6:04:00 PM</u> Youdall asked if were to add a showroom element to structure. Chair Fugate explained that still needs to keep in mind permitted uses. Commissioners explained that there are certain activities allowed and certain ones not permitted within the business district.

<u>6:05:48 PM</u> Scanlon noted that retaining walls above certain height are required to heave a guard rail, also provided some ideas of where a guard rail is not required. Scanlon suggested doing something more transparent then white fence. Scanlon asked why removing one tree and if had thought it through. Scanlon expressed concern of gaps between cables on guard rail on second floor of garage/adu. Scanlon asked for applicant to designate energy saving measures.

<u>6:08:33 PM</u> Saurbrey asked if incorporate a store room, if will need to include ada requirements. Scanlon stated yes if for client use. Sauerbrey stated it seems there are a fair amount of singlefamily homes in the business district, suggesting consideration of allowing ADUs with these single family homes due to the housing crisis.

<u>6:10:45 PM</u> Smith noted a few incorrect call outs on A7.

<u>6:11:33 PM</u> Chair Fugate opened public comment.

<u>6:12:06 PM</u> Bonnie Lazarinne, 520 S Main, biggest concern is the property line and that it appears that the building is proposed right on the property line. Wondering about the zoning regulations for that area. Lazarinne also expressed concern of tenant of lack of privacy based off balcony design.

6:14:08 PM Chair Fugate closed public comment.

<u>6:14:39 PM</u> Youdall summarized zoning regulations, and that has approximately 18 inch setback from property line. Youdall stated the terrace looks towards the south.

<u>6:15:47 PM</u> Fitzgerald added that maybe this should be changed to allow for ADUs, but that all the bulk requirements such as setbacks would need to be replaced. Fitzgerald believes this would be a larger code amendment. Smith suggested discussing this at brain storming meeting in June.

Discussion took place on when to continue the application to the next available public hearing.

<u>6:20:18 PM</u> Smith motion to continue the public hearing to June 3rd, 2024. Scanlon seconded. All in Favor.

- PH 2 6:20:50 PM Consideration of a Design Review Preapplication submitted by Macintosh Holdings, LLC, represented by Erinn Bliss with Bliss Architecture, for the construction of a new 6,390 square foot multifamily townhome development project located at 637 S. River Street (AM Lot 2A Block 1, Maple Subdivision). The development consists of two (2), three story, multifamily buildings, which includes six (6) dwelling units in total.

<u>6:21:17 PM</u> Dyer introduced project and turned floor to applicant team.

<u>6:21:48 PM</u> Errin Bliss, architect, introduced himself and property owner Leo McIntosh. Bliss summarized project location, proposed site plan, that applicant is requesting to do in lieu fee in place of the typical river street section. Bliss summarized proposed building designs – covered parking, bike storage and parking, floor plans, elevations and proposed materials to be used. Bliss noted these were called townhomes, but that they will be apartments for rent at market rate.

<u>6:28:08 PM</u> Sauerbrey asked where running mechanicals. Bliss noted no cooling and all electric for heating with no duct work. Sauerbrey suggested incentives out there for efficient heating suggesting mini splits. Bliss does not think mini splits are within the budget. Sauerbrey highly encouraged applicant to discuss with staff. Sauerbrey asked about covered parking vs. garages. Bliss explained it is a cost issue, but that could change. Sauerbrey suggested something with a garage would be more appealing to renters.

<u>6:31:17 PM</u> Smith agrees with Sauerbrey comment about heating, suggesting utilizing something more efficient. Smith asked about thought process of removing one parking space for bike storage. Bliss explained reasoning was needing bike space and snow storage. Smith suggested idea of moving bike and snow storage. Smith noted it would be nice to see some amenities. Smith asked about material for accent color. Bliss explained that applicant understands that wood will change in the future and require maintenance. Smith complimented palette overall, curious about other commissioners thoughts on east/west elevations. Chair Fugate suggested additional wood on those sides might do the trick.

<u>6:37:31 PM</u> Fitzgerald asked if considered using access to the north as their access; understands its not on their property but curious if there was coordination. Bliss explained thought had crossed his mind but they did not pursue that route. Fitzgerald likes the materials, design, colors but that it is still really one big block.

<u>6:39:49 PM</u> Scanlon complimented design. Scanlon asked about lot coverage at 42%. Discussion ensued regarding lot coverage.

<u>6:45:28 PM</u> Chair Fugate hopes applicant does further research in the heating and include some type of amenities. Chair Fugate complimented design as well, though thinks if could add some light wood to end portions facing east and west and consider garages.

<u>6:47:06 PM</u> Sauerbrey stated would like to see the sidewalk extend so it is easy to connect to at future point. Bliss noted gravel pathway proposed and concern of extending due to plowing. Bliss stated thought was that would just access sidewalk via sidewalk. Sauerbrey explained that he

would really like to see extend to at least the property line if not extend so it will be much easier for future planning. Smith agrees.

<u>6:50:56 PM</u> Chair Fugate opened public comment.

6:51:18 PM Justin Seagraves, curious if can find out how many city lots this property is.

<u>6:52:31 PM</u> Erin Sweeney, thinks nice idea, likes all the new apartments going in, not a big fan of the gray, thinks make sense to have bike storage closer to front, agrees with comments about baseboards. Sweeney curious about the role of the community and influencing orientation of building on lots and use of solar.

<u>6:56:44 PM</u> Mark Mac, new owner of building to the west of this this property, this is a very large building in small sight. Thinks it is a very massive building next to modest buildings. This is very close to their property. Does not mitigate any transitions between neighbors. Expressed concern of design and tenants looking at driveway. Encourages architect to think of more creative way on how the units can be laid out on the site. Agrees with comments of previous guest who commented on gray blackness, does not think it is a good trend. Expressed concerns of heating.

7:02:23 PM Chair Fugate closed public comment.

7:02:34 PM Staff and applicant confirmed this is just one lot.

<u>7:03:07 PM</u> Bliss explained the drawings are conceptual as this is a pre-app and will be submitting a full landscape plan. Bliss noted existing and proposed fencing. Bliss explained reasoning behind color choice.

<u>7:04:35 PM</u> Chair Fugate summarized commissioners role, that always encourages solar but limited by what can require. Sauerbrey referenced bill passed last July that prohibits local governments from requiring more then what the state code requires. Chair Fugate added that staff has also been trying to come up with incentives to help encourage. Sauerbrey recommended community housing.

<u>7:07:44 PM</u> Chair Fugate asked if Bliss has other questions or comments. Bliss stated no. Smith confirmed that there will be landscape/screening.

<u>7:08:47 PM</u> Scanlon added referenced comments about garages and house on crutches, and code section XXXX. Scanlon thinks if at least brought the end walls down to the ground would like more like the neighborhood. Scanlon suggested modification to trapezoid windows, as it looks like the 6 houses are sad. Smith noted that to go to 40% lot coverage will need garages. Sauerbrey noted PUD as an alternative route.

Fitzgerald stated if does not convert to garages, people will actually park there and not store items. Commission and staff discussed bicycle storage requirements. Fitzgerald suggested brown in place of gray, and to explore option of sharing driveway to the north.

No motion.

Administrative Review (No Action)

- <u>AR 1</u> Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) Application by Brant Tanner, for a new 870 square foot Accessory Dwelling Unit, to be located at 140 Sunbeam Street (Lot 13, Block 2, Sunbeam Subdivision Phase I) within the Limited Residential (LR-1) Zoning District.

Staff Reports and Discussion

- **SR1** Discussion of building activity, upcoming projects, and zoning code changes.
- **SR 2** Discussion: Next Planning and Zoning Meeting:
 - May 20, 2024:
 - Stream Alteration near Heagle Park
 - DR McCloud
 - DR Idaho Lumber

7:15:42 PM Davis summarized upcoming meeting items.

<u>7:17:11 PM</u> Davis provided update on Hailey Comprehensive Plan Update.

<u>7:19:12 PM</u> Sauerbrey motion to adjourn. Smith seconded. All in Favor.

Return to Agenda



STAFF REPORT Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission Regular Meeting of May 20, 2024

To:	Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission
From:	Ashley Dyer, Community Development City Planner
Overview:	Consideration of a Design Review Application by Holly McCloud, represented by bldg. collective architecture, for the construction of a new 2,389 square foot single-family residence to be located at 216 S. 4 th Avenue (Lots 19 & 20, Block 104, Hailey Townsite) within the Limited Residential (LR-1) and Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts.
Hearing:	May 20, 2024
Applicant:	Holly McCloud
Location:	216 S. 4 th Avenue- Lots 19 & 20 Block 104- Townsite
Zoning/Size:	Limited Residential (LR-1) and Townsite Overlay (TO); Total Lot Area: 5,990 square feet.

Notice: Notice for the May 20, 2024, public hearing was published in the Idaho Mountain Express and mailed to property owners within 300 feet on May 1, 2024.

Application/Project Proposal: The Applicant is proposing the construction of a new 2,389 square foot single-family residence, which includes 1,989 square feet of livable space and 391 square feet of attached garage space. The project is to be located at 216 S. 4th Avenue (Lots 19 & 20, Block 104, Hailey Townsite) within the Limited Residential (LR-1) General and Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts.

Procedural History: The Design Review Application was submitted on April 10, 2024, and certified complete on April 16, 2024. A public hearing will be held on May 20, 2024, in the Council Chambers and virtually via Microsoft Teams.

On February 5, 2024, the P&Z Commission heard the Design Review Preapplication for 216 S. 4th Avenue and came to the determination vehicular access to and from the site, as outlined via the alley access guidelines in Hailey's Municipal Code, can be achieved through thoughtful design and shared resources, like that of the many other garage additions and single-family residences in the Townsite (TO) District. The Commission requested that the Applicant return for the full Design Review with another design, where vehicular access would be from the alley, not the primary street.

	General Requirements for all Design Review Applications							
С	Compliant			Standards and Staff Comments				
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards and Staff Comments				

\boxtimes		17.06.050	Complete Application
\boxtimes		Department Comments	Engineering: No comments
		Comments	Life/Safety: No comments
			Water and Sewer: Sewer: The lot has an existing sewer stub; they must locate and connect to it. It will also need to be inspected by the Wastewater Division upon connection prior to backfilling.
			Water: The proposed meter vault will be in a drivable area; the Applicant will need to install a metal collar, and the proposed landscaping hedge cannot restrict access to it. The Applicant will need to protect the City's meter vault during construction, the proposed material storage is right over the meter vault location and will need to be relocated to ensure the protection of the City's meter vault.
			These items have been made Conditions of Approval.
			Building: No comments
			Streets: No comments
	X	17.08A Signs	17.08A Signs: The applicant is hereby advised that a sign permit is required for any signage exceeding four square feet in sign area. Approval of signage areas or signage plan in Design Review does not constitute approval of a sign permit.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as signage is prohibited in residential zones.
\boxtimes		17.09.040 On-site Parking Req.	See Section 17.09.040 for applicable code. 17.09.040 Single-Family Dwellings: two (2) spaces minimum, six (6) spaces
			maximum
		Staff Comments	The Hailey Municipal Code requires a minimum of two (2) parking spaces for single-family residential dwellings. The proposed residence includes a two- car garage onsite, with vehicular access via the existing alley. Parking
		17.08C.040 Outdoor	requirements for the proposed residence have been met. 17.08C.040 General Standards
		Lighting Standards	 a. All exterior lighting shall be designed, located and lamped in order to prevent: Overlighting; Energy waste; Glare; Light Trespass; Skyglow. b. All non-essential exterior commercial and residential lighting is encouraged to be turned off after business hours and/or when not in use. Lights on a timer are encouraged. Sensor activated lights are encouraged to replace existing lighting that is desired for security purposes. Canopy lights, such as service station lighting shall be fully recessed or fully shielded so as to ensure that no light source is visible from or

				 d. Area lights. All area lights are encouraged to be eighty-five (85) degree full cut-off type luminaires. e. Idaho Power shall not install any luminaires after the effective date of this Article that lights the public right of way without first receiving approval for any such application by the Lighting Administrator.
			Staff Comments	The Applicant will install Dark Sky compliant fixtures; downcast and low wattage fixtures are proposed for the front and rear of the home as well as the interior courtyard space.
			Bulk Requirements	 Zoning District: Limited Residential (LR-1) and Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts: Maximum Building Height: 30 feet Front Yard Setback: 12 feet* Side Yard Setbacks: Fifteen percent (15%) of lot width, or ten feet (10'), whichever is less Rear Yard Setback: 6 feet* Lot Coverage: 40 % * No townhouse units are proposed with this project.
			Staff Comments	 Setbacks, building height, and lot coverage are proposed as follows: Maximum Building Height: 18'-6" feet; proposed Building Height: Front Yard Setback: 12 feet Side Yard Setbacks: 7.5 feet (which is 15% of lot width) Rear/ alley Setback: 6 feet Lot Coverage: 39.9%= 2,389 square feet All setback, building height, and lot coverage requirements have been met.
□?			17.06.070(A)1 Street Improvements Required	Sidewalks and drainage improvements are required in all zoning districts, except as otherwise provided herein.
			Staff Comments	There is an existing sidewalk that runs along the property frontage of 4 th Avenue that needs replacement and/or repair. The Applicant can either pay a sidewalk in-lieu fee or replace the existing sidewalk along the property's frontage. An in-lieu payment or sidewalk replacement shall occur prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy. This has been made a Condition of Approval.
				Additionally, the Applicant is proposing to add two (2) Syringa Reticulata 2" caliper trees along the sidewalk and within the public ROW. Permissions from the City's Street Department shall be obtained via an Encroachment Permit prior to issuance of a Building Permit. Further ROW additions include irrigation, and other landscaping. This has also been made a Condition of Approval.
				Lastly, prior to any public right-of-way landscaping or tree plantings, the Hailey Tree Committee shall review and approve the public ROW landscaping plan. This has been made a Condition of Approval.
			17.06.070(B) Required Water System Improvements	In the Townsite Overlay District, any proposal for new construction or addition of a garage accessing from the alley, where water main lines within the alley are less than six feet (6') deep, the developer shall install insulating material (blue board insulation or similar material) for each and

	every individual water service line and main line between and including the subject property and the nearest public street, as recommended by the city engineer. (Ord. 1191, 2015)
Staff Comments	The Applicant is proposing the construction of a new single-family home that will be accessed off the alleyway. Insulating the water service line and main line within the alley has been made a Condition of Approval.

Design Review Guidelines for Residential Buildings in the Townsite Overlay District	(ТО).
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Compliant				Standards and Staff Comments
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards and Staff Comments
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)1	1) Site Planning
				Guideline: The pattern created by the Old Hailey town grid should be respected in all site planning decisions.
			Staff Comments	In 2020 the Applicant applied for and was approved to Demolish the existing structure on the property, a Demolition permit was issued on February 21, 2021- city issued permit #20-240. The lot is existing and located in the old Hailey grid, the property respects the old Townsite grid pattern, while allowing for a creative and thoughtful building design.
				Guideline: Site planning for new development and redevelopment shall address the following:
				 scale and massing of new buildings consistent with the surrounding neighborhood;
				 building orientation that respects the established grid pattern of Old Hailey;
				clearly visible front entrances;
				 use of alleys as the preferred access for secondary uses and automobile access;
				 adequate storage for recreational vehicles;

				Staff Comments	 yards and open spaces; solar access on the site and on adjacent properties where feasible, and where such decisions do not conflict with other Design Guidelines; snow storage appropriate for the property; Underground utilities for new dwelling units. The scale of the proposed residence is consistent with the scale and massing of buildings in the surrounding neighborhood. The front façade and entrance are clearly visible and will face Fourth Avenue, which includes a welcoming front entry on the street façade, as is typical in Old Hailey. The south and west facades, which are the most visible from the street, have roof parapets that help break up the walls. The new single-family residence is accessed via the existing alley. No recreational vehicle storage has been delineated onsite. The proposed residence will span the entire lot with a proposed courtyard and outdoor spaces including garden beds. No passive solar design or solar energy collection devices are proposed at this time. Snow storage has been identified on the site plan and is sufficient for the site. Utilities are existing and are located underground. Any and all new utilities to service the proposed residence will be located
			Guideline: The use of energy-conserving designs that are compatible with the character of Old Hailey are encouraged. The visual impacts of passive and active solar designs should be balanced with other visual concerns outlined in these Design Guidelines.		
		Staff Comments	The design intent of the proposed residence is to complement that of the surrounding area, while retaining the character of Old Hailey. The proposed design has a covered entry, and several windows, of various sizes and shapes are proposed throughout. No passive solar design or solar energy collection devices are proposed at this time. The client may rough in for photovoltaic panels, which would be installed almost flush with the south facing house roof.		
		17.06.090(C)2	2. Bulk Requirements (Mass and Scale, Height, Setbacks) Guideline: The perceived mass of larger buildings shall be diminished by the design.		
		Staff Comments	The building mass is reduced through architectural elements like an interior courtyard, projecting bays that break up the rooflines/wall planes. The nested front gable element further diminished the scale of the structure through a clearly established hierarchy of roof forms. Additionally, this single-story structure only reaches a max height of 18.5 feet from existing grade, well below the height limit of 30 feet.		

Design Review: McCloud Residence 216 S. 4th Avenue (Lots 19-20, Block 104, Townsite) Hailey Planning Zoning Commission – May 20, 2024 Staff Report – Page 6 of 16

\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3	3. Architectural Character
		17.06.090(C)3a	a. General
			Guideline: New buildings should be respectful of the past, but may offer new interpretations of old styles, such that they are seen as reflecting the era in which they are built.
		Staff Comments	A covered entry porch and traditional exterior materials/colors nicely integrate into the surrounding area. The gabled roof forms with 9:12 pitches, bracketed portico entry, and overall scale reinterpret traditional
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3b	b. Building Orientation
			Guideline: The front entry of the primary structure shall be clearly identified such that it is visible and inviting from the street.

r		Shaff Comments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Staff Comments	The proposed home orients to the street in a similar manner to adjoining properties. The proposed single-family residence will be accessed from the alley, as is typical in Old Hailey. A covered porch along the front façade and over the front entry is proposed, which is prominent, visible, and inviting from Fourth Avenue.
\boxtimes			Guideline: Buildings shall be oriented to respect the existing grid pattern.
			Aligning the front wall plane to the street is generally the preferred building orientation.
		Staff Comments	The lot is existing and respects the Old Hailey Townsite grid pattern. A
			covered porch along the front façade, and over the front entry is
			proposed, which is prominent and inviting from Fourth Avenue.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3c	c. Building Form
			Guideline: The use of building forms traditionally found in Old Hailey is
			encouraged. Forms that help to reduce the perceived scale of buildings shall be
			incorporated into the design.
		Staff Comments	A covered front porch, and various-sized windows reduces the massing of
			the building and breaks up the roofline. The house is composed of
			intersecting rectangular elements with gabled roofs at a 9:12 historical
			pitch, the building form incorporates traditional shapes while avoiding
			long, unbroken planes. The low-pitch garage roof is minimized at the rear,
		47.00.000(0)2.1	facing the alley.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3d	d. Roof Form
			Guideline: Roof forms shall define the entry to the building, breaking up the
			perceived mass of larger buildings, and to diminish garages where applicable.
		Staff Comments	The south and west facades of the house are the most visible from 4th
			Avenue, the proposed covered front porch helps to break up the building
			frontage. The garage is located to the rear of the property and not visible
			from 4 th Avenue.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3d	Guideline: Roof pitch and style shall be designed to meet snow storage needs
			for the site.
			Roof pitch materials and style shall retain snow on the roof, or allow snow
			to shed safely onto the property, and away from pedestrian travel areas.
			• Designs should avoid locating drip lines over key pedestrian routes.
			• Where setbacks are less than ten feet, special attention shall be given to
			the roof form to ensure that snow does not shed onto adjacent
			properties.
		Staff Comments	The south and west facades of the house are the most visible from 4 th
			Avenue, with the 9:12 primary roof pitch, designed for proper snow
			shedding away from circulation areas. The asphalt shingle roofing will
			retain snow, so it does not shed into the alley.

Design Review: McCloud Residence 216 S. 4th Avenue (Lots 19-20, Block 104, Townsite) Hailey Planning Zoning Commission – May 20, 2024 Staff Report – Page 8 of 16

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\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3d	Guideline: The use of roof forms, roof pitch, ridge length and roof materials that
				are similar to those traditionally found in the neighborhood are encouraged.
			Staff Comments	The house utilizes a primary 9:12 pitch as well as the front porch which is
				similar to adjoining properties.
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3d	Guideline: The roof pitch of a new building should be compatible with those
				found traditionally in the surrounding neighborhood.
			Staff Comments	The proposed roof pitch is 9:12, which complements other roof pitches in
				the area and is designed for proper snow shedding away from circulation
-				areas.
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3e	e. Wall Planes
				Guideline: Primary wall planes should be parallel to the front lot line.
			Staff Comments	The new single family residence orients to the street in a similar manner
				to adjoining properties, with its primary façade and front porch facing 4 th
-			47.00.000/010	Avenue and approximately parallel to the front lot line.
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3e	Guideline: Wall planes shall be proportional to the site and shall respect the scale of the surrounding neighborhood.
			Staff Comments	Primary wall planes are parallel to the lot line and the gable ends also run
				parallel to the street and front lot line.
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3e	Guideline: The use of pop-outs to break up longer wall planes is encouraged.
			Staff Comments	The Applicant proposed several elements to help break up longer wall
				planes with projecting bays, and a pattern of traditional window openings
L	<u> </u>		17.06.000(0)25	which provide scale and interest.
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3f	f. Windows
				Guideline: Windows facing streets are encouraged to be of a traditional size, scale and proportion.
			Staff Comments	Facing the street, the windows incorporate traditional proportions and
				patterning. The windows use divided lites and sills to maintain a
		<u> </u>		traditional appearance.
\boxtimes			17.06.090(C)3f	Guideline: Windows on side lot lines adjacent to other buildings should be carefully planned to respect the privacy of neighbors.

		Staff Comments	The window placement considers preserving privacy for neighboring properties.
	\boxtimes	17.06.090(C)3g	g. Decks and Balconies
			Guideline: Decks and balconies shall be in scale with the building and the neighborhood.
		Staff Comments	While no decks/balconies are proposed, there are small entry porticos and an inward-facing courtyard to provide private outdoor spaces.
	\boxtimes	17.06.090(C)3g	Guideline: Decks and balconies should be designed with the privacy of neighbors in mind when possible.
		Staff Comments	N/A- No decks/balconies are proposed. An inward-facing courtyard to provide private outdoor spaces is proposed.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3h	h. Building Materials and Finishes
			Guideline: Materials and colors shall be selected to avoid the look of large, flat walls. The use of texture and detailing to reduce the perceived scale of large walls is encouraged.
		Staff Comments	The proposed residence will complement that of the surrounding neighborhood. The project utilizes an off-white stucco siding with traditional detailing like wood bracket porticos which subtly resemble traditional detailing.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3h	Guideline: Large wall planes shall incorporate more than one material or color to break up the mass of the wall plane.
		Staff Comments	The largest wall plane is broken up by a covered front entry, and the roof pitch both reduce the mass of the building. The roof form and exterior colors encourage human scale and are complementary to the surrounding area. The Applicant is proposing off White Stucco siding.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3i	i. Ornamentation and Architectural Detailing
			Guideline: Architectural detailing shall be incorporated into the front wall plane of buildings.
		Staff Comments	Simple detailing is proposed with a covered front entry and porch with detailing such as wood bracket porticos, and an off-white stucco siding, which subtly resemble traditional detailing.

\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)3i	Guideline: The use of porches, windows, stoops, shutters, trim detailing and
			other ornamentation that is reminiscent of the historic nature of Old Hailey is encouraged.
		Staff Comments	The proposed residence aligns with the nature and character of Old
			Hailey. The south and west facades of the house are most visible with
			traditional detailing like wood bracket porticos and black clad aluminum
		17.06.090(C)3i	windows and doors, Guideline: Architectural details and ornamentation on buildings should be
			compatible with the scale and pattern of the neighborhood.
		Staff Comments	Please refer to Section 17.06.090(C)3i for further information.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)4	4. Circulation and Parking
			Guideline: Safety for pedestrians shall be given high priority in site planning,
			particularly with respect to parking, vehicular circulation and snow storage
			issues.
		Staff Comments	Pedestrian access to the house will continue to be provided in front of the
			house from 4th Avenue, while vehicular traffic will be accessed off the
			alley.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)4	Guideline: The visual impacts of on-site parking visible from the street shall be minimized.
		Staff Comments	Adequate parking has been provided and is located in the garage off the
			alley.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)4	Guideline: As a general rule, garages and parking should be accessed from the alley side of the property and not the street side.
		Staff Comments	The Applicant is proposing vehicular access through the alleyway for the single-family residence.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)4	Guideline: Detached garages accessed from alleys are strongly encouraged.
		Staff Comments	The garage is proposed to be attached and accessed off the alleyway.
	X	17.06.090(C)4	Guideline: When garages must be planned on the street side, garage doors shall be set back and remain subordinate to the front wall plane.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as the garage will have access from the existing alley.
		17.06.090(C)4	Guideline: When garages and/or parking must be planned on the street side, parking areas are preferred to be one car in width. When curb cuts must be planned, they should be shared or minimized.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as the garage will have access from the existing alley.
		17.06.090(C)4	Guideline: Off-street parking space for recreational vehicles should be developed as part of the overall site planning.
		Staff Comments	There is no parking for recreational vehicles being proposed, however the
			Applicant mentioned that there is an opportunity for recreational vehicle
			parking on the alley side of the lot.
		17.06.090(C)5	5. Alleys
L			

\boxtimes			Guideline: Alleys shall be retained in site planning. Lot lines generally shall not be modified in ways that eliminate alley access to properties.
		Staff Comments	The alley is existing and will be utilized for access to onsite parking.
		17.06.090(C)5	Guideline: Alleys are the preferred location for utilities, vehicular access to garages, storage areas (including recreational vehicles) and accessory buildings. Design and placement of accessory buildings that access off of alleys is
			encouraged.
		Staff Comments	Utilities are located underground within the existing alley. Any additional utilities and/or building infrastructure will be located underground within the existing alley.
		17.06.090(C)5	Guideline: Generally, the driving surface of alleys within Limited Residential and General Residential may remain a dust-free gravel surface, but should be paved within Business, Limited Business, and Transitional. The remainder of the city alley should be managed for noxious weed control, particularly after construction activity.
		Staff Comments	The parcel is located within the Limited Residential (LR-1) and Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning Districts. The existing alley that services the residence is of a dust-free gravel, and if noxious weeds are present on the site, the Developer shall control according to State Law.
		17.06.090(C)5	Guideline: Landscaping and other design elements adjacent to alleys should be kept simple and respect the functional nature of the area and the pedestrian activity that occurs.
		Staff Comments	The proposed landscaping for the rear/alley of the site is minimal with 3 shrubs and a Hornbeam hedge along the alley property line. Nothing proposed will interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
	\boxtimes	17.06.090(C)6	6. Accessory Structures
			Guideline: Accessory buildings shall appear subordinate to the main building on the property in terms of size, location and function.
		Staff Comments	N/A, there are no accessory structures proposed on the site.
	\boxtimes	17.06.090(C)6	Guideline: In general, accessory structures shall be located to the rear of the lot and off of the alley unless found to be impractical.
		Staff Comments	N/A, there are no accessory structures proposed on the site.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)7	7. Snow Storage
			Guideline: All projects shall be required to provide 25% snow storage on the site.
		Staff Comments	The Applicant is proposing 130 SF of onsite snow storage which exceeds the required 25% amount. Additionally, there is onsite snow storage proposed for both sides of the pedestrian circulation area (front walkway), an area near the proposed courtyard along the southern side of the site, and along the proposed vehicular circulation area (driveway) at the rear of the site.
X		17.06.090(C)7	 Guideline: A snow storage plan shall be developed for every project showing: Where snow is stored, key pedestrian routes and clear vision triangles.

			Consideration given to the impacts on adjacent properties when
			planning snow storage areas.
		Staff Comments	Snow storage areas are near the pedestrian and vehicle circulation areas on the site. The proposed locations should not have any impact on neighboring sites.
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)8	8. Existing Mature Trees and Landscaping
			Guideline: Existing mature trees shall be shown on the site plan, with notations regarding retention, removal or relocation. Unless shown to be infeasible, a site shall be carefully planned to incorporate existing mature trees on private property into the final design plan.
		Staff Comments	There is an existing Box Elder tree located on the southern side of the lot that will be preserved and incorporated into the new courtyard.
		17.06.090(C)8	Guideline: Attention shall be given to other significant landscape features which may be present on the site. Mature shrubs, flower beds and other significant landscape features shall be shown on the site plan and be incorporated into the site plan where feasible.
		Staff Comments	Landscaping includes xeriscaping elements such as gravel and drought resistant plants, including: 9 - Swedish Aspen 1" caliper - along Southern property border 3 - Swedish Aspen 1" caliper - loan Northern side 3 - Swedish Aspen 1" caliper – Near the proposed Courtyard area 2 - Syringa Reticula 2" caliper –along 4 th Avenue/ existing sidewalk 5 Shrubs- Applicant should address the species chosen. Hornbeam hedge along the front and rear of the site 3 - Garden Beds
\boxtimes		17.06.090(C)8 Staff Comments	Guideline: Noxious weeds shall be controlled according to State Law.
			If noxious weeds are present on the site, the Developer shall control according to State Law.
		17.06.090(C)9	9. Fences and Walls

			Guideline: Fences and walls that abut public streets and sidewalks should be
			designed to include fence types that provide some transparency, lower heights and clearly marked gates.
		Staff Comments	No new fence is proposed with the Design Review Application; however, the Applicant mentioned that any new fence will be constructed as a low picket fence with wrought iron or something similar. The new fence will need to be approved via a Fence Permit Application, which has been made a Condition of Approval.
	\boxtimes	17.06.090(C)9	Guideline: Retaining walls shall be in scale to the streetscape.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as none are proposed.
	\boxtimes	17.06.090(C)10	10. Historic Structures
			 General Guidelines: Any alteration to the exterior of a Historic Structure requiring design review approval shall meet the following guidelines: The alteration should be congruous with the historical, architectural, archeological, educational or cultural aspects of other Historic Structures within the Townsite Overlay District, especially those originally
		Staff Comments	 constructed in the same Period of Significance. The alteration shall be contributing to the Townsite Overlay District. Adaptive re-use of Historic Structures is supported while maintaining the architectural integrity of the original structure. N/A. The structure that was demolished in 2021 was not listed as a
			historical structure.
		17.06.090(C)10	 Specific Guidelines. Any alteration to the exterior of a Historic Structure requiring design review approval shall meet the following specific guidelines: The design features of repairs and remodels including the general streetscape, materials, windows, doors, porches, and roofs shall not diminish the integrity of the original structure. New additions should be designed to be recognizable as a product of their own Period of Significance with the following guidelines related to the historical nature of the original structure: The addition should not destroy or obscure important architectural features of the original building and/or the primary façade; Exterior materials that are compatible with the original building materials should be selected; The size and scale of the addition should be compatible with the original building; The visual impact of the addition should be minimized from the street; The mass and scale of the rooftop on the addition should appear subordinate to the rooftop on the original building; The roof form and slope of the roof on the addition should be in character with the original building; The relationship of wall planes to the street and to interior lots should be preserved with new additions.
		Staff Comments	N/A. The structure that was demolished in 2021 was not listed as a historical structure.

17.06.060 Criteria.

- A. The Commission or Hearing Examiner shall determine the following before approval is given:
 - 1. The project does not jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of the public.
 - 2. The project conforms to the applicable specifications outlined in the Design Review Guidelines, as set forth herein, applicable requirements of the Zoning Title, and City Standards.
- B. Conditions. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may impose any condition deemed necessary. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may also condition approval of a project with subsequent review and/or approval by the Administrator or Planning Staff. Conditions which may be attached include, but are not limited to those which will:
 - 1. Ensure compliance with applicable standards and guidelines.
 - 2. Require conformity to approved plans and specifications.
 - 3. Require security for compliance with the terms of the approval.
 - 4. Minimize adverse impact on other development.
 - 5. Control the sequence, timing and duration of development.
 - 6. Assure that development and landscaping are maintained properly.
- Require more restrictive standards than those generally found in the Zoning Title.
 Security. The applicant may, in lieu of actual construction of any required or approved improvement, provide to the City such security as may be acceptable to the City, in a form and in an amount equal to the cost of the engineering or design, materials and installation of the improvements not previously installed by the applicant, plus fifty percent (50%), which security shall fully secure and guarantee completion of the required improvements within a period of one (1) year from the date the security is provided.
 - If any extension of the one-year period is granted by the City, each additional year, or portion of each additional year, shall require an additional twenty percent (20%) to be added to the amount of the original security initially provided. In the event the improvements are not completely installed within one (1) year, or upon the expiration of any approved extension, the City may, but is not obligated, to

apply the security to the completion of the improvements and complete construction of the improvements.

The following Conditions are suggested for approval of this Application:

- a) All applicable Fire Department and Building Department requirements shall be met.
- b) Any change in use or occupancy type from that approved at time of issuance of Building Permit may require additional improvements and/or approvals. Additional parking may also be required upon subsequent change in use, in conformance with Hailey's Municipal Code at the time of the new use.
- c) All City infrastructure requirements shall be met. Detailed plans for all infrastructure to be installed or improved at or adjacent to the site shall be submitted for Department Head approval and shall meet City Standards where required. The following shall be met:

- i. Existing water and sewer services shall be utilized. Inspections by City Staff shall be conducted prior to burial. All connections and infrastructure installation shall comply with City Standards.
- ii. The Applicant shall install a metal collar over the City's meter vault, and the proposed landscaping hedge cannot restrict access to said vault. The Applicant shall further protect the City's meter vault during construction. Per the plans, the proposed material storage is located over the meter vault location. The material storage shall be relocated elsewhere onsite to ensure the protection of the City's meter vault.
- d) The project shall be constructed in accordance with the Application or as modified by the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision.
- e) All new and existing exterior lighting shall comply with the Outdoor Lighting requirements according to 17.08C.
- f) Except as otherwise provided, all the required improvements shall be constructed and completed, or sufficient security provided as approved by the City Attorney, before a Certificate of Occupancy can be issued.
- g) This Design Review approval is for the date the Findings of Fact are signed. The Planning & Zoning Administrator has the authority to approve minor modifications to this project prior to, and for the duration of a valid Building Permit.
- h) Construction staging and storage shall not be within the City Right-of-Way. All construction impacts shall occur within the property boundary.
- i) All utilities shall be located underground, consistent with 17.06.080(A)3h.
- j) Any and all existing trees and mature landscaping, noted to be retained, shall be protected throughout the construction process.
- k) For improvements within the public right-of-way, an Encroachment Permit shall be submitted and approved prior to the landscaping and tree plantings, and irrigation installation.
- I) Prior to street tree plantings, the Hailey Tree Committee shall review and approve the proposed public right-of-way landscaping plan.
- m) All water main lines within the alley that are less than six (6) feet deep, shall be insulated with material (blue board insulation or similar material) for each and every individual water service line and main line between and including the subject property and the nearest public street, as recommended by the City Engineer.
- n) All new fencing proposed shall be approved via a Fence Permit Application. There is an existing sidewalk that runs along the property frontage of 4th Avenue that needs replacement and/or repair. The Applicant shall either pay a sidewalk in-lieu fee or replace the existing sidewalk along the property's frontage. An in-lieu payment or sidewalk replacement shall occur prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Motion Language:

Approval: Motion to approve this Design Review Application by Holly McCloud for the construction of a new 2,389 square foot single family residence to be located at 216 S. 4th Avenue (Lots 19 & 20, Block 104, Hailey Townsite) within the Limited Residential (LR-1) and Townsite Overlay Zoning Districts., finding that the project does not jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of the public and the project

conforms to the applicable specifications outlined in the Design Review Guidelines, applicable requirements of the Zoning Title, and City Standards, provided conditions (a) through (n) are met.

Denial: Motion to deny the Design Review Application by Holly McCloud for the construction of a new 2,389 square foot single family residence to be located at 216 S. 4th Avenue (Lots 19 & 20, Block 104, Hailey Townsite) within the Limited Residential (LR-1) and Townsite Overlay Zoning Districts, finding that ______ [the Commission should cite which standards are not met and provide the reason why each identified standard is not met].

Continuation: Motion to continue the public hearing to _____ [Commission should specify a date].





1:1,000

0.01

0.01 0.03 0.03 mi

DESIGN

HOLLY MCCLOUD

R-3 VB

5,990 SF

2,396 SF 40% D SF / 0% 2,389 SF / 39.9%

216 S 4TH AVENUE, HAILEY, ID 83333

Blaine County GIS

SHEET NDEX

PROJECT INFORMATION OWNER:

PROJECT ADDRESS:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

BUILDING OCCUPANCY BUILDING CONSTRUCTION TYPE

PROPERTY SIZE (MEASURED)

EXISTING TOTAL LOT COVERAGE PROPOSED TOTAL LOT COVERAGE OFF STREET PARKING:

CODE INFORMATION

MAXIMUM TOTAL LOT COVERAGE ALLOWED MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE PERCENT ALLOWED

PR1.0 PR1.1 PR1.2 PR1.3 PR1.4 PR1.5 A2.1 A2.3 A3.0 A3.1

SITE PLAN SURVEY LANDSCAPE RENDERINGS CONSTRUCTION EXTERIOR LIGH FLOOR PLAN

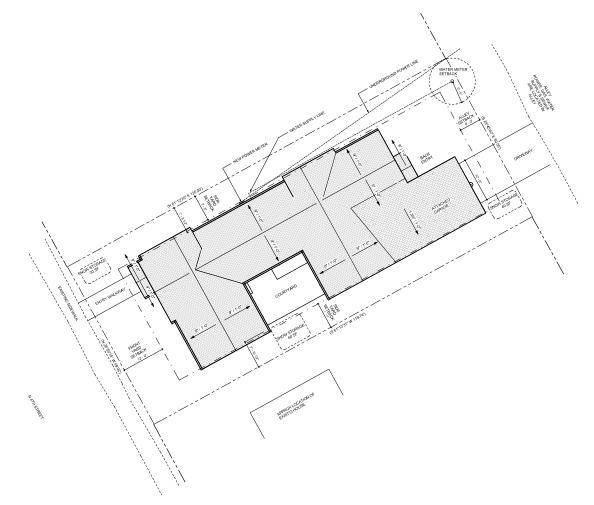
ROOF PLAN BUILDING E BUILDING E

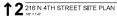
BUILDING INFORMATION NOTES ZONING: UMITED RESIDENTIAL 1 (LR1), TOWNSITE OVERLAY (TO)

APPLICABLE CODES, AS ADOPTED & AMENDED BY THE CITY OF HAILEY:

2018 INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE 2018 INTERNATIONAL BRERKY CONSERVATION CODE, AS AMENDED BY THE STATE OF IDAHO 2014 INTERNATIONAL BRETTER MEMORY 2017 OF HAILEY MUNICIPAL CODE, ITLE 17, ZONING REGULATIONS

PROJECT





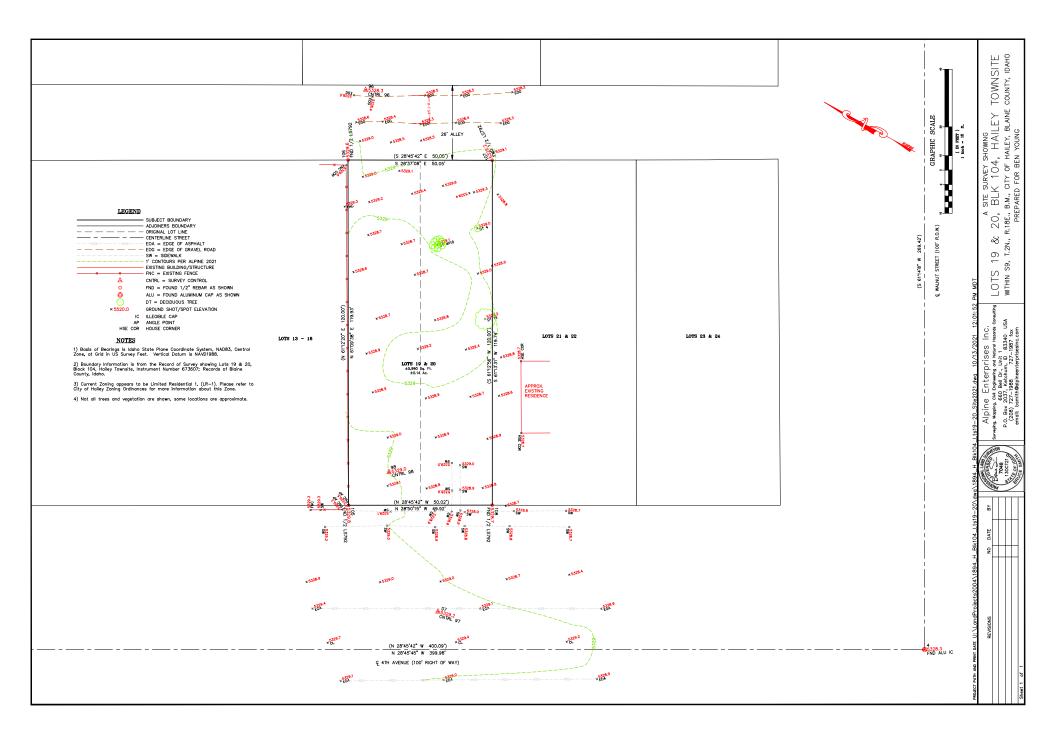
1 VICINITY MAP

3/11/2024, 9:05:39 AM

Parcels

- Roads

SITE PLAN **PR1.0**







NORTH EAST BACK PERSPECTIVE



COURTYARD PERSPECTIVE

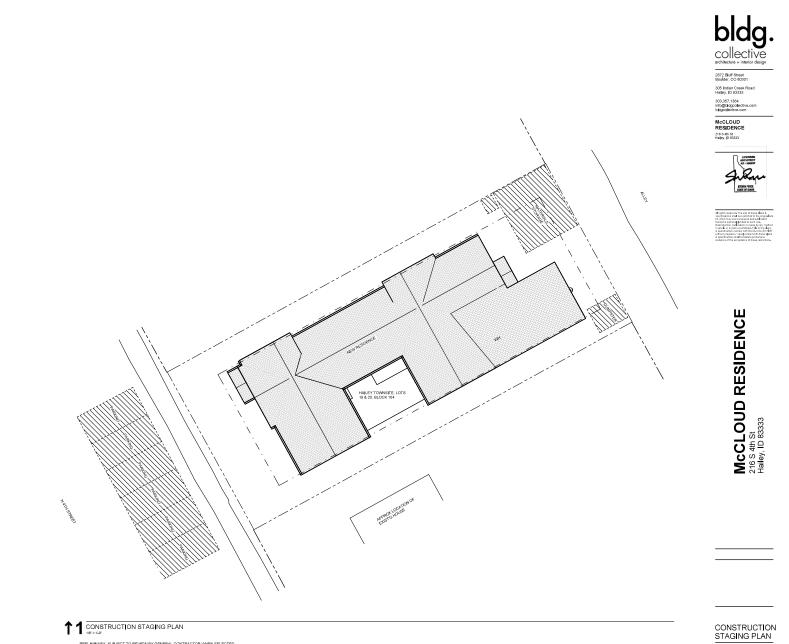




SOUTH WEST FRONT PERSPECTIVE



McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Halley, ID 83333

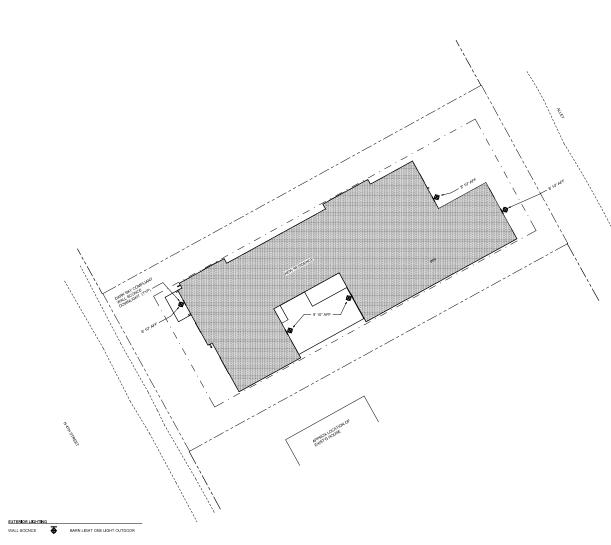


PRELIMINARY, SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY GENERAL CONTRACTOR WHEN SELECTED

PR1.4

EXTERIOR LIGHTING PLAN PR1.5







VISUAL COMFORT & CO. 8837401-71: Extra Large One Light Outdoor Wall La

	1 Body - Aluminum - Antique Bronze
Collection: Barn Light	Safety Listing:
Gooseneck Lights make great accents to any commercial lighting plan	Safety Listed for Wet Locations
or residential garage entry, machine shed, or patio	Instruction Sheets:
To customize your look, a 6" extender is included with every fature.	Trilingual (English, Spanish, and Franch) (%OW8_37401-BRL)
Dark sky compliant	
Available in four sizes and three finishes	
Wet Rated	
10C 4-785652060475	

Extends: 24" Extends Max: 30" Wire: 6.5" (color) Mounting Proc.: 1

Cap Nuts

Dark sky compliant
Available in four sizes and three finishes
Wet Rated
UPC #:785652069475
Finish: Antique Bronze (71)

 Backplate / Canopy Details:

 Type
 Hight / Leight
 Width
 Depth
 Dismeter
 Outer flox Up
 Outer flox Up

 Back Pille
 1.25
 5.0
 5.88
 9.12

Package Type	Product #	Quantity	UPC	Length	Width	Height	Cube	Weight	Frs. Blass	WP6 64-14
Individual	8537401EN3-12	1	785652069475	23.0	18.5	17.25	4.25	67	0	Yes
Master Pack	8837401.71	0	10785652069472							No
NJ Pallet		16		48.0	40.0	75.0	83.33	10'.2		No
NV Pallet		16		48.0	40.0	75.0	83.33	10'2		No

Visual Contract & Commerces the right to review the design of components of any product due to parts wavefulled by or change in salely blang standards where a specific specif

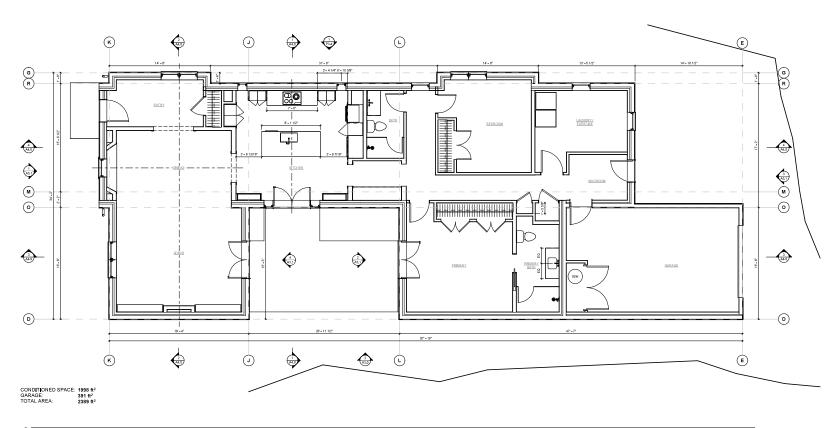
McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Halley, ID 83333



303.357.1364 info@bldgcollective.com bldgcollective.com McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Haley, ID 83333







LEVEL 1

FLOOR PLAN

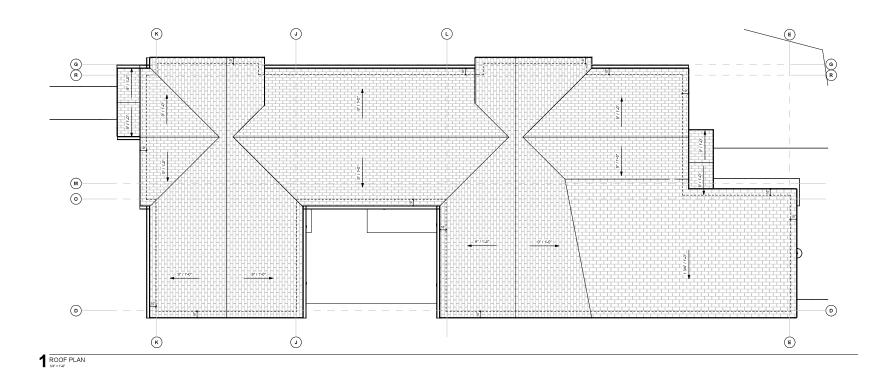
bldg.

2872 Bluff Street Boulder, CO 80301 305 Indian Creek Road Hailey, ID 83333

Halley, ID 83333 303357:1364 info@bidgollective.com bidgcollective.com McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216.5.4th.5t Haley, ID 83333

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> McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Halley, ID 83333



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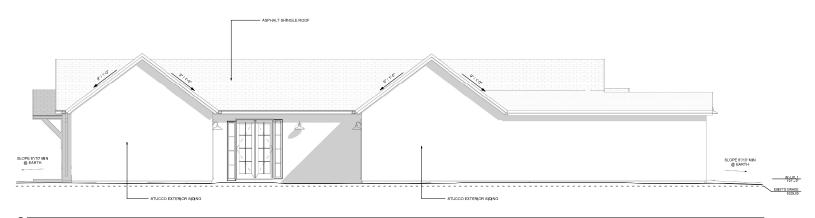
bldg. collective architecture + interior design



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> McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Hailey, ID 83333

ROOF PLAN





30' HEIGHT LIMIT





305 Indian Creek Road Hailey, ID 83333 Halley, ID 83333 303,357,1364 info@bldgcollective, i bidgcollective.com McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216.5.4th St Haley, ID 83333

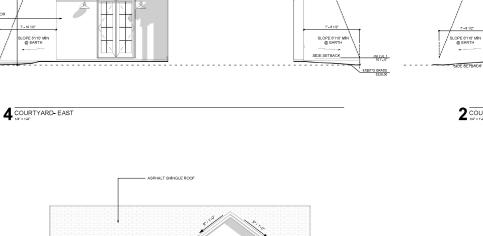


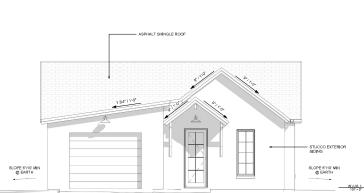
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McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Halley, ID 83333

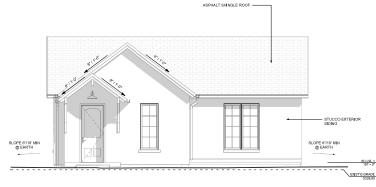
BUILDING ELEVATIONS A3.0





30' HEIGHT LIMIT

ASPHALT SHINGLE ROOF



30' HEIGHT LIMIT

ASPHALT SHINGLE ROOF -

WEST

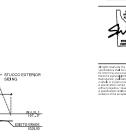
EXISTIG GRADE

7-81

-

SIDE SETBACK

2 COURTYARD-WEST



7-101/2 SLOPE 6'/10' MIN @ EARTH

McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216 S 4th St Halley, ID 83333

BUILDING ELEVATIONS A3.1

STUCCO EXTERIOR

bldg.

2872 Bluff Street Boulder, CO 80301 305 Indian Creek Road Hailey, ID 83333

Halley, ID 83333 303,357,1364 info@bldgcollective, i bidgcollective.com McCLOUD RESIDENCE 216.5.4th St Haley, ID 83333





Return to Agenda



STAFF REPORT Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission Regular Meeting of May 20, 2024

To: From:	Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission Ashley Dyer, Community Development City Planner
Overview:	Consideration of a Joint Flood Hazard Development Permit and Stream Alteration Permit Application for the Heagle Park Stream Restoration project, located at 2N, 16, Lot 2A, Block 1 Stevens Family Ranch. The proposed project is located in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) of FIRM Panel 0664E, dated November 26, 2010.
Hearing:	May 20, 2024

Background: Cory McCaffrey, River Program Director with the Wood River Land Trust, submitted both a Flood Hazard Development Permit and Stream Alteration Permit for the Heagle Park Stream Alteration project, which completes the Floodplain Restoration Project as outlined herein. The proposed project is located in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) of FIRM Panel 0664E, dated November 26, 2010.

The project is located near the Della View neighborhood, which experiences flooding during moderate flood events that typically occur during spring snowmelt conditions. While armored with riprap, the streambank has seen significant erosion since 2016 due to small and large flooding events. This on-going bank erosion threatens a City water pump station that is located approximately 300 feet from the river. As a way to mitigate and/or reduce the impacts of future flooding events, this project has been designed to enhance the habitat, and reduce flooding, and flood risk within the Big Wood River.

Specifically, this Project includes the installation of engineered log jam structures, to stabilize the failing bank and improve riparian habitat along the Big Wood River near Hailey's water pump station. The contracted work will also include floodplain benching, revegetation, and side channel grading to improve flood conveyance and in-stream fish habitat. The work requires the installation of timber piles, as well as procurement of logs, boulders, and other project materials. Additionally, there exists two (2) abandoned pipes (approx. 18-inches in diameter) exposed in the active river channel that will be removed and disposed of as part of this project. Pipes appear to be fiberglass and Corrugated Metal (CMP). The enclosed Basis of Design Report presents the Findings of the site assessment and describes the proposed design plan, as well as the certification of no-rise, or no increase in flood elevation levels in the area. An Engineered No-Rise Elevation Certificate is supporting technical data that stipulates that NO impact or NO changes to the base flood elevations, regulatory floodway elevation, or regulatory floodway widths will occur. Because this project is based upon a "No-Rise" certification and will be lowering the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) along a portion of the Big Wood River, the proposed restoration project is required to submit a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) once the project is complete.

The City of Hailey and Blane County are currently working with FEMA on the Big Wood PMR that will update the floodplain impacts in the area. In discussion with FEMA, the LOMR process is appropriate where the project is lowering the BFE's. Once approved by FEMA, this LOMR would then be incorporated into the new PMR.

The river and floodplain restoration treatments presented in the attached design plans were developed using standard fluvial geomorphic techniques that have been demonstrated to be successful during recent projects and have a high probability of success within this reach of the Big Wood River. Project benefits include:

- Return area to natural elevation and increase floodplain connectivity.
- Bank stabilization using natural materials.
- Protection of the City of Hailey pump station
- Enhance fish and wildlife habitat.
- Increase flood conveyance through the reach.

Application: The Applicant has obtained all required approvals from Blaine County, the Idaho Department of Water Resources, and the US Army Corps of Engineers. The final step in the process is for the review and approval by the Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission prior to the commencement of site preparation and remedial work. As a Condition of Approval, all requirements of the approvals noted above shall be met by the Applicant. Further review and recommendations by City Staff are noted herein.

Title 17: Zoning Regulations, Chapter 17.04: Establishment, Purposes and Uses within Zoning Districts, Article J: Flood Hazard Overlay District (FH)

17.04J.060. Standards for Development in the Special Flood Hazard Area

Substantial Improvement/Damage Determination: The proposed project is a Stream Alteration project and is not subject to substantial improvement/damage regulations.

Has criter been met		Standard	Evaluation
A. Gei	neral S	Standards	
Yes	1	 All new construction, substantial improvements, and development, including manufactured homes and accessory buildings, shall be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, and lateral movement of the structure, all new construction and substantial improvements shall be designed with engineered foundations and all development shall be reasonably safe from flooding. 	The development proposed consists of the installation of engineered log jam structures, to stabilize a failing bank and improve riparian habitat along the Big Wood River near Hailey, Idaho. The work requires the installation of timber piles, as well as procurement of logs, boulders, and other project materials. No construction is proposed, and the topography will remain unaltered once the rock material has been replaced.
N/A	2	 All new construction, substantial improvements, and development shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage in accordance with the Technical Bulletin 2, Flood Damage-Resistant Materials Requirements, and available from the Federal Emergency Management Agency. 	The river and floodplain restoration treatments presented in the attached design plans were developed using standard fluvial geomorphic techniques that have been demonstrated to be successful during recent projects and have a high probability of success within this reach of the Big Wood River. No construction nor utility work is proposed.

Yes	 All new construction, substantial improvements, and development shall be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages. 	The development proposed consists of the installation of engineered log jam structures, to stabilize a failing bank and improve riparian habitat along the Big Wood River near Hailey, Idaho. No construction is proposed, and the topography will remain unaltered once the rock material has been replaced. The applicant has proposed a plan to limit damage to existing riparian vegetation and to reseed and replant as necessary to any disturbed areas.
N/A	 All new and replacement electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment, and other service facilities shall be designed and/or located so as to prevent wate from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding to the flood protection elevation, except as provided for in Sections 17.04J.060.A.7 and 17.04J.060.B.4 Additions/Improvements below. These include, but are not limited to, HVAC equipment, water softener units, bath/kitchen fixtures, ductwork, electric/gas meter panels/boxes, utility/cable boxes, hot water heaters, and electric outlets/switches. 	No utility work is proposed.
N/A	 5. Any proposed water supply and sanitation system shall prevent disease, contamination, and unsanitary conditions as follows: a. All new and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwater into the system. b. All new and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwater into the system. b. All new and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwater into the systems and discharges from the systems into floodwaters. c. On-site waste disposal systems shall be located and constructed to avoid impairment to them or contamination fror them during flooding. 	e
N/A	 6. A fully enclosed area, of new construction and substantially improved structures, which is below the lowest floor shall: a. be constructed entirely of flood resistant materials at least to the flood protection elevation; and b. include, in Zones A, AE, AH, AO, and A1-30 flood openings to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on walls by 	No building construction is proposed.

		ı
	allowing for the entry and exit of	
	floodwaters. To meet this requirement, the	
	openings must either be certified by a	
	professional engineer or architect or meet	
	or exceed the following minimum design	
	criteria:	
	i. A minimum of two flood openings on	
	different sides of each enclosed area	
	subject to flooding;	
	ii. The total net area of all flood openings	
	must be at least one (1) square inch for	
	each square foot of enclosed area	
	subject to flooding or per engineered	
	flood opening requirements;	
	iii. If a building has more than one	
	enclosed area, each enclosed area must	
	have flood openings to allow	
	floodwaters to automatically enter and	
	exit;	
	iv. The bottom of all required flood	
	openings shall be no higher than one	
	(1) foot above the interior or exterior	
	adjacent grade, but only the net area of	
	the flood opening below the base flood	
	elevation may contribute to the	
	required opening size;	
	v. Flood openings may be equipped with	
	screens, louvers, or other coverings or	
	devices, provided they permit the	
	automatic flow of floodwaters in both	
	directions; and	
	vi. Enclosures made of flexible skirting are	
	not considered enclosures for	
	regulatory purposes, and, therefore, do	
	not require flood openings. Masonry or wood underpinning, regardless of	
	structural status, is considered an	
	enclosure and requires flood openings	
	as outlined above.	
N/A	 Nothing in this ordinance shall prevent the 	No building construction is proposed.
	repair, reconstruction, or replacement of a	the summing construction is proposed.
	building or structure existing on the effective	
	date of this ordinance and located totally or	
	partially within the floodway, flood fringe area,	
	or stream setback, provided there is no	
	additional encroachment below the flood	
	protection elevation in the floodway, flood	
	fringe area, or stream setback, and provided	
	that such repair, reconstruction, or replacement	
	meets all of the other requirements of this	
	ordinance.	
	orumanee.	

N/A	8. New solid waste disposal facilities and sites, hazardous waste management facilities, salvage yards, and chemical storage facilities shall not be permitted in the special flood hazard area, except by variance as specified in Section 17.04J.050.E.9. A structure or tank for chemica or fuel storage incidental to an allowed use or to the operation of a water treatment plant or wastewater treatment facility may be located in a special flood hazard area only if the structure or tank is either elevated or floodproofed to at least the flood protection elevation and certified in accordance with the provisions of Section 17.04J.050.C.3, Certification Requirements.	
Yes	 The proposed development shall cause no significant danger to life and property due to increased flood heights or velocities; no materials may be swept onto other lands or downstream to the injury of others and the proposed development shall be reasonably safe from flooding. 	The development proposed will improve the channel conveyance through an existing side channel located along the west valley wall. The project includes the installation of engineered log jam structures, to stabilize a failing bank, improve riparian habitat along the Big Wood River, and provide multi-objective actions to protect the pump station, reduce local flood depths, and enhance fish habitat.
Yes	 The proposed location shall represent the safes location on the subject property for the proposed use. 	t The proposed alteration project encompasses approximately 1,500 lineal feet of the river where the Big Wood River passes through the Della View Subdivision. Currently, the left streambank is armored with riprap, but the rock is failing, and the streambank has been experiencing significant erosion since 2016. The on-going bank erosion threatens a City water pump station that is located approximately 300 feet from the river.
Yes	 Safe access to the property shall be available in times of a base flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles. 	The proposed project maintains safe access to the property by using the existing vehicular access (public right-of-way) along War Eagle Drive.
Yes	12. Inherent natural characteristics of the watercourses shall be preserved.	The natural characteristics of the Big Wood River will be enhanced with this proposed restoration project.
Yes	 Existing riparian vegetation and wildlife habitat along the stream bank and within the required one hundred foot (100') riparian setback shall be preserved. 	The Applicant has proposed a plan to limit damage to existing riparian vegetation and to reseed and replant as necessary to any disturbed areas.

Yes14. New landscaping shall include plantings that are low growing and have dense root systems to stabilize stream banks and to repair any damage previously done to riparian vegetation.The proposed plantings include reseeding with native grasses and installation of "willow brush trenches" consisting of black cottonwood, willow bundle.Yes15. Any chemicals or other toxic materials that could cause contamination of surface waters or groundwater, or that could be injurious to public health, safety, and welfare, shall beThe proposed plantings include reseeding with native grasses and installation of "willow brush trenches" consisting of black cottonwood, willow bundle.	
could cause contamination of surface waters or groundwater, or that could be injurious to public health, safety, and welfare, shall beremoval of two (2) abandoned pip (approx. 18-inches in diameter) th are exposed in the active river	
located at the flood protection elevation and stored in a manner that prevents their release in the event of a flood. As a Condition of Approval, any chemicals or other toxic materials that could cause contamination of surface waters or groundwater, or that could be injurious to public health, safety, and welfare, shall b located at the flood protection elevation and stored in a manner that prevents their release in the event of a flood.	bes hat ed lass f r
N/A16. When a structure is partially located in a special flood hazard area, the entire structure shall meet the requirements for new construction and substantial improvements.The proposed project does not involve any structures.	
N/A 17. When a structure is located in multiple flood hazard zones or in a flood hazard risk zone with multiple base flood elevations, the provisions for the more restrictive flood hazard risk zone and the highest base flood elevation (BFE) shall apply.	
Yes18. Fill is prohibited in the SFHA, including construction of buildings on fill, unless compensatory storage is provided so that the total amount of fill placed on the site does not exceed the amount excavated from the site. Placement of fill necessary to satisfy drainage requirements of the building code shall be allowed if determined necessary by the floodplain administrator. However, any placement of fill must be evaluated by the floodplain administrator to ensure that it does not have adverse impact on neighboring properties. This includes not giving City of Hailey approval when asked by FEMA to review Conditional Letters or Letters of Map Revision (CLOMR-F or LOMR-F) unless they meet the above requirements.The project engineer submitted a No-Rise Certificate for any fill in the SFHA.	ne
B. Specific Standards	

N/A	1. Residential Construction. New construction	and No residential construction is
N/A	 Residential Construction. New construction substantial improvements shall have the to the lowest floor, including basement, elev- no lower than the flood protection elevation defined in Section 17.04J.020, DEFINITION this ordinance. 	op of proposed. vated n, as
N/A	2. Non-Residential Construction. New construand substantial improvements, of commercial, industrial, or other non-reside structure shall have the top of the lowest fincluding basement, elevated no lower that flood protection elevation, as defined in Se 17.04J.020, DEFINITIONS of ordinance. Structures located in Zones A AH, AO, and A1-30 may be floodproofed to flood protection elevation in lieu of elevation provided that all areas of the structure, toge with attendant utility and sanitary facilibelow the flood protection elevation watertight with walls substantially imperment to the passage of water, using struct components having the capability of resis hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effect of buoyancy. For AH and AO Zoness floodproofing elevation shall be in accord with Section 17.04J.060.F.2. A regist professional engineer or architect shall ce that the floodproofing standards of subsection are satisfied. Such certification be provided to the floodplain administration set forth in Section 17.04J.050.C.3, Certification and the inspection and maintenance plan.	any ential loor, n the ction this , AE, o the ation ether ities, are eable tural sting the , the ance erered etered etered ities shall
N/A	 Manufactured Homes. This section applied placement of all new manufactured homes is jurisdiction. a. New and replacement manufactured homes is hall be elevated so that the lowest flot the manufactured home is no lower that flood protection elevation, as defined Section 17.04J.020, DEFINITIONS of ordinance. Manufactured homes shall be sect anchored to an adequately anch foundation to resist flotation, collapse, lateral movement, by a certified engine foundation system. All enclosures or skirting below the lot floor shall meet the requirements of Section 17.04J.060.A.6. 	n the proposed. omes or of n the ed in this urely ored and ered west

	o addition to an existing structure is oposed.
 a. Additions and/or improvements to pre-FIRM structures when the addition and/or improvements in combination with any interior modifications to the existing structure are: not a substantial improvements must be addition and/or improvements must be designed to minimize flood damages and must not be any more non- 	-
 or ii. a substantial improvement - both the existing structure and the addition and/or improvements must comply with the standards for new construction. b. Additions to post-FIRM structures that are a substantial improvement with no modifications to the existing structure other than a standard door in the common wall shall require only the addition to comply with the standards for new construction. c. Additions and/or improvements to post-FIRM structures when the addition and/or improvements to post-FIRM structures when the addition and/or improvements in combination with any interior modifications to the existing structure are: i. not a substantial improvement - the addition and/or improvements only must comply with the standards for new construction. d. Repairs to post-FIRM structures when the repairs in combination with any additions/improvements to the existing structure are: i. not a substantial improvement - both the existing structure and the addition and/or improvements must comply with the standards for new construction. 	

	ii. a substantial improvement - both the	
	repairs to the existing structure and the	
	addition and/or improvements must	
	comply with the standards for new	
	construction.	
	e. Any combination of repair, reconstruction,	
	rehabilitation, addition, or improvement of	
	a building or structure taking place during a	
	one (1) year period, the cumulative cost of	
	which equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%)	
	of the market value of the structure before	
	the improvement or repair is started, must	
	comply with the standards for new	
	construction. For each building or structure,	
	the one (1) year period begins on the date of	
	the first improvement or repair of that	
	building or structure subsequent to the	
	effective date of this ordinance. If the	
	structure has sustained substantial damage,	
	any repairs are considered substantial	
	improvement regardless of the actual repair	
	work performed. The requirement does not,	
	however, include either:	
	i. Any project for improvement of a	
	building required to correct existing	
	health, sanitary, or safety code	
	violations identified by the building	
	official and that are the minimum	
	necessary to assume safe living	
	conditions; or	
	ii. Any alteration of a historic structure	
	provided that the alteration will not	
	preclude the structure's continued	
	designation as a historic structure.	
N/A	5. Recreational Vehicles. Recreational vehicles shall	No recreational vehicles are
	be either:	proposed.
	a. Temporary Placement	
	i. Be on site for fewer than 180	
	consecutive days and be fully licensed	
	and ready for highway use (a	
	recreational vehicle is ready for highway	
	use if it is on its wheels or jacking	
	system, is attached to the site only by	
	quick disconnect type utilities, and has	
	no permanently attached additions); or	
	b. Permanent Placement.	
	i. Recreational vehicles that do not meet	
	the limitations of temporary placement	
	shall meet all the requirements for new	
	construction, as set forth in Section	
	17.04J.060.A, General Standards.	

N/A	6.	Temporary Non-Residential Structures. Prior to	No temporary non-residential
N/A	6.	 Temporary Non-Residential Structures. Prior to the issuance of a floodplain development permit for a temporary structure, the applicant must submit to the floodplain administrator a plan for the removal of such structure(s) in the event of a flash flood or other type of flood warning notification. The following information shall be submitted in writing to the floodplain administrator for review and written approval: a. A specified time period for which the temporary use will be permitted. Time specified may not exceed six (6) months, renewable up to one (1) year; b. The name, address, and phone number of the individual responsible for the removal of the temporary structure; c. The time frame prior to the event at which a structure will be removed (i.e., immediately upon flood warning notification); d. A copy of the contract or other suitable instrument with the entity responsible for physical removal of the structure; and e. Designation, accompanied by documentation, of a location outside the special flood hazard area, to which the 	No temporary non-residential structures are proposed.
		temporary structure will be moved.	
N/A	7.	 Accessory Structures that do not Include Living Space. When such accessory structures (sheds, detached garages, etc.) are to be placed within a special flood hazard area, elevation or floodproofing certifications are required for all accessory structures in accordance with Section 17.04J.050.C.3, Certification Requirements, and the following criteria shall be met: a. Accessory structure shall not be used for human habitation (including working, sleeping, living, cooking, or restroom areas); b. Accessory structure shall be designed to have low flood damage potential; c. Accessory structure shall be constructed and placed on the building site so as to offer the minimum resistance to the flow of floodwaters; d. Accessory structure shall be firmly anchored in accordance with the provisions of Section 17.04J.060.A.1; e. All service facilities, such as electrical, shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of Section 17.04J.060.A.4; and 	No accessory structures are proposed.
		equalization of hydrostatic flood forces shall	

	be provided below flood protection elevation in conformance with the provisions of Section 17.04J.060.A.6.b. If said accessory structure has a footprint less	
	than two hundred (200) square feet and satisfies the criteria outlined in a - f above, it is not required to meet the elevation or floodproofing standards of Section 17.04J.060.B.2, Non- Residential Construction.	
N/A	 Tanks. When gas and liquid storage tanks are to be placed within a special flood hazard area, the following criteria shall be met: Underground tanks in flood hazard areas shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads during conditions of the base flood, including the effects of buoyancy (assuming the tank is empty); Elevated above-ground tanks, in flood hazard areas shall be attached to and elevated to or above the flood protection elevation on a supporting structure that is designed to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement during conditions of the base flood. Tank-supporting structures shall meet the foundation requirements of the applicable flood hazard area; Not elevated above-ground tanks, that do not meet the elevation requirements of Section 17.04J.060.B.2 of this ordinance shall be permitted in flood hazard areas provided the tanks are anchored or otherwise designed and constructed to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads during conditions of the design flood, including the effects of buoyancy assuming the tank is empty and the effects of flood-borne debris. Tank inlets, fill openings, outlets and vents shall be: At or above the flood protection elevation or fitted with covers designed to prevent the inflow of floodwater or outflow of the contents of the tanks during conditions of the base flood; and Anchored to prevent lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions of the base flood. 	

NI / A	Q Construction of Polow Crado Crawlenaco	No crawlenace is proposed
N/A	 9. Construction of Below-Grade Crawlspace. a. The interior grade of a crawlspace must not be more than two (2) feet below the exterior lowest adjacent grade (LAG). b. The height of the below-grade crawlspace, measured from the interior grade of the crawlspace to the top of the crawlspace foundation wall, must not exceed four (4) feet at any point. c. There must be an adequate drainage system that removes floodwaters from the interior area of the crawlspace. The enclosed area should be drained within a reasonable time after a flood event. d. The velocity of floodwaters at the site should not exceed five (5) feet per second for any 	No crawlspace is proposed.
	crawlspace.	
N/A	 10. Other Development in the Flood Fringe. a. Fences in the flood fringe: that have the potential to block the passage of floodwaters, such as stockade fences and tightly spaced wire mesh fences, shall be open below the base flood elevation to allow the free passage of floodwaters. Minimum two-inch (2") mesh shall be allowed below the base flood elevation if necessary to prevent the passage of pets and children. Seasonal removal of fencing mesh is encouraged. Fences are prohibited in the floodway. b. Floodplain development permit applications for fences shall be processed through the fence permit review process and shall be subject only to the fence permit application fee. All provisions of Chapter 17.04J, Flood Hazard Overlay District (FH) shall apply in addition to the provisions of Chapter 17.08, Article A, Fences, Signs. 	No fences are proposed.
N/A	 11. Subdivision plats. Flood zones. All subdivision proposals shall: a. Be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage and determined to be reasonably safe from flooding. b. Have public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems located and constructed to minimize flood damage. 	No subdivision is proposed.
	 c. Have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood hazards. d. Minimize flood damage, to the extent possible, through design criteria, such as requiring building envelopes, minimizing the 	

r		
	size of building envelopes, locating building	
	envelopes in the safest locations, reducing	
	the number and size of encroachments in	
	the floodplain and providing unobstructed	
	passage of floodwaters.	
	e. Include the mapped flood hazard zones from	
	the effective FIRM shown on the preliminary	
	plat.	
	f. Have received all necessary permits from	
	those governmental agencies for which	
	approval is required by Federal or State law,	
	including Section 404 of the Federal Water	
	Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972,	
	33 USC 1334.	
	g. Provide a note on the final plat documenting	
	the current flood zone in which the property	
	or properties are located. The boundary line	
	must be drawn on the plat in situations	
	where two or more flood zones intersect	
	over the property or properties being	
	surveyed.	
	h. Include the following notes on each	
	subdivision plat:	
	FEMA FIRM panel(s): #160xxxxxC, &	
	160xxxxxE, etc.	
	FIRM effective date(s): mm/dd/year	
	Flood Zone(s): Zone X, Zone A, Zone AE, A Zone	
	AO, Zone, AH, Zone D, etc.	
	Base Flood Elevation(s): AE0 ft., etc.	
	Flood Zones are subject to change by FEMA & all	
	land within a floodway or floodplain is regulated	
	by chapter/section of the	
	City/County Code.	
N/A	12. Critical Facilities. Critical Facilities, where	No critical facilities are proposed.
	permitted, shall be constructed at a three-foot	
	(3') flood protection elevation (FPE).	
	y Issued Stream Alteration Permit	
	Stream Alteration Permit shall be issued unless the Cor	nmission finds adequate evidence that
	mandatory requirements have been met:	
Yes	a. The Applicant agrees to obtain and abide by	All necessary permits have been
	all necessary permits from the Army Corps of	applied for from the required State
	Engineers, from the Idaho Department of Water	and Federal Agencies.
	Resources, and compliance with sections 9 and	
	10 of the Endangered Species Act, if applicable.	
Yes	b. The Stream Alteration desired will not	The Applicant submitted an
	involve placing an encroachment, structure, fill,	Engineered No-Rise Certificate
	deposit, obstruction, storage of materials or	supporting the Stream Alteration
	storage of equipment in the floodway unless	project.
	certification by a registered engineer is provided	
	demonstrating that such alteration will not	
	result in any increase in flood levels during	
	occurrence of a 100-year flood.	

Yes	c. The Stream Alteration desired will not materially increase the area of the Floodplain and Floodway Subdistricts.	The proposed Stream Alteration project will not increase the floodplain or the floodway. By improving the side channel and multi-objective restoration actions, the local flood depths will be reduced.
Yes	d. No property of another person will be adversely affected by the proposed stream alteration whether such property is adjacent to, upstream or downstream from the proposed stream alteration.	The proposed project will not have adverse effects on adjoining properties. The primary purpose of this project is to provide restoration actions to protect the pump station, reduce local flood depths, and enhance fish habitat.
Yes	e. The Stream Alteration does not jeopardize the City's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.	All necessary permits have been obtained and all adjoining properties and communities have been notified.
Yes	f. Adjacent communities, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Idaho Department of Water Resources stream channel alteration program must be notified prior to any alteration or relocation of a water source. Evidence of notification must be submitted to the Floodplain Administrator and to the Federal Emergency Management Agency.	All necessary State and Federal agencies have been notified.
Yes	g. The Applicant shall be responsible for providing the necessary maintenance for the altered or relocated portion of the watercourse so that the flood carrying capacity will not be diminished.	The altered or relocated watercourse will have the same or greater capacity as the original watercourse. Additionally, once the alteration is made, the capacity of the altered or relocated watercourse must be maintained over time. The Wood River Land Trust will establish objectives for the long term, recognize that ecosystems are dynamic, and that change is inevitable, and deal with uncertainty by using adaptive approaches to restoration. The Wood River Land Trust will further implement the Restoration Effectiveness Monitoring Program for three (3) years following project completion to ensure long- term success.

17.06.060 Criteria.

- A. The Commission or Hearing Examiner shall determine the following before approval is given:
 - 1. The project does not jeopardize the health, safety, or welfare of the public.
 - 2. The project conforms to the applicable specifications outlined in the Design Review Guidelines, as set forth herein, applicable requirements of the Zoning Title, and City Standards.

- B. Conditions. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may impose any condition deemed necessary. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may also condition approval of a project with subsequent review and/or approval by the Administrator or Planning Staff. Conditions which may be attached include, but are not limited to those which will:
 - 1. Ensure compliance with applicable standards and guidelines.
 - 2. Require conformity to approved plans and specifications.
 - 3. Require security for compliance with the terms of the approval.
 - 4. Minimize adverse impact on other development.
 - 5. Control the sequence, timing, and duration of development.
 - 6. Assure that development and landscaping are maintained properly.
 - 7. Require more restrictive standards than those generally found in the Zoning Title.
- C. Security. The applicant may, in lieu of actual construction of any required or approved improvement, provide to the City such security as may be acceptable to the City, in a form and in an amount equal to the cost of the engineering or design, materials and installation of the improvements not previously installed by the applicant, plus fifty percent (50%), which security shall fully secure and guarantee completion of the required improvements within a period of one (1) year from the date the security is provided.
 - 1. If any extension of the one-year period is granted by the City, each additional year, or portion of each additional year, shall require an additional twenty percent (20%) to be added to the amount of the original security initially provided.
 - 2. In the event the improvements are not completely installed within one (1) year, or upon the expiration of any approved extension, the City may, but is not obligated, to apply the security to the completion of the improvements and complete construction of the improvements.

The following Conditions of Approval are suggested to be placed on approval of this Application:

- 1. All requirements of permits issued by State and Federal Departments; Blaine County, the Idaho Department of Water Resources, and the US Army Corps of Engineers shall be met; including requiring the project to be built to Idaho Department of Water Resources, Army Corps of Engineers, and/or City of Hailey Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings.
- 2. Issuance of all required and necessary Federal and State permits (e.g., 404 permits).
- 3. Any chemicals or other toxic materials that could cause contamination of surface waters or groundwater, or that could be injurious to public health, safety, and welfare, shall be located at the flood protection elevation and stored in a manner that prevents their release in the event of a flood.
- 4. Any altered or relocated portion of said watercourse shall be maintained by the Applicant so that the flood carrying capacity is not diminished.
- 5. The Applicant Shall submit a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) with FEMA once the restoration project is complete.
- 6. The proposed Alteration project timeline for the project is from July 16, 2024, with a projected end date of 21 days, which would be August 6, 2024. Any and all reseeding efforts shall be completed within this timeline.
- 7. Wherever possible, the Applicant shall complete work at times of lowest water.
- 8. Wherever possible, all work shall be completed with appropriate construction equipment.
- 9. A registered engineer shall certify, in writing, that the work has been completed according to the City requirements and stipulations.
- 10. The Applicant shall preserve the existing vegetation, revegetation or placement of fish or wildlife enhancement features as best as possible.

Motion Language:

Approval: Motion to approve the Joint Flood Hazard Development Permit and Stream Alteration Permit Application for the Heagle Park Stream Restoration project, located at 2N, 16, Lot 2A, Block 1, Stevens Family Ranch. The proposed project is located in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) of FIRM Panel 0664E, dated November 26, 2010, finding that the project does not jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of the public and the project conforms to the applicable specifications outlined in Title 17: Flood Hazard Development Review Guidelines, applicable requirements of the Flood Hazard Overlay District (FH), and City Standards, provided conditions (1) through (10) are met.

Denial: Motion to deny the Joint Flood Hazard Development Permit and Stream Alteration Permit Application for the Heagle Park Stream Restoration project, located at 2N, 16, Lot 2A, Block 1 Stevens Family Ranch. The proposed project is located in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) of FIRM Panel 0664E, dated November 26, 2010. finding that _____ [the Commission should cite which standards are not met and provide the reason why each identified standard is not met].

Continuation: Motion to continue the public hearing to _____ [Commission should specify a date].



Flood Hazard Development Permit Application

Project Name:			
Owner Name:	Phone:	Email:	
Street Address of Property:			
Legal Description of Property: Subdivision		Lot(s)	, Block,
Existing building gross sq. ft. (if applicable)	Propose	d addition or new construction sq. ft	
Description of Work:			
Zoning: A B GR LR-1 LR-2 TN		SCI-I SCI-SO RGB NB	

Property Owner Consent:

By signature hereon, the property owner acknowledges that City officials and/or employees may, in the performance of their functions, enter upon the property to inspect, post legal notices, and/or other standard activities in the course of processing this application, pursuant to Idaho Code §67-6507. The property owner is also hereby notified that members of the Planning and Zoning Commission and City Council are required to generally disclose the content of any *ex parte* discussion (outside the hearing) with any person, including the property owner or representative, regarding this application.

Property Owner's Signature:	Date: //
DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPMENT: New Construction Addition or Improvements Accessory Structure or Use Watercourse Alteration Subdivision Remodel Repair	Excavation Fill Grading Fence Other
The proposed development is located in the: Floodway	100-year Floodplain
Base Flood Elevation: feet	Value of Construction:

FOR CITY USE ONLY Fees: Cost of additional noticing, recording fees, and other direct costs will also be assessed.

Substantial Impact	\$ 450.00
Non-Substantial Impact	\$ 100.00
Subdivision	\$ 300.00
Review Assess Document (R.A.D)	\$ 300.00
Publication cost	\$ 50.00
Mailing (# of addresses) x (postage + .15 paper, envelope & label)	\$
Total Due	\$

REQUIRED SUBMITTALS:

- ____Plans drawn to scale showing.
- _____The existing contours with intervals of one foot (1') or less of the elevation of the entire property.
- _____The proposed contours with intervals of one foot (1') or less of the elevation of the entire property, Base Flood Elevation.

_____the location, dimensions, and elevations of the proposed improvements, including buildings, structures, fill, drainage facilities, driveways and streets.

_____If flood-proofing is proposed, Certification by a registered professional engineer that the flood-proofing methods meet the flood hazard reduction provisions of Hailey Zoning Ordinance Section 4.10.

____A description of the extent to which any watercourse would be altered or relocated.

____All required and necessary federal and state permits, including studies and mitigation plans for wetlands (e.g., 404 permits).

_____For work in the Floodway Sub-district, No-Rise Certification from a registered professional engineer that Encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development do not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of a Flood (4.10.8.C.13)

_____FEMA Elevation Certificate completed by a registered Professional Engineer or Land Surveyor for any building construction. City of Hailey Floodplain Foundation Detail, if applicable.

PERMIT REVIEW PROCEDURE:

A Flood Hazard Development Permit shall be obtained before any site alteration, construction or development begins within or upon any area located within the Floodplain Sub-District. All applications for a Flood Hazard Development Permit for a subdivision shall be evaluated and approved or denied by the Commission and Council. All other Flood Hazard Development Permit applications shall be evaluated and approved or denied by the Flood Hazard Development Permit Board. The Board shall consist of the Floodplain Administrator, the City Engineer, and the Building Official.

City of Hailey – Floodplain Subdistrict Use Regulations

Uses in the floodplain subdistrict are limited to the following:

- A. Permitted Uses:
 - 1. Open space and recreational uses, provided the uses do not involve development, and
 - 2. River restoration projects provided a stream alteration permit is issued.
- B. Permit Required: Uses requiring a flood hazard development permit:
 - 1. Any development,
 - 2. Subdivisions, and
 - 3. Accessory structures affixed to the ground, e.g., Tiny Homes on Wheels.
- C. Prohibited Uses:
 - 1. Any use not mentioned herein that is susceptible to flood damage from the base flood or that could potentially cause flood damage from such a flood to other property.
 - 2. RVs and ATVs stored or kept outdoors on any property more than one hundred eight (180) consecutive days; RVs and ATVs or other vehicles must be fully licensed and ready for highway use.
- D. Bulk Requirements: For other supplementary location and bulk regulations, see Chapter 17-07 of this title.
 - 1. Minimum Lot Size: Twenty Thousand (20,000 square feet for buildable lots. No minimum lot size for unbuildable lots. All land laying within the floodway subdistrict shall not be included in determining lot size.
 - 2. Minimum Lot Width: Seventy-five feet (75').
 - 3. Minimum Front Yard Setback: Twenty-five feet (25').
 - 4. Minimum Side and Rear Yard Setback: The setback from the adjacent property line shall be one foot (1') for every two feet (2') of building height for all portions of the building exceeding twenty feet (20') in height; however, no side or rear yard shall be less than ten feet (10').
 - 5. Riparian Setback: Unless otherwise provided for herein, all permanent buildings and structures in the flood hazard overlay district shall have a one hundred foot (100') wide riparian setback from the mean high-water mark of the Big Wood River. Removal of live vegetation or excavation within the riparian setback is prohibited, except for any tree that has been recommended for removal by a certified arborist, in writing, because the tree has been found to potentially endanger the resident(s) of the property on which it is located or any member of the public, or has become hazardous to any street, alley or other public right of way or public utility, or because the removal of a tree would substantially improve the health of other trees on the property. Pruning of trees and planting of riparian trees, shrubs, ground cover within the riparian setback are allowed; provided, however, that all plantings conform to the condition set forth in subsection 17.04J.080 D8 of this article. Where the application of the one-hundred-foot (100') riparian setback and other applicable setbacks will result in a building site of one thousand (1000) square feet; provided, however, the riparian setback shall not be less than fifty feet (50'). (Ord. 1191, 2015)



Board of Directors Chair: Roland Wolfram

Vice Chair: Karen de Saint Phalle

Treasurer: Mark Ullman

Secretary: Barry Bunshoft

Mary Bachman Jim Barnes Kathleen Bean Victor Bernstein Jeff Johnson Trish Klahr Elise Lufkin Nick Miller Bob Ordal David Perkins Jeff Seely Jim Speck Gayle Stevenson David Woodward

Advisory Council

David Anderson Ed Cutter Ranney Draper Jack Kueneman Kathie Levison Sue Orb Rebecca Patton

President Scott Boettger Executive Director Amy Trujillo



119 E. Bullion Street Hailey, Idaho 83333 Phone: 208.788.3947

WoodRiverLandTrust.org Federal ID: 82-0474191 Date: March 25, 2024

Code Compliance Specialist/Floodplain Manager for Blaine County Land Use and Building Services 219 1st Ave. South, Suite 208 Hailey Idaho 83333 <u>pzcounter@co.blaine.id.us</u>.

Subject: Big Wood River, Heagle Park Floodplain Restoration Project, Stream Alteration Permit

Dear Floodplain Manager,

This letter and accompanying materials are provided as the application package for a Stream Alteration Permit to complete the Heagle Park Floodplain Restoration Project.

The Project includes the installation of engineered log jam structures, to stabilize a failing bank and improve riparian habitat along the Big Wood River near Hailey, Idaho. The contracted work will also include floodplain benching, revegetation, and side channel grading to improve flood conveyance and in-stream fish habitat. The work requires the installation of timber piles, as well as procurement of logs, boulders, and other project materials. Additionally, there exists (2) two abandoned pipes (approx. 18-inch diameter) exposed in the active river channel that will be removed and disposed as part of this project. Pipes appear to be fiberglass and Corrugated Metal (CMP). The enclosed Basis of Design Report presents the findings of the site assessment and describes the proposed design plan, as well as the certification of no-rise.

Project benefits include:

- Return area to natural elevation and increase floodplain connectivity
- Bank stabilization using natural materials
- Protection of the City of Hailey pump station
- Enhance fish and wildlife habitat
- Increase flood conveyance through the reach

The river and floodplain restoration treatments presented in the attached design plans were developed using standard fluvial geomorphic techniques that have been demonstrated to be successful during recent projects and have a high probability of success within this reach of the Big Wood River. Please review the materials and let me know if you have any questions about the proposed treatments. Thank you for your time in review of this application for a stream alteration permit.

Sincerely,

C. Mun Em

Cory McCaffrey River Program Director Wood River Land Trust



Land Use & Building Services Stream Alteration Permit Application

219 1st Avenue South, Suite 208 Hailey, ID 83333 (208) 788-5570

			Pe	ermit A	Application N	lumber
r	Property Owner Name	Owner	Mailing Address	Phone		Email Address
Applicant or	Engineer/Agent Name & Company	Engine	eer/Agent Mailing Address	Phone		Email Address
App	Primary Contact Name (if different than owner/agent)			Phone		Email Address
න් .	Physical Address or Vicinity of Project	Legal I Sub)	egal Description (Township, Section, Lot, Block, ub)			
Property &	Name of Adjacent Stream	Name of Adjacent Stream Projected Start Date				
۵ ו	Contractor Name and Company		Contractor Phone Numbe	er	Contract Emai	il (if available)
Owne X	er or Authorized Representative's Signature					Date
The ι to the Blain in wh Coun The ι	NOWLEDGMENTS undersigned certifies that (s)he is the owner or a be best of his/her knowledge, and that (s)he agree e County, Idaho. The applicant agrees in the ev nich the County of Blaine is the prevailing party ty of Blaine. undersigned grants permission to County Person ition(s) of approval attached to the application(s)	ees to com ent of a dis to pay re- nnel to insp	ply with all county codes a spute concerning the interp asonable attorney's fees an pect any property which is t	nd state retation nd costs	e laws, as amene or enforcement s, including fees	ded, regulating properties in of the conditional use permit and costs of appeal for the
	Date Application Filed					//
	Required Fee		\$600.00	Pai	d on	
NIV	Refundable Notice Board Fee:		\$50.00	Pai	d on	
ω	Surrounding Landowner Notices Current Postage + .15¢ ea x		=	Pai	d on	
Interna		Total		Red	ceipt #	
	Note: Additional engineering and consulta consultants and their staff to review various an applicant's public hearing. The applicant	s projects	. These fees are to be pa		• •	

Include the following with your application: (Include as applicable, additional information may be requested for review)						
Application Fee (\$600.00)						
 Refundable Board Fee (\$50.00) Surrounding Landowner Notices (Current postage + .15¢ ea) 	 Plan of sufficient scale (no less than 1" = 500') showing: (1) location of the lot in relation to the stream channel, floodway and floodplain, (2) existing overflow channels, and 	Certification from an Idaho Registered Engineer that as a result of this project the fill proposed to be placed within the FEMA-defined				
A cross section of the area to be altered, if requested by County Engineer, showing the stream channel, floodway limit lines, elevation of land areas adjacent to base flood elevations according to the Flood Insurance Study.	(3) impact and access to, through, and existing condition of riparian areas, including a plan for re- vegetation. Special attention should be made to items 5, 6, 8, 9, and 10 in the Joint COE, IDWR & IDL application.	floodway will not increase the base flood elevation upstream or downstream. (Refer to §9- 17-11D.3 of Blaine County Zoning Ordinance).				
☐ Map showing names of property owners, including private road owners, on both sides of the stream, 300 feet upstream and 1,000 feet downstream from the proposed work site. Names and addresses of these landowners typed on mailing labels.	A statement to address potential beneficial and adverse impacts of the project, including the areas upstream, downstream and across the stream. In addition, the application shall include a written statement by a licensed engineer that the project	Review and address the evaluation standards by which the County will review and decide upon the application. Said standards are contained in Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 17, §9-17-11D.1-6 and are listed below on this form.				
A copy of completed Joint Application for Permit U. S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR), and Idaho Department of Lands (IDL) including color photographs of project area.	will have no adverse impact or that such impacts have been identified and mitigated to the maximum extent feasible.	 Five (5) copies of all application materials. Other 				

Criteria For Evaluation: The applicant shall show that the criteria of Blaine County Code, Title 9, Chapter 17 has been satisfied. The commission or the board shall consider other requirements specified in Chapter 17, as well as the following:

1. The applicant has applied for permits from COE and IDWR. If the watercourse runs through neighboring city, they shall be sent a copy of the application, at the direction of the Administrator, to notify them of possible stream alterations. Copy shall be sent if the project is within one thousand feet (1,000') downstream or one mile upstream.

2. The proposed stream alteration shall have no adverse impact on the property of another person or entity, including the areas upstream, downstream and across the steam. No adverse impact means that the proposed use or activity will not have any deleterious impacts in terms of increased flood peaks, flood stage, flood velocity, erosion and sedimentation, or water quality or those impacts that have been identified and mitigated to the maximum extent feasible.

3. The stream alteration desired will not involve placing an encroachment, structure, fill, deposit, obstruction, storage of materials or equipment in the floodway, all of which are prohibited by subsection 9 17 5B3 of this Chapter, unless certification by a registered engineer is provided and accepted by the County Engineer, demonstrating that encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the 100-year flood discharge and other standards of this Section are met.

4. The stream alteration desired shall not have any adverse impacts or go against the stated purposes of the Floodplain Management District (Section 9-17-2) and the Stream Alteration Permit program (subsection 9-17-11A of this Chapter).

5. The proposed application (use) does not conflict with the local public interest, i.e., the affairs of the people in the area directly affected by the proposed use. This includes, but is not limited to, property values, fish and wildlife habitat, aquatic life, recreation, aesthetic beauty, water quality or an impact upon a locally important factor. The burden of proof always rests with the applicant.

- 6. The following extraordinary circumstances may favor the granting of a stream alteration permit:
 - a. If the river tries to change to a channel outside of the floodway.
 - b. If the viability of the irrigation structure or water delivery system is threatened.
 - c. If a road or bridge which provides access to homes or businesses is threatened.
 - d. If an existing home or building envelope in a platted subdivision is threatened.
 - e. If severe erosion or severe sedimentation of land is threatened.
 - f. If a public facility (sewer plant/school etc.) or other use which would affect the chemical quality of the river is threatened.

US Army Corps of Engineers 720 E. Park Blvd. Suite 245 Boise, Idaho 83712

Aaron Golart Idaho Department of Water Resources 322 East Front Street Boise, Idaho 83720

Subject: Heagle Park Floodplain Restoration Project

Dear Army Corps and IDWR,

The Wood River Land Trust has partnered with the City of Hailey and Flood Control District No. 9 to seek authorization for a floodplain enhancement and bank stabilization project located on the Big Wood River. The project area straddles Hailey City limits and Blaine County.

The Project includes the installation of engineered log jam structures, to stabilize a failing bank and improve riparian habitat along the Big Wood River near Hailey, Idaho. The contracted work will also include floodplain benching, revegetation, and side channel grading to improve flood conveyance and in-stream fish habitat. The work requires the installation of timber piles, as well as procurement of logs, boulders, and other project materials. Additionally, there exists (2) two abandoned pipes (approx. 18-inch diameter) exposed in the active river channel that will be removed and disposed as part of this project. Pipes appear to be fiberglass and Corrugated Metal (CMP). The enclosed design drawings depict the treatment specifics and quantities.

No fill material would be placed within the Ordinary High Water Mark of the Big Wood River for this project. Project activities would not result in any permanent wetland impacts. Construction is scheduled for late summer or fall of 2024.

Please review the enclosed materials, which include the permit application, basis of design report, and design plans. Please let me know if you have questions regarding the proposed activities.

Sincerely,

C. Mun Hm

Cory McCaffrey cory@woodriverlandtrust.org

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS

Authorities: The Department of Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR), and Idaho Department of Lands (IDL) established a joint process for activities impacting jurisdictional waterways that require review and/or approval of both the Corps and State of Idaho. Department of Army permits are required by Section 10 of the Rivers & Harbors Act of 1899 for any structure(s) or work in or affecting navigable waters of the United States and by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act for the discharge of dredged or fill materials into waters of the United States, including adjacent wetlands. State permits are required under the State of Idaho, Stream Protection Act (Title 42, Chapter 38, Idaho Code and Lake Protection Act (Section 58, Chapter 13 et seq., Idaho Code). In addition the information will be used to determine compliance with Section 401 of the Clean Water Act by the appropriate State, Tribal or Federal entity.

Joint Application: Information provided on this application will be used in evaluating the proposed activities. Disclosure of requested information is voluhtary. Failure to supply the requested information may delay processing and issuance of the appropriate permit or authorization. Applicant will need to send a completed application, along with one (1) set of legible, black and white (8½"x11"), reproducible drawings that illustrate the location and character of the proposed project / activities to both the Corps and the State of Idaho.

See Instruction Guide for assistance with Application. Accurate submission of requested information can prevent delays in reviewing and permitting your application. Drawings including vicinity maps, plan-view and section-view drawings must be submitted on 8-1/2 x 11 papers.

Do not start work until you have received all required permits from both the Corps and the State of Idaho

			FOR AGE	NCY USE ON	LY					
USACE NWW-	Date Re	ceived:			mplete App	lication Returned	Date Re	eturned:		
Idaho Department of Water Resources No.	Date Re	ceived:			Fee Received Rece DATE:		Receipt	Receipt No.:		
Idaho Department of Lands No.	Date Re	ceived:		DATE: Receipt No.:					•	
		INCOMP	LETE APPLICAN	TS MAY NO	BE PRO	CESSED				
1. CONTACT INFORMATION - APPLIC	ANT Requi	red:		2. CONT	ACT INFO	RMATION - AGENT	: ()			
Name: Dean Hovencamp				Name: Greg Woloveke						
Company: Flood Control District Number 9				Company Environ		ience Associates				
Mailing Address: PO Box 3181			Mailing A 2801 Al		y Suite 200					
		State: Idaho	Zip Code: 83333	City: Seattle				State: WA	Zip Code: 9121	
Phone Number (include area code): 504-908-5656	E-mail: bwflood	19@gmail.	com	Phone N 541 840	umber (includ 0807	le area code).	E-mail: gwolov	E-mail: gwoloveke@esassoc.com		
	ark Floodpla	ain Restorat	tion Project	4. PRO	ECT STRE	ET ADDRESS:				
5. PROJECT COUNTY: Blaine	6. PROJE		iley	7. PROJECT ZIP CODE: 8. 83333		8. NEAR	8. NEAREST WATERWAY/WATERBODY: Big Wood River			
9. TAX PARCEL ID#: RP00541001002A	10. LATIT	UDE: BITUDE:	43.50607 -114.31251	11a. 1/4: SW	11b. 1/4: NE	11c. SECTION: 16	11d. TOV	VNSHIP: 2N	11e. RANGE: 18E	
12a. ESTIMATED START DATE: Jul 15, 2024	12b. ES	TIMATED EN Aug	ND DATE: 9, 2024	13a. IS PROJECT LOCATED WITHIN ESTABLISHED TRIBAL RESERVATION BOUNDARIES?						
13b. IS PROJECT LOCATED IN LISTED ESA	AREA?	X NO	YES	13c. IS PROJECT LOCATED ON/NEAR HISTORICAL SITE? X NO YES					O YES	
14. DIRECTIONS TO PROJECT SITE: Travel south from Hailey approxima to the south of Cedar Street. The pro	tely 0.5 mi	les on HW	Y 75, then turn i	right (west) o	nto Cedar		roximately	0.5 miles	and Heagle Park is	
15. PURPOSE and NEED: Comme Describe the reason or purpose of your p			the second s		Continue to	Block 16 to detail ea	ach work ac	tivity and o	verall project.	
A floodplain berm between the Big V not be compromised. After a 100-yr to improve floodplain connectivity, f	flood even	t, bank arn	nor has failed and	he exposed	bank is no	w eroding and dete	arge rocks eriorating a	so that in innually. T	frastructure would The project intent is	

16. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EACH ACTIVITY WITHIN OVERALL PROJECT. Specifically indicate portions that take place within waters of the United States, including wetlands: Include dimensions; equipment, construction, methods; erosion, sediment and turbidity controls; hydrological changes: general stream/surface water flows, estimated winter/summer flows; borrow sources, disposal locations etc.:

- 1. 375 lineal feet of rock (riprap) will be removed and salvaged (300 CY) from an eroding streambank using an excavator. Stream banks will be laid back to improve stability and rock will be reinstalled with large wood to prevent further erosion and improve habitat. New riprap will be imported to supplement required rock. Work occurs both upland and within OHW, which will required local isolation to prevent turbidity and exclude fish. 210 CY of rock excavation is estimated in OHW. Salvaged rock will be stockpiled on-site for placement with new riprap. 115 CY of rock will be installed in OHW.
- 2. Floodplain benching (excavation) will improve floodplain activation, removing between 3- to 4-feet of material (~2,000 cubic yards). Work occurs with an excavator. Dump trucks or morookas will be needed to haul and dispose off-site. This is a temporary impact and will be outside water of the state.
- 3. Four (4) types of large wood structures are proposed in the design, each anchored by timber piles or buried into the stream bank or ballasted with rock. A total of 39 key pieces of large wood (rootwads) in addition to smaller racking logs and woody slash will be installed. This work will be done with an excavator using a pile driving attachment. Only vibratory pile driving shall be allowed. This work occurs within OHW and work areas will be isolated first. One temporary river crossing is necessary for access. Boulders may attached to chain and used as anchors if pile driving refusal is encountered.
- 4. Brush trenches are proposed along the toe and regraded slope of the floodplain bench (300 LF). Containerized black cottonwoods will be planted within the new bench surface along with native grass seed. Dormant hardwood cuttings will planted to facilitate native species re-vegetation.
- 5. A side channel inlet located at the toe of the west valley wall will be cleared of wood and excavated to improve conveyance (300 LF). Approximately 250 cubic yards of earthwork is estimated to be removed from the inlet, requiring one temporary river crossing. Work is within OHW.
- 6. Abandoned utility pipe is exposed in the river and will be removed. Approximately 170 LF of pipe is estimated for removal and disposal off-site. Work occurs within OHW and will require an excavator. Pipe ends will be cut, capped, and buried in the streambank outside OHW. The work would be done while temporary turbidity control and in place for bank excavation. This is a temporary impact.

17. DESCRIBE ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED to AVOID or MEASURES TAKEN to MINIMIZE and/ or COMPENSATE for IMPACTS to WATERS of the UNITED STATES, INCLUDING WETLANDS: See Instruction Guide for specific details.

The proposed project provides a dual benefit to protect critical infrastructure while improving riverine and floodplain habitat conditions. A no action alternative was considered but did not provide opportunity for enhancing fluvial or floodplain conditions due to historical channel impairment, and hence was dismissed.

The purpose of this action is to encourage conveyance through the side channel and reduce likelihood of future blockage. This work occurs within OHW.

18. PROPOSED MITIGATION STATEMENT or PLAN: If you believe a mitigation plan is not needed, provide a statement and your reasoning why a mitigation plan is NOT required. Or, attach a copy of your proposed mitigation plan.

The need for mitigation is not necessary, as the project will result in net benefits to the river system by improving floodplain and flood channel connectivity, and by holistically improving riverine and floodplain habitat conditions.

19. TYPE and QUANTITY of MATERIAL mark and/or wetlands:	S) to be discharged below the ordinary high water	20. TYPE and QUANTITY of impa-	cts to waters of the L	United States, including wetlands:
Dirt or Top	soil:0 cubic yards	Filling:	0.02 acres	
Dredged Mate	rial:0 cubic yards	Backfill & Bedding:	0 acres	0 sq.ft0 cubic yards
Clean S	and:0 cubic yards	Land Clearing:	0.23 acres	10,000 sq ft0 cubic yards
: (lay:0 cubic yards	Dredging:	0 acres	0 sq ft0 cubic yards
Gravel, Rock, or St	one: 0 cubic yards	Flooding:	0 acres	0 sq ft0 cubic yards
Conc	ete:0 cubic yards	Excavation:	0.11 acres	4,875 sq ft460 cubic yards
Other (describe):	cubic yards	Draining:	0 acres	0 sq ft. 0 cubic yards
Other (describe:	cubic yards	Other: Wood (Fill)	0.18 acres	7,800 sq ft. <u>125</u> cubic yards
TOTAL:	0 cubic yards	TOTALS: 0.54	acres 23,675	sq ft. <u>700</u> cubic yards

	CTIVITIES STARTED ON THIS PROJECT?	NO YES I	f yes, describe ALL work that has occurred including dates.	
22. LIST ALL PREVIOUS	SLY ISSUED PERMIT AUTHORIZATIONS:			
None				
23. YES, Alteration	s) are located on Public Trust Lands, Administered I	by Idaho Department of Lan	ds	
24. SIZE AND FLOW CA	PACITY OF BRIDGE/CULVERT and DRAINAGE A	REA SERVED: N/A	Square Miles	
			the floodplain administrator in the local government jsrisdiction in wh	ich the project is
located. A Floodplain Dev	elopment permit and a No-rise Certification may be	required.		
property, must obtain a Se See Instruction Guide for I	ection 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) from the <i>urther clarification and all contact information</i> . s requested by IDEQ and/or EPA concerning the pro-	e appropriate water quality c		er on private or put
NO X YES IS	applicant willing to assume that the affected waterb oes applicant have water quality data relevant to del the applicant willing to collect the data needed to de	ody is high quality? termining whether the affecte	ed waterbody is high quality or not?	
26b. BEST MANAGEMEN of water quality. All feasib	IT PRACTICTES (BMP's): List the Best Manageme le alternatives should be considered - treatment or of	nt Practices and describe the otherwise. Select an alternative	ese practices that you will use to minimize impacts on water quality a tive which will minimize degrading water quality	and anti-degradatio
This is a restoration pro environment:	ject whose primary purpose is to restore aquati	e habitat. Numerous meth	ods will be employed to avoid and minimize temporary impac	ets to the aquatic
Timing Construction in	nnacts to Big Wood River will be minimized b	v working during summa	low flow. Work within the active channel will be completed	during the
approved in-water work	window (July 16 – March 14) to avoid or min	imize potential impacts to	federally listed species project area.	during the
Isolation. Construction	of these log jams will include work isolation as	needed and minimize co	npaction within the channel. The side channel will be isolated	from any areas
that have water during o	construction. Fish exclusion and work area isola	ation will minimize adver-	se impacts to the existing aquatic environment. The contractor	may choose to
			sheet pile, bladders, super sacks, eco-blocks, or other synthet	
Excavation limits. Insta materials, and will not (llation of ELJs will be accomplished using the lrag or pull material along the river bed. All equ	least amount of excavatio	n required. A tracked excavator will be used to excavate and pupland	dates a second second
		apinene uni de storeu in	apland	face construction
				nace construction
				face construction
Through the 401 Certificati	on process, water quality certification will stipulate n	ninimum management practi	ces needed to prevent degradation.	liace construction
	ion process, water quality certification will stipulate n o stream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A			siace construction
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization	o stream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent	Description of Impact	Impact Length
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install	b stream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures	Impact Length Linear Feet
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation	Distream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River Big Wood River Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance	Impact Length Linear Feet 375
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation	b stream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation rush Trenches	b stream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River Big Wood River Big Wood River Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance Install brush trenches on floodplain channel margins TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet):	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465 300
27. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation rush Trenches	Distream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River Big Wood River Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance Install brush trenches on floodplain channel margins TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet):	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465 300 300
27. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation rush Trenches	b stream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: A Name of Water Body Big Wood River Big Wood River Big Wood River Big Wood River	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance Install brush trenches on floodplain channel margins TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet):	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465 300 300
27. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation rush Trenches 8. LIST EACH WETLAND	Implementation Implementation Implementation Implementa	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial on, flood, drainage, etc. Atta Distance to Water Body	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance Install brush trenches on floodplain channel margins TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet): ch site map with each impact location. Description of Impact	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465 300 300 1,440 Impact Length (acres, square f
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation rush Trenches 8. LIST EACH WETLAND Activity	Implementation Implementation Implementation Implementa	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial on, flood, drainage, etc. Atta Distance to Water Body	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance Install brush trenches on floodplain channel margins TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet): ch site map with each impact location. Description of Impact	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465 300 300 1,440 Impact Length (acres, square f
7. LIST EACH IMPACT to Activity ank Stabilization arge Wood Install ide Channel Excavation rush Trenches 8. LIST EACH WETLAND Activity	Implementation Implementation Implementation Implementa	Attach site map with each im Intermittent Perennial Perennial Perennial Perennial on, flood, drainage, etc. Atta Distance to Water Body	pact location. Description of Impact and Dimensions Excavate and remove historic bank armoring Install 4 Types of Engineered Log Jam Structures Excavate ephemeral side channel to increase flood conveyance Install brush trenches on floodplain channel margins TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet): ch site map with each impact location. Description of Impact	Impact Length Linear Feet 375 465 300 300 1,440 Impact Length (acres, square

29. ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS NOT	TIFICATION R	EQUIREM: I	Provide contact inform	nation of ALL adjacent property owners below.			
Name: City of Hailey				Name: Wood River Land Trust			
Mailing Address: 115 Main Street South, Suite H				Mailing Address: 119 E. Bullion Street			
City: Hailey		State: ID	Zip Code: 83333	City: Hailey		State: ID	Zip Code: 83333
Phone Number (include area code): 208-788-4221	E-mail:			Phone Number (include area code): 208-788-3947	E-mail:		
Name:				Name:			
Mailing Address:				Mailing Address:			
City:		State:	Zip Code:	City:		State:	Zip Code:
Phone Number (include area code).	E-mail:			Phone Number (include area code):	E-mail:		
Name:				Name:			
Mailing Address:				Mailing Address:			
City:		State:	Zip Code:	City:		State:	Zip Code:
Phone Number (include area code):	E-mail:			Phone Number (include area code):	E-mail:		
Name:				Name:			
Mailing Address:				Mailing Address:			
City:		State:	Zip Code:	City:		State:	Zip Code:
Phone Number (include area code)!	E-mail:			Phone Number (include area code):	E-mail:		
			Acres 10. 10. 1				

30. SIGNATURES: STATEMENT OF AUTHORIAZATION / CERTIFICATION OF AGENT / ACCESS

Application is hereby made for permit, or permits, to authorize the work described in this application and all supporting documentation. I certify that the information in this application is complete and accurate. I further certify that I possess the authority to undertake the work described herein; or am acting as the duly authorized agent of the applicant (Block 2). I hereby grant the agencies to which this application is made, the right to access/come upon the above-described location(s) to inspect the proposed and completed work/activities.

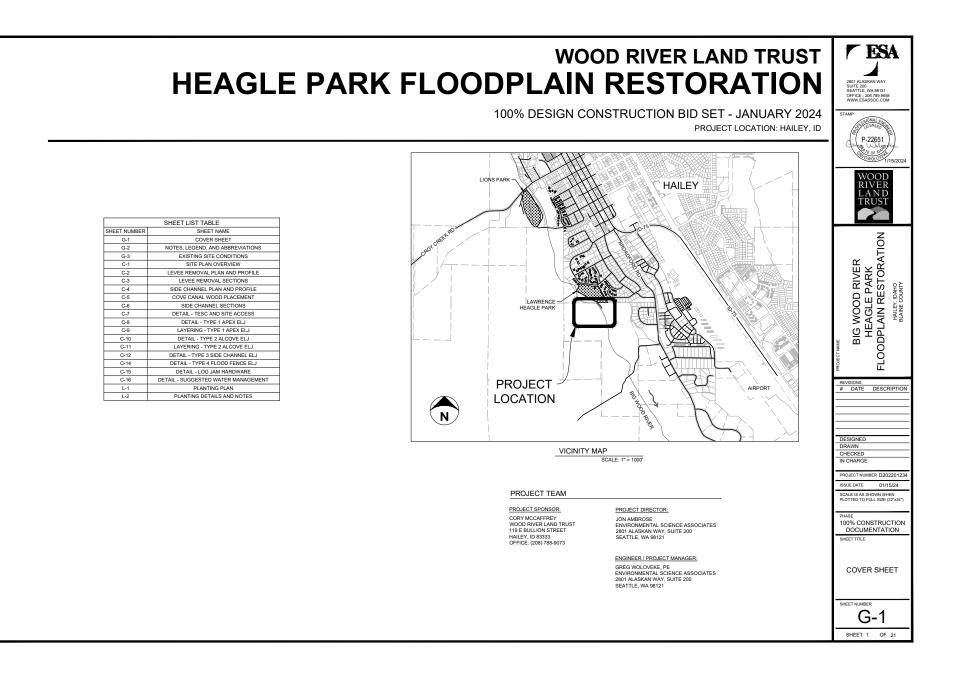
6 Cauran Signature of Applicant:

Date:

Signature of Agent: gregory woloveke

Date: 12/11/2023

This application must be signed by the person who desires to undertake the proposed activity AND signed by a duly authorized agent (see Block 1, 2, 30). Further, 18 USC Section 1001 provides that: "Whoever, in any manner within the jurisdiction of any department of the United States knowingly and willfully falsifies, conceals, or covers up any trick, scheme, or disguises a material fact or makes any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or representations or makes or uses any false writing or document knowing same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or entry, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years or both".



GENERAL NOTES:

- THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WOOD RIVER LAND TRUST (WRLT) AND THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS "SPONSOR" OR "CONTRACT REPRESENTATIVE". THE "CONTRACTOR", OR THEIR SUBCONTRACTOR, IS THE PARTY SELECTED TO CONSTRUCT THE PROJECT.
- 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATES (ESA), HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS "ENGINEER" IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THESE ORIGINAL PLANS AND ASSOCIATED SPECIFICATIONS, AND WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR. OR LIABLE FOR, UNAUTHORIZED CHANGE, OR USE, OF THESE PLANS WHICH INCLUDES ALTERATION, DELETION, OR EDITING OF THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT EXPLICIT WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE ENGINEER, ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED USE OF THIS DOCUMENT IS REPORTISITE.
- 3. MINOR MODIFICATIONS ARE EXPECTED TO SUIT JOB SITE DIMENSIONS OR CONDITIONS SUCH MODIFICATIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED AS PART OF THE WORK THE OWNER ENGINEER, AND APPROPRIATE REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF ANY OWNER-AUTHORIZED CHANGE RESULTING IN MORE THAN A 10% DESIGN CHANGE OF PROPOSED FOOTPRINT OR THAT SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECTS THE INTENDED BENEFIT OR FUNCTION OF A PROJECT ELIMENT.
- THE LOCATION OF ALL FEATURES SHOWN IS APPROXIMATE. FINAL LOCATIONS SHALL BE FLAGGED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND APPROVED BY THE SPONSOR OR ENGINEER PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES TO ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY, AND FURTHER AGREES THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUS! VADINOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OUTLINED BY THE PROJECT CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS.
- 6. ALL MIPROVEMENTS SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED UNDER THE APPROVAL INSPECTION, AND TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER, IMPROVEMENT CONSTRUCTION SHALL COMPLY WITH THESE PLANS AND THE CONTRACT PROVISIONS. ALL REFERENCES TO THE "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS" SHALL MEAN THE IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (IDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTIONS" CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION. CURRENT EDITION. CONSTRUCTION OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS THELE CONFORMATION THE DUREMENTION OF THE STANDARD SECTIONS OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS HOT DISCUSSED IN THE GENERAL NOTES. THE CONTRACT SPECIAL PROVISIONS SHALL SUPERSEDE THOSE OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS WHERE DISCREPANCIES COCUR.
- 7. ITIS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR(S) TO EXAMINE THE PROJECT SITE PRIOR TO THE OPENING OF BID PROPOSALS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED, SUCH AS THE NATURE AND LOCATION OF THE WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED, SUCH AS THE NATURE AND LOCATION OF THE WORK IS TO RE PERFORMED, SUCH AS THE NATURE AND LOCATION OF THE WORK IS TO RE PERFORMED, SUCH AS THE NATURE AND LOCATION OF THE WORK IS THE GRAIN AND LOCAL. CONDITIONS, PARTICULARLY THOSE AFFECTING THE AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION, THE DISPOSAL HANDLING, AND STORAGE OF MATERIALS, AVAILABILITY OF LABOR, WATER, ELECTRICITY, ROADS, THE UNCERTAINTIES OF WEATHER, THE CONDITIONS OF THE GROUND, SUFRACE AND SUBSURFACE MATERIALS, GROUNDWATER, THE COUPMENT AND FACILITES NEEDED FOR AND DURING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK, AND THE COSTS THEREOF. ANY FALURE BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR(S) TO ACQUAINT THEMSELVES WITH ALL THE AVAILABLE. INFORMATION WILL NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR WITH ALL THE DIFFICULTY AND COST OS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMING THE WORK YEATING THE DIFFICULTY AND COST OS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMING THE WORK INTERVORT.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REVIEWING AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND FOR ALL SUBMITTALS REQUIRED TO THE OWNER FOR REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE.

PERMIT NOTES:

- EVERY REASONABLE EFFORT SHALL BE MADE TO CONDUCT THE ACTIVITIES SHOWN IN THESE PLANS, IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES THE ADVERSE IMPACT ON WATER QUALITY, FISH AND WILDLIFE, AND THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT.
- ALL WORK SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH PERMIT CONDITIONS ISSUED BY PERTINENT REGULTORY AGENCIES IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO HAVE COPIES OF ALL PERMITS ON THE JOB SITE, UNDERSTAND AND COMPLY WITH ALL PERMIT CONDITIONS.
- 3. ALL WORK THAT DISTURBS THE SUBSTRATE. BANK, OR SHORE OF A WATERS OF THE STATE THAT CONTAINS FISH LIFE SHALL BE CONDUCTED ONLY DURING THE WORK PENDO FOR THAT WATERODY AS ALLOWED BY RELEVANT HYDRALLIDE WORK PERMITS. THOSE PORTIONS OF THE PROJECT WORK THAT OCCUR OUTSIDE OR ABOVE THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER WARK (ABOVE THE USAGE JURISDICTIONAL LINE) ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE WORK PERIODS DESCRIBED ABOVE UNLESS SPECIFIED IN THE RELEVANT PERMITS.
- 4. ALL ACTIVITIES THAT INVOLVE WORK ADJACENT TO, OR WITHIN THE WETTED CHANNEL SHALL AT ALL TIMES BREMAIN CONSISTENT WITH ALL APPLICABLE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THE CLEAN WATER ACT OR PURSUANT TO APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL LAW.
- IF AT ANY TIME, AS A RESULT OF PROJECT ACTIVITIES. FISH ARE OBSERVED IN DISTRESS, A FISH KILL OCCURS, OR WATER QUALITY PROBLEMS DEVELOP (INCLUDING EQUIPMENT LEAKS OR SPILLS), OPERATIONS SHALL CEASE AND THE OWNER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY.

SURVEY NOTES:

- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON THE PLANS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL EXISTING SURVEY MONUMENTS AND OTHER SURVEY MARKERS DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A SET OF PLANS ON THE JOB SHOWING 'AS-CONSTRUCTED' CHANGES MADE TO DATE. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPPLY TO OWNER A SET OF PLANS, MARKED UP TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER, REFLECTING THE AS-CONSTRUCTED MODIFICATIONS.
- LELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS FOR TOE OF SLOPE, TOPS OF BANKS, THALWEG, GRADE CONTRACTOR, STC. ARE BASED LPON THE TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL NECESSARY SUFFACE ELEVATIONS IN THE FIELD AND NOTEY THE OWNER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES, WHICH MIGHT AFFECT PROPER ORIENTATION OF THE NEW FACILITIES BEFORE BREAKING GROUND AND PRIOR ELEVATIONS ARE INCOMENT OF THE MENT PACILITIES BEFORE BREAKING GROUND AND PRIOR BLEATIONS ARE INCOMENT OF THE MENT PACILITIES BEFORE PROPERED CONTRACTOR TO THE MENT AND BEFORE ELEVATIONS ARE INCOMENT OF THE MENT FACILITIES, AS SET FORTH IN THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

TESC NOTES:

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE. AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTERNACE AND PERFORMANCE OF THE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- A SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE DEVELOPED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL BY OWNER AND/OR THE ENGINEER BEFORE ANY CONSTRUCTION MAY BEGIN. THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WILL IDENTIFY BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO ENSURE THAT THE TRANSPORT OF SEDIMENT TO SURFACE WATERS, DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, AND ADJACENT PROPERTIES IS MINIMIZED.
- ACTIVITES SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO AVOID AND MINIMIZE ADVERSE IMPACTS TO STATE ANO FEDERAL WATERS TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICAL THROUGH THE USE OF PRACTICAL ALTERNATIVES. ALTERNATIVES THAT SHALL BE CONSIDERED INCLUDE THOSE THAT MINIMIZE THE NUMBER AND EXTENT OF IN-WATER WORK AND EQUIPMENT CROSSINGS OF WETTED CHANNELS.
- 4. AT NO TIME SHALL SEDIMENT-LADEN WATER BE DISCHARGED OR PUMPED DIRECTLY INTO THE SUBJECT RIVER, STREAM, OR WETLAND WATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN THE PROJECT PERMITS AND/OR SPECIFICATIONS.
- IF HIGH WATER LEVEL CONDITIONS THAT CAUSE SILTATION OR EROSION ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, WORK SHALL STOP UNTIL THE WATER LEVEL SUBSIDES.
- 6. PERMIT CONDITIONS CONTAIN SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CONTROL OF EROSION AND TURBIDITY FROM PROJECT OPERATIONS TURBIDITY WILL BE MONITORED ON A FREQUENT BASIS BY THE PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND INSPECTION STAFF ON-SITE. TURBIDITY AMOUNTS IN EXCESS OF THE PERMITTED CONCENTRATIONS AND/OR DURATIONS WILL CAUSE WORK TO BE STOPPED UNTIL IMPROVED PRACTICES ARE IN EFFECT AND THE PROJECT DELAYS THAT OCCUR BY NATURE OF THIS FAILURE TO ADDUBLE CONTRACTORS THE.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT MACHINERY MOVEMENT TO CONSTRUCTION AREAS DEFINED ON SITE PLAN OR IDENTIFIED AS ACCEPTABLE BY THE ENGINEER OR OWNER.
- ALL EXTERNAL GREASE AND OIL SHALL BE PRESSURE-WASHED OFF EQUIPMENT PRIOR TO MOBILIZATION TO THE SITE.
- 9. ALL EQUIPMENT OPERATING BELOW OHWM SHALL UTILIZE READILY BIODEGRADABLE VEGETABLE-BASED HYDRAULIC FLUIDS PER THE CONTRACT PROVISIONS.
- 10. HDR CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO ENSURE THAT NO PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, HYDRAULC FULID, SEDMENTS, SEDMENT-LADEN WATER, CHEMICALS, OR ANY OTHER TOXIC OR DELETERIOUS MATERIALS ARE ALLOWED TO ENTER OR LEACH INTO THE SUBJECT RIVER, STREAM, OR WETLAD.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE AN EMERGENCY SPILL KIT ONSITE AT ALL TIMES
- 12. NO TREES OR WETLAND VEGETATION SHALL BE REMOVED UNLESS THEY ARE SHOWN AND NOTED TO BE REMOVED ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTLY SPECIFIED ON-SITE BY THE CONTRACTING OFFICIER. ALL TREES CONCLICTING WITH GRADING SHALL BE REMOVED NO GRADING SHALL TAKE PLACE WITHIN THE DRIP LINE OF TREES NOT TO BE REMOVED UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED.
- 13. FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION, SITE RESTORATION WILL INCLUDE SEEDING TO ESTABLISH LONG-TERM EROSION PROTECTION MEASURES. EQUIPMENT AND EXCESS SUPPLIES WILL BE REMOVED AND THE WORK AREA WILL BE CLEANED. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR THE NEWLY CONSTRUCTED RESTORATION PROJECTS ARE ANTICIPATED TO OCCUR PERIODICALLY.

							F ESA
-	VIATIONS						
APPROX	APPROXIMATE			NORTH			
BMP	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTIC						2801 ALASKAN WAY,
CF	CUBIC FEET CENTERLINE			NORTH AMERICA	AN VERTICAL DA	ATUM 1988	SUITE 200 SEATTLE, WA 98121 OFFICE - 206 789 9658
CL	CENTERLINE CORRUGATED METAL PIPE			NOT IN CONTRA	UI .		OFFICE - 206.789.9658 WWW.ESASSOC.COM
CY	CUBIC YARD			ON CENTER			STAMP
DBH	DIAMETER BREAST HEIGHT			PROTECT IN PLA	ACE		SIDNALE
DIA	DIAMETER			PROPOSED			E LICENSED W
DEM	DIGITAL ELEVATION MODEL	r		PREPARTION		(P-22651) ³	
DEMO	DEMOLITION			SQUARE FEET			Print Wolnorthy
EG	EXISTING GRADE			STATION			000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
ELEV	ELEVATION				OSION AND SEE	DIMENT CONTROL	
ELJ	ENGINEERED LOG JAM (ELJ)			TOP OF BANK			WOOD
EX FT	EXISTING			FYPICAL	S OF ENGINEER		RIVER
FG	FEET FINISHED GRADE			JS ARMY CORPS JS GEOLOGIC S		5	TRUST
IDT	IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF			VERIFY IN FIELD			
	TRANSPORTATION			WATER QUALITY			
IE	INVERT ELEVATION			HORIZONTAL: VE	-		
LF	LINEAR FEET						NO
LS	LUMP SUM						
MAX	MAXIMUM						AT ~
MIN	MINIMUM						手×珉
							≥ k C
							MME BIG WOOD RIVER HEAGLE PARK ODPLAIN RESTORA HAILEY DAHO HAILEY DAHO BLAINE COUNTY
NOTE / DEI	TAIL REFERENCING						の計を感
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	CATION OF SECTION	$\left(\hat{\cdot} \right)$					MOOD R AGLE PA AIN RES' BLAINE COUNTY
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		$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$					
	LOCATION OF DETAIL	Ċ					5 Ō
		~					PROJECT NAME B FLOOD
			TITLE / N				
	RAWING FROM WHICH	$\overline{}$	DETAIL / SEC	CTION / ELEVATI	ION	SCALE:	# DATE DESCRIPTION
SECTION	/ DETAIL WAS TAKEN						# DATE DESCRIPTION
LEGEND - E	EXISTING CONDITIONS						
	PROPERTY LINE	2					
	RIGHT-OF-WAY						DESIGNED XXX DRAWN XXX
	ORDINARY HIGH	I WATER	MARK (OHW)			CHECKED XXX
	BUILDING / STRU	UCTURE					IN CHARGE XXX
							### ### PROJECT NUMBER D202201234
	EDGE OF PAVEN	MENT / CO	ONCRETE				ISSUE DATE 01/15/24
PD -	ROCK ARMOR A						SCALE IS AS SHOWN WHEN
500	SOI NUCK ALIMO	ND RODE	JLE / Rinnow				PLOTTED TO FULL SIZE (22*x34*)
(·) _	DECIDUOUS / CO	ONIFER (DBH)				
~~~28 · p	Nº.						PHASE 100% CONSTRUCTION
							DOCUMENTATION
	WO			DULE - PROJECT	TOTAL		SHEET TITLE
			DIAMETER			TOTAL #	
		LENGTH	(DBH)	ROOTWAD	BRANCHES	PIECES	NOTES, LEGEND,
		20' - 30'	12" - 18"	YES	NO	34	AND
		2.21 4.01	107 107				
	KEY LOG	30' - 40' 25' - 30'	12" - 18" 8" - 12"	YES	NO NO	5	ABBREVIATIONS
	KEY LOG LOG	30' - 40' 25' - 30' 15' - 25'	12" - 18" 8" - 12" 8" - 12"	YES NO YES	NO NO YES		
	KEY LOG LOG	25' - 30'	8" - 12"	NO	NO	7	

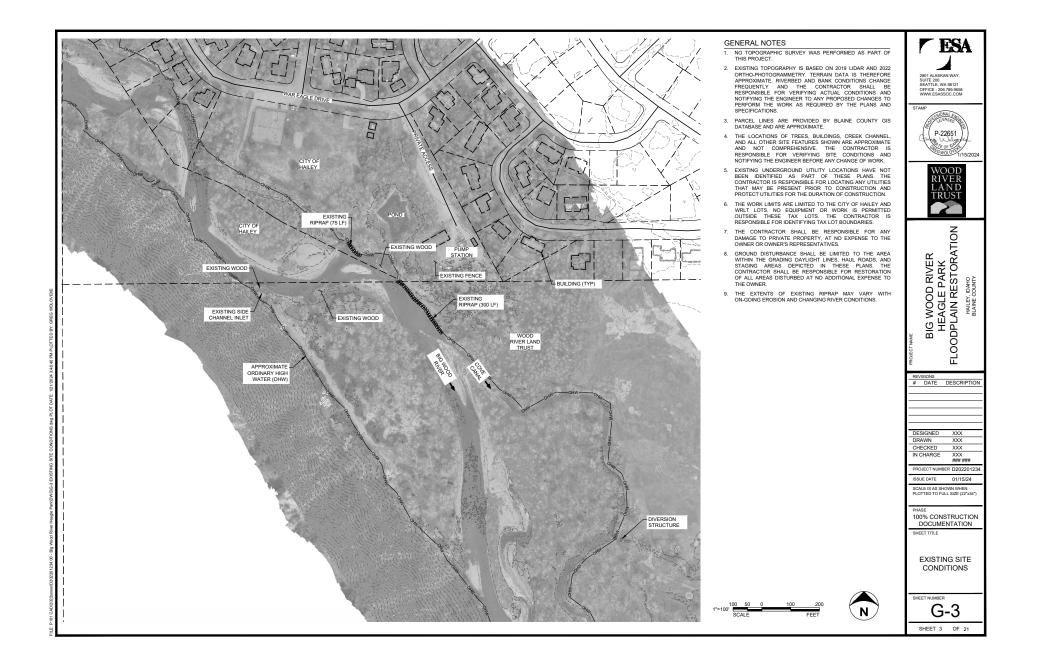
25' 12" NO NO

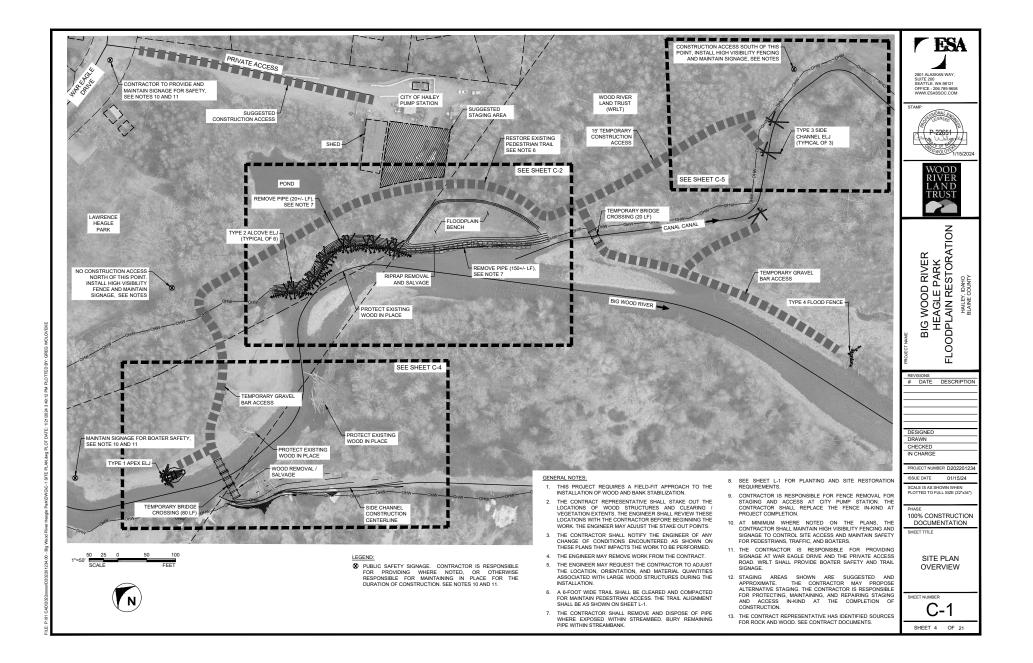
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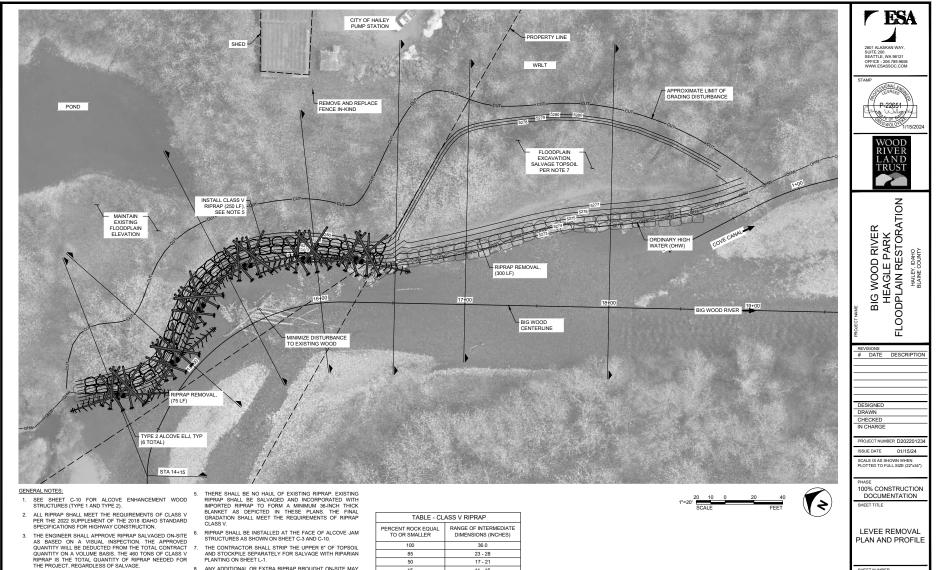
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SHEET 2 OF 21

TIMBER PILE







8. THE ENGINEER HAS ESTIMATED APPROXIMATELY 100 - 200 CY (140 - 280 TONS) OF RIPRAP TO BE REMOVED AND SALVAGED OVER A LENGTH OF 375 FEET. THE ESTIMATION ASSUMES A TOTAL THICKNESS OF 24-INCHES, BUT THE ACTUAL VOLUME IS UNKNOWN AND MAY VARY.

4.

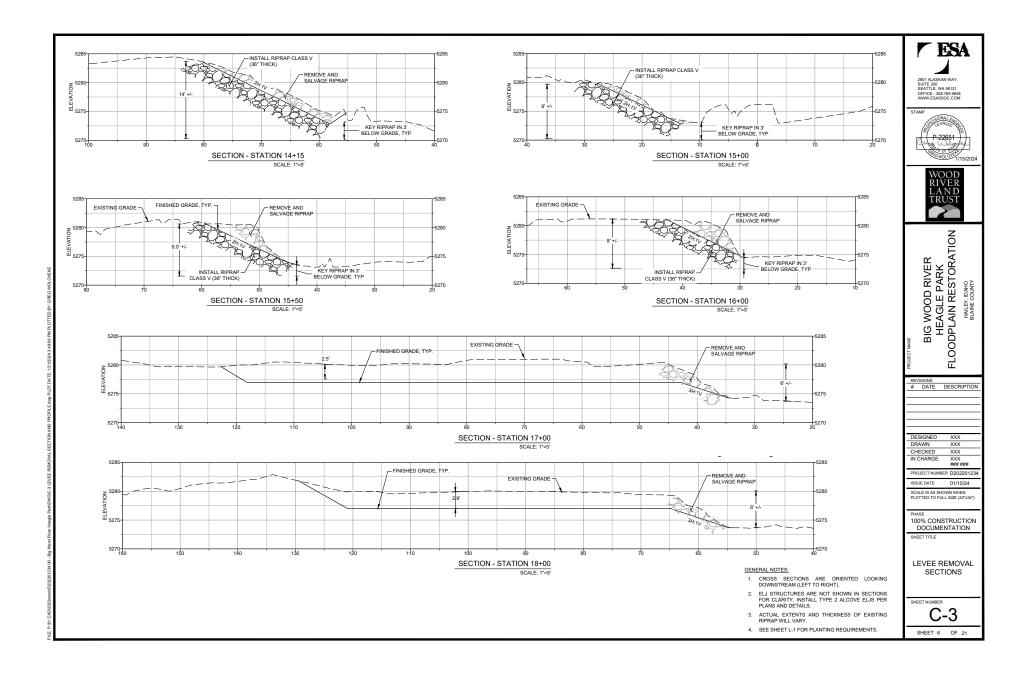
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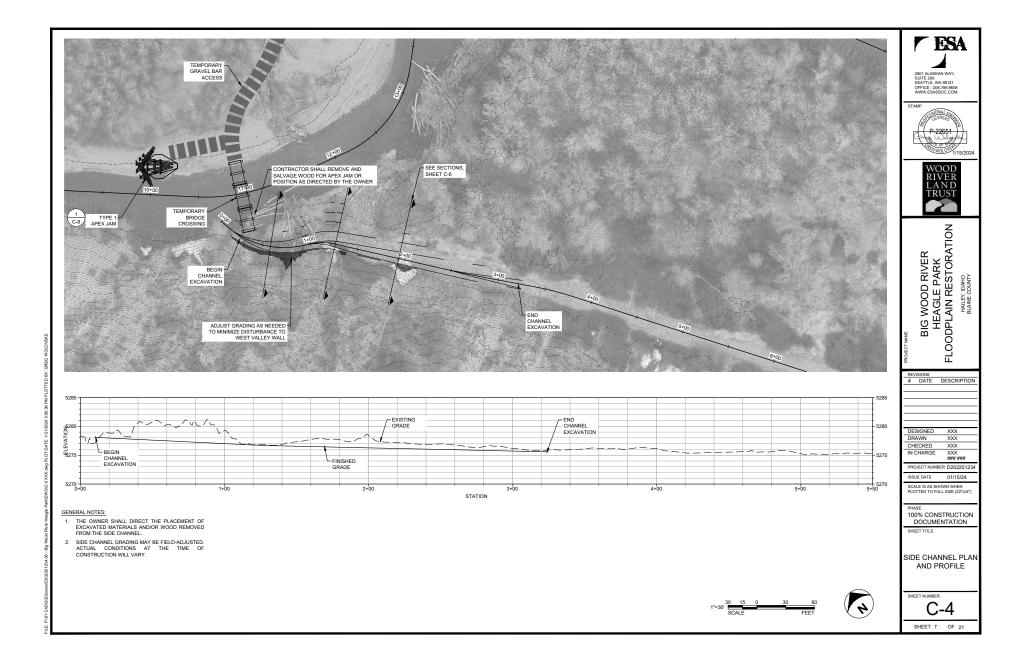
ANY ADDITIONAL OR EXTRA RIPRAP BROUGHT ON-SITE MAY BE BURIED PER THE DIRECTION OF THE CONTRACT REPRESENTATIVE.

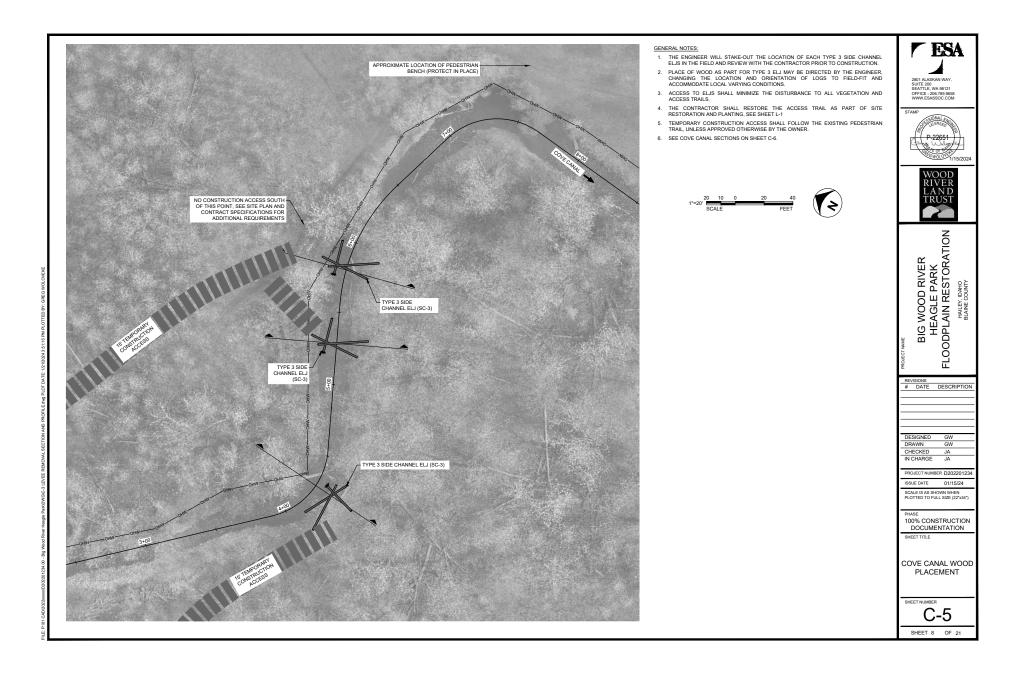
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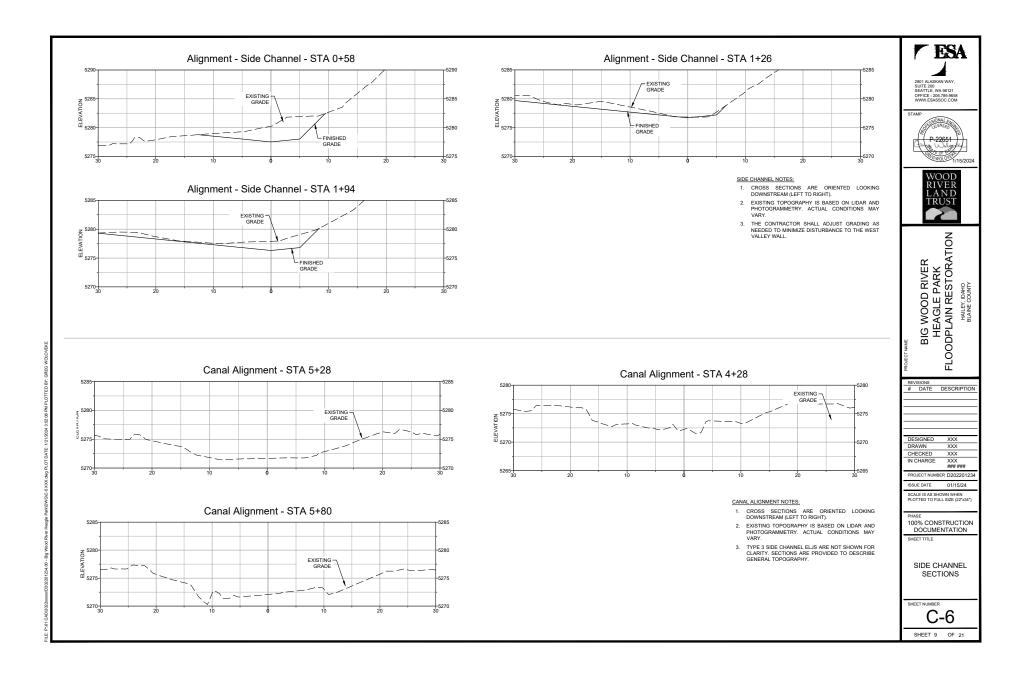
C-2 SHEET 5 OF 21

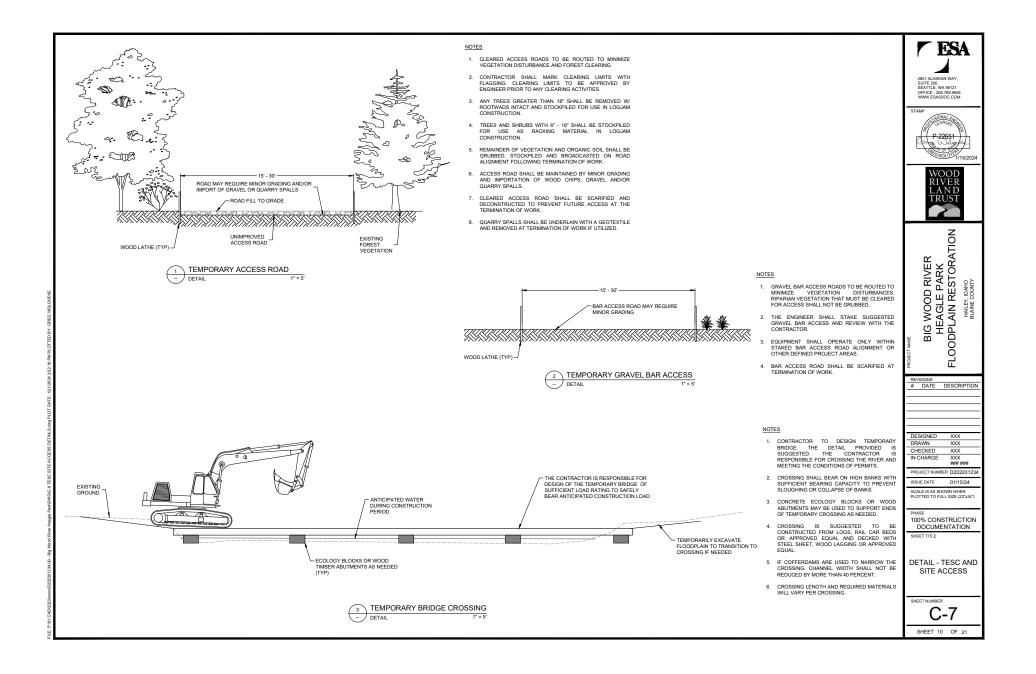
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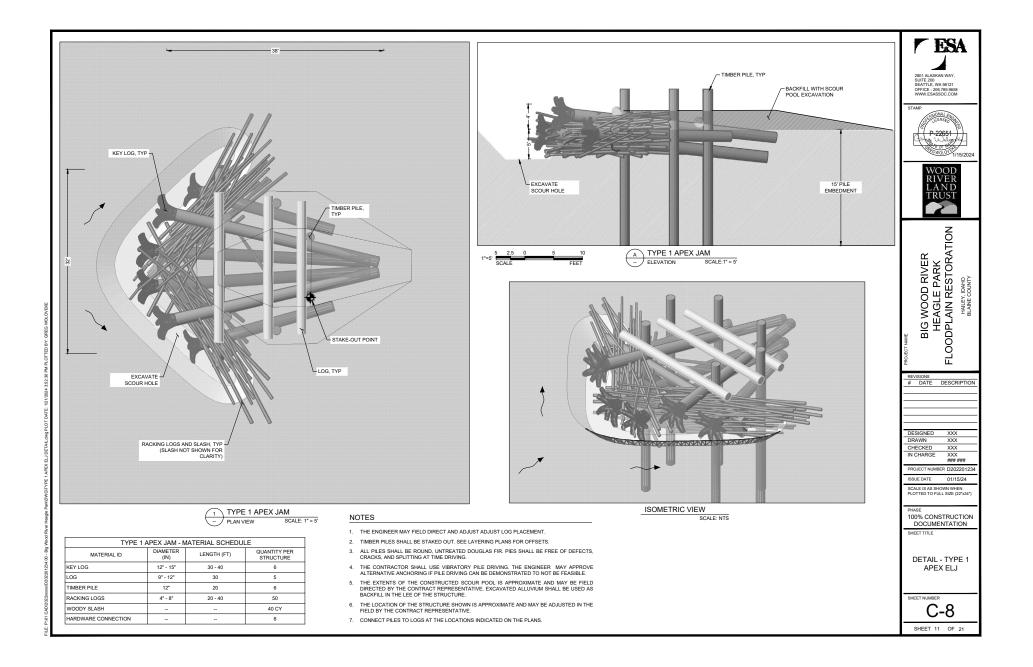


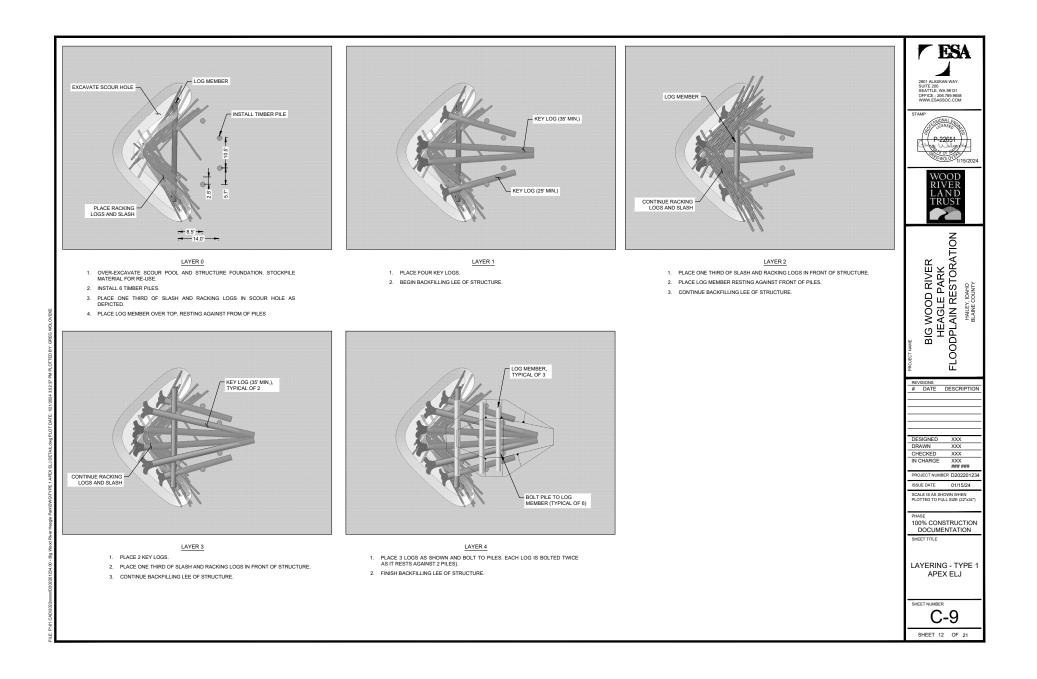


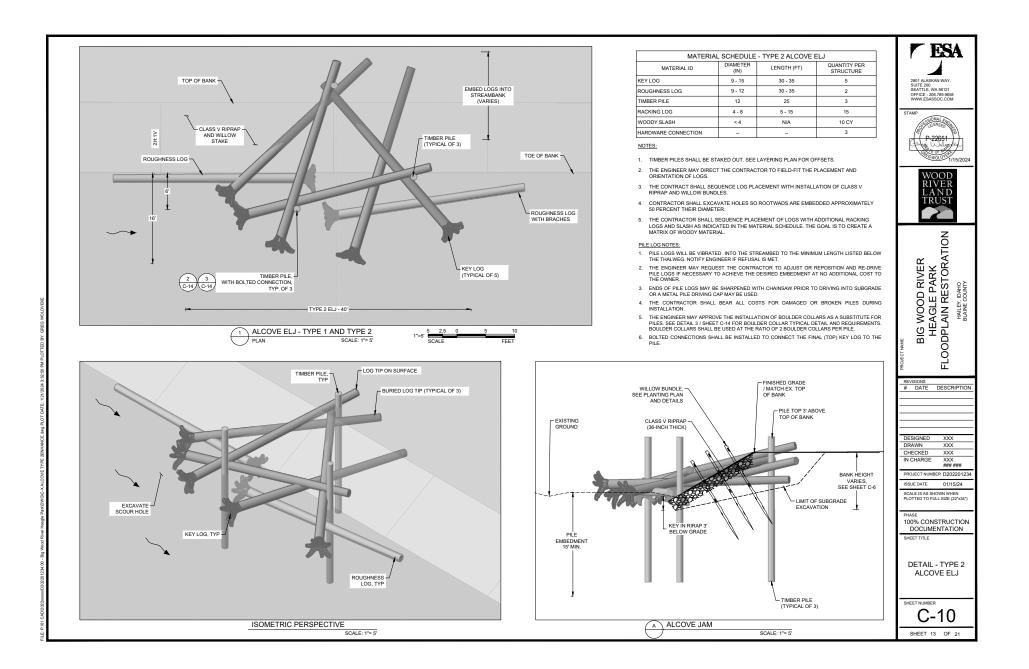


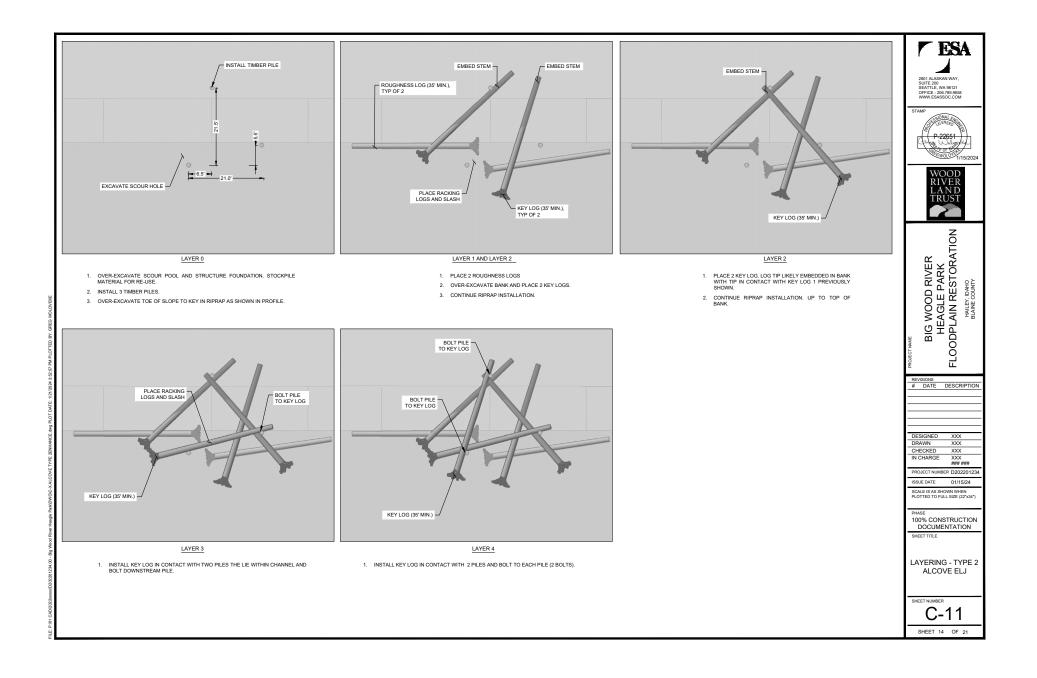


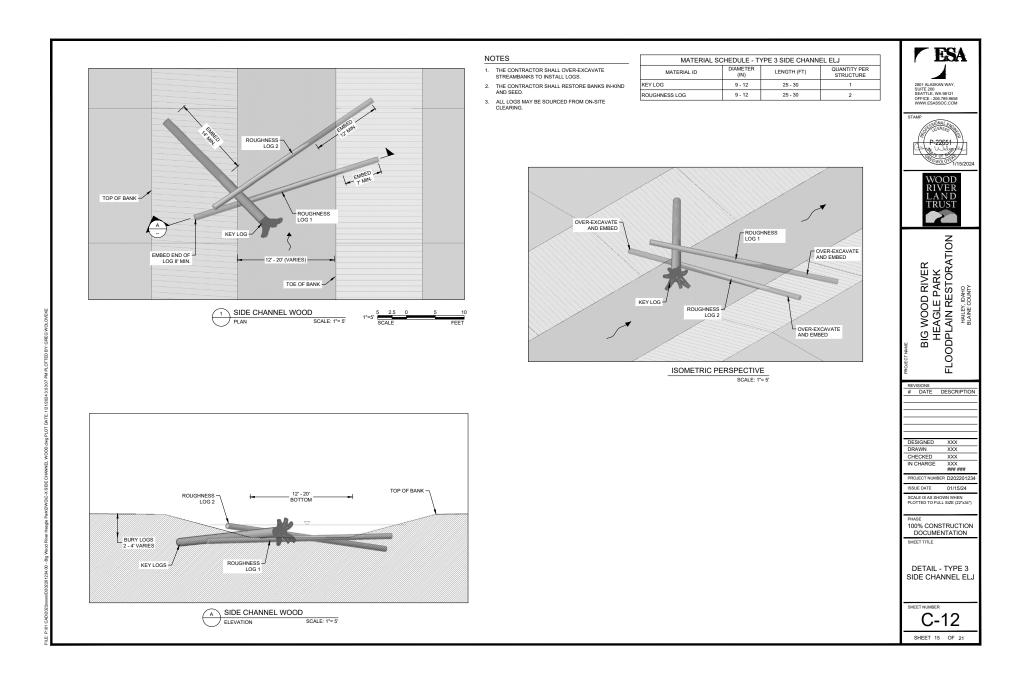


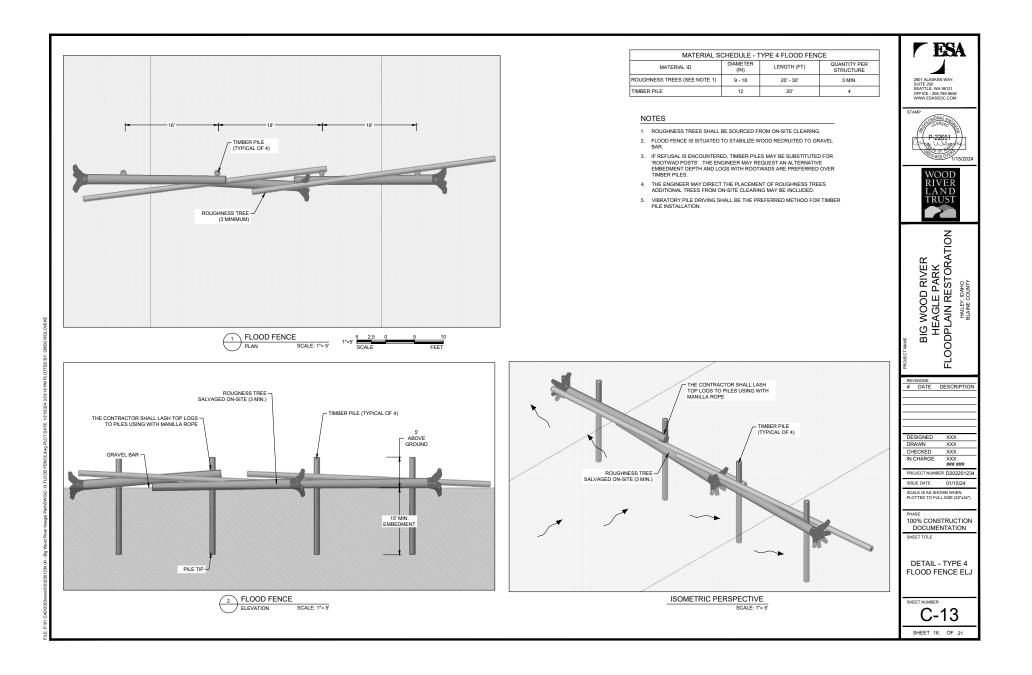


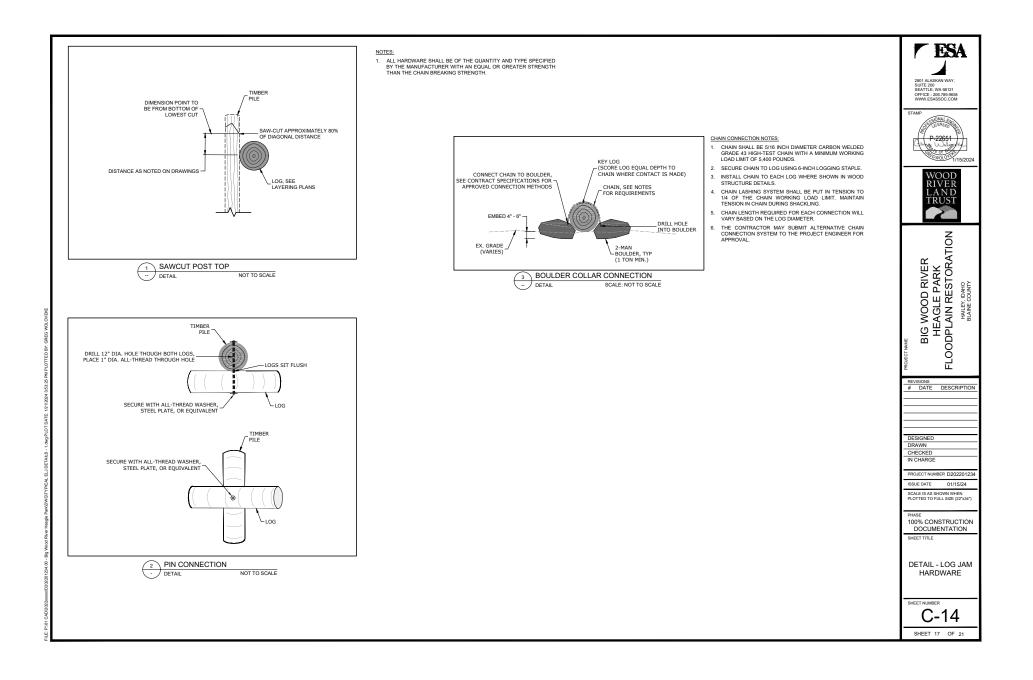


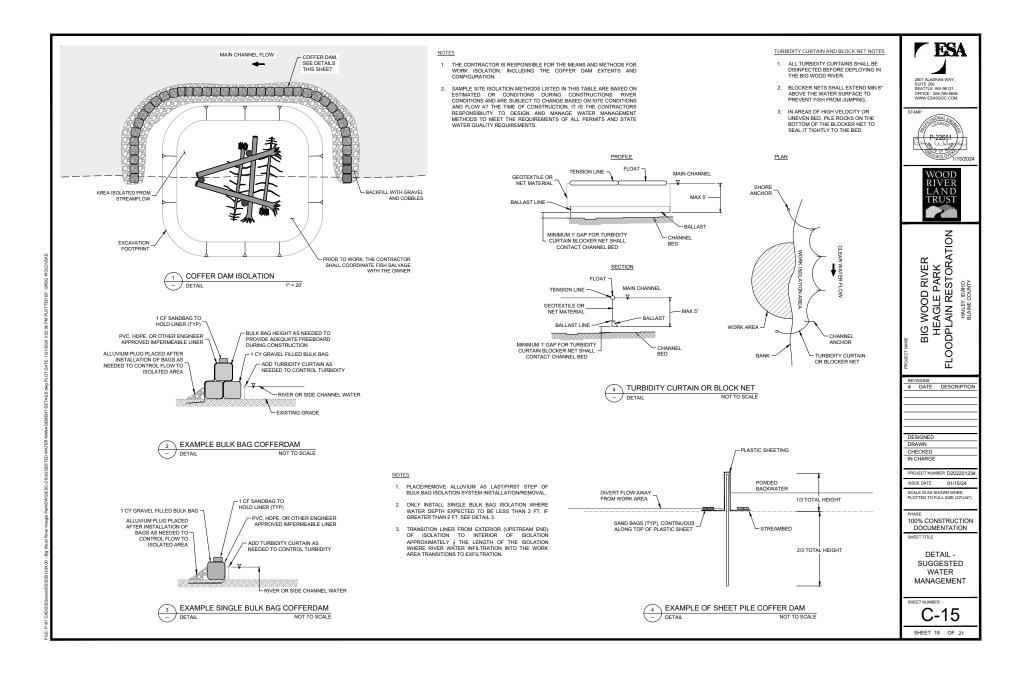


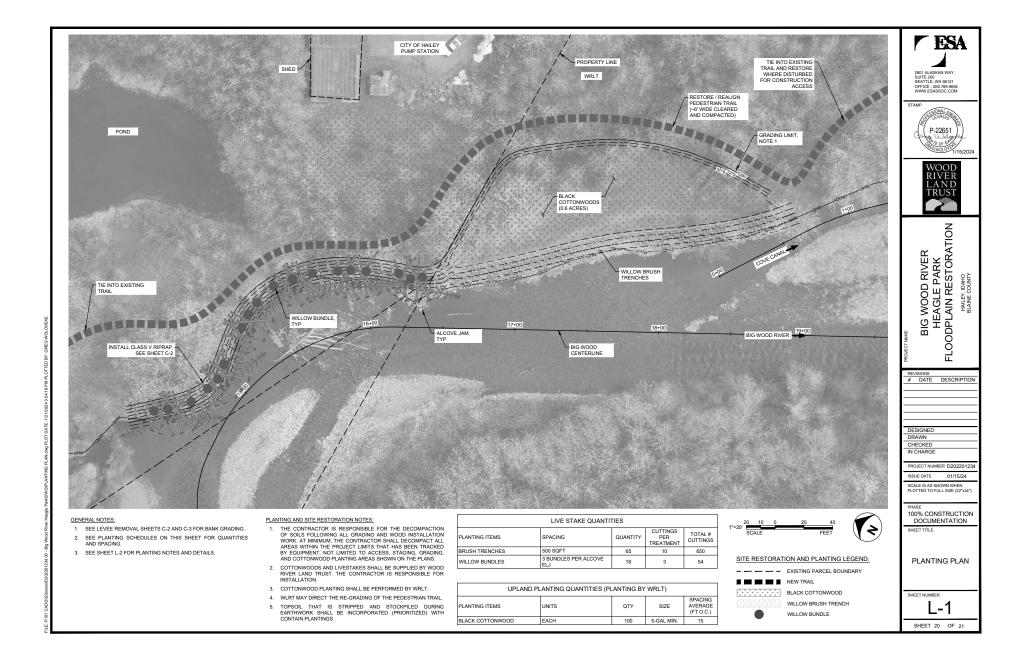


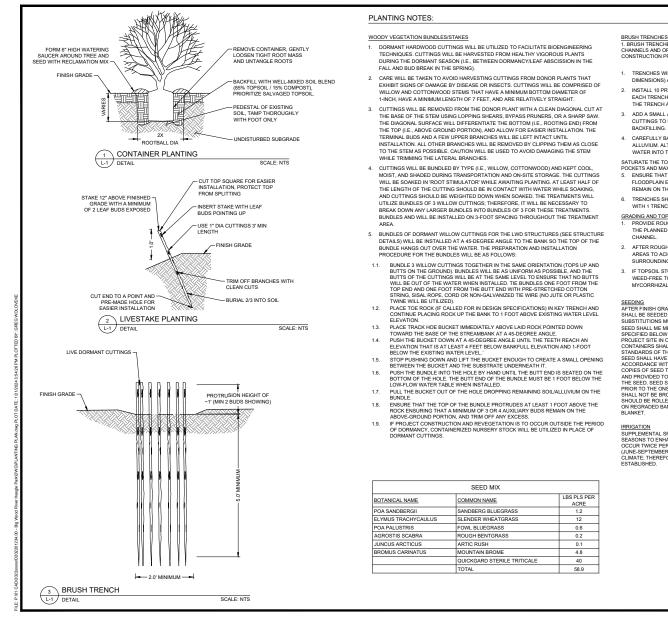












1. BRUSH TRENCHES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ON THE BARE BARS AND ALONG SIDE CHANNELS AND ORIENTED PERPENDICULAR TO THE FLOW. THE PREPARATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE FOR THE BRUSH TRENCHES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

- TRENCHES WILL BE EXCAVATED TO THE DESIGN SPECIFICATION OF 10 FT X 2 FT (BOTTOM DIMENSIONS) AND WILL BE EXCAVATED TO A DEPTH OF 4 FEET.
- INSTALL 10 PRE-SOAKED CUTTINGS ALONG WITH OTHER LIVE/DEAD BRANCHES INTO EACH TRENCH. ENSURING THAT THE BUTTS OF THE CUTTINGS ARE ON THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH AND INTO THE LOW-FLOW WATER TABLE.
- ADD & SMALL AMOUNT OF FILL INTO THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH WHILE HOLDING THE CUTTINGS TO ENSURE THEY REMAIN UPRIGHT AND WILL NOT FALL OVER WHILE **BACKEILLING**
- 4. CAREFULLY BACKFILL THE TRENCH WITH A 50/50 MIX OF SALVAGED TOPSOIL AND NATIVE ALLUVIUM. ALTERNATE DUMPING BUCKETS OF TOPSOIL/ALLUVIUM AND BUCKETS OF WATER INTO THE TRENCH. OR UTILIZE A WATER PUMP TO FULLY

SATURATE THE TOPSOIL AFTER THE TRENCH HAS BEEN BACKFILLED TO ALLEVIATE AIR POCKETS AND MAXIMIZE SOIL-TO-STEM CONTACT.

- ENSURE THAT THE TOP OF THE LIVE CUTTINGS PROTRUDE AT LEAST 1 FOOT ABOVE THE FLOODPLAIN ENSURING THAT A MINIMUM OF 3 OR 4 AUXILIARY BUDS OR BRANCHES REMAIN ON THE ABOVE-GROUND PORTION
- TRENCHES SHALL BE ARRANGED IN A NON-UNIFORM PATTERN ON THE FLOODPLAIN, WITH 1 TRENCH CONSTRUCTED PER 500 SF OF FLOODPLAIN AREA

#### GRADING AND TOPSOIL APPLICATION

- PROVIDE ROUGH GRADING TO A SUBGRADE ELEVATION THAT IS 6 INCHES LOWER THAN THE PLANNED FINISHED GRADE IN ALL AREAS EXCEPT FOR THE BOTTOM OF THE
- 2 AFTER ROUGH GRADING, PLACE 6 INCHES OF SALVAGED TOPSOIL IN ALL DISTURBED. AREAS TO ACHIEVE THE FINISHED GRADE AND PROVIDE FOR A SMOOTH TRANSITION TO SURROUNDING GRADE
- 3. IF TOPSOIL STOCKPILES ARE INSUFFICIENT. THEN IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO IMPORT WEED-FREE TOPSOIL OR ENGINEER TOPSOIL OUT OF A COMPOST / SUBSOIL / MYCORRHIZAL INOCULUM BLEND

AFTER FINISH GRADING AND SEEDBED PREP HAS BEEN COMPLETED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH THE RECLAMATION SEED MIX PROVIDED BELOW, ANY SPECIES SUBSTITUTIONS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE DESIGN CONSULTANT. SEED SHALL ME MEASURED IN POUNDS OF PURE LIVE SEED (PLS) AND APPLIED AT THE RATE SPECIFIED BELOW SEED SHALL BE CLEAN DRY, NEW-CROP SEED DELIVERED TO THE SPECIFIED BELLOW, SEENAL BE CLEAN, DRY, NEW-CHOP SEED DELIVERED TO THE PROJECT SET IN ORIGINAL SEALED LABELED AND UNDAMAGED CONTAINER(S). SEED CONTAINERS SHALL BE SABLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS AND STANDARDS OF THE ASSOCIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REPICATION AGENCIES (AOSCA). SEED SHALL HAVE BEEN TESTED FOR, AND CERTIFIED FREE OF, NOXIOUS WEEDS SEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE IDAHO PLIKE SEED LAW (IS 22-414) AND SHALL BE SO LABELED ACCORDANCE WITH THE IDANO FORE SEED DAW (IS 22414), AND STALL DE SO LABELED. COPIES OF SEED TAGS AND CERTIFICATION LABELS SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE JOBS ITE AND PROVIDED TO THE DESIGN CONSULTANT FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO SOWING THE SEED SEED SHALL BE BROADCAST OR APPLIED WITH A HYDROSEEDER IN THE FALL PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF WINTER AND THE PRESENCE OF SEASON-LONG SNOW COVER SEED SHALL NOT BE BROADCAST ON SNOW-COVERED GROUND. AFTER SEEDING, THE SEED SHOULD BE ROLLED, HARROWED, OR RAKED TO ENSURE MAXIMUM SEED-TO-SOIL CONTACT. ON REGRADED BANK, ALL SEED TO BE FLACED PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE EROSION CONTROL

SUPPLEMENTAL SPRINKLER IRRIGATION MAY BE UTILIZED FOR THE FIRST 2 GROWING SEASONS TO ENHANCE GERMINATION RATES AND ESTABLISHMENT. IRRIGATION SHOULD GC-0001 TO CHARACTOR GENAMINATION FAILS PARAL SO INDUSTING THE MANNER MONTHS OCCUR TWICE PER WEEK, OR AS NEEDED THROUGH THE DRY SUMMER MONTHS (JUNE SEPTEMBER). THE SPECIFIED SPECIES ARE NATIVE AND ADAPTED TO THE REGIONAL CUIMATE: THEREFORE, NO IRRIGATION WILL BE REQUIRED AFTER THE STAND HAS BECOME



DESIGNED

IN CHARGE

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**FSA** 

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ESSIONAL ENC

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VOOD

RIVER

BIG WOOD RIVER HEAGLE PARK OODPLAIN RESTORATION

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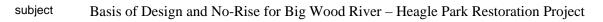
SHEET 21 OF 21

# Basis of Design / No-Rise Report

date October 31, 2023

to Cory McCaffery (Wood River Land Trust)

from Greg Woloveke, P.E. (ESA); Jon Ambrose (ESA)



# **Executive Summary**

Environmental Science Associates (ESA) is assisting the Wood River Land Trust (WRLT) with the design of a habitat enhancement and flood reduction project within the Big Wood River in Hailey, Idaho. The project is located near the Della View neighborhood, which frequently experiences flooding during moderate flood events that typically occur during spring snowmelt conditions. The east (left) streambank is presently armored with riprap; however, the rock is currently failing and the streambank has been experiencing significant erosion since 2016. The on-going bank erosion threatens a water pump station located approximately 300 feet from the river, owned and operated by the City of Hailey.

The project will provide multi-objective restoration actions to protect the pump station, reduce local flood depths, and enhance fish habitat. These actions include:

- 1. Removal and re-install riprap from the left bank within the City's property, including the addition of large wood to enhancement edge habitat along the streambank,. This action stabilizes the bank near the pump station and enhances habitat.
- 2. Excavate the floodplain on the WLRT property. Floodplain excavation will increase local flood storage.
- 3. Improve side channel conveyance through an existing side channel located along the west valley wall across the river from Heagle Park. An existing woody debris jam will be re-positioned and the inlet will be excavated to maximize conveyance through the flow pathway.
- 4. Install ELJs within the main channel of the river to deflect flow, encourage bar stabilization, and wood retention within the reach.
- 5. Remove abandoned utility pipe that runs parallel to streambank (within ordinary high water).

The current construction plans have been included Attachment A to this report.



# **Existing Conditions**

The project site encompasses approximately 1,500 lineal feet of the river where the Big Wood River passes through the Della View neighborhood near Heagle Park (Figure 1). Riprap armoring is present along the eastern streambank and continues downstream approximately 375 linear feet to the entrance of the Cove Canal. Near the pump station, the river eroded into the bank armoring and caused it to fail.

There is an abandoned metal pipe that runs parallel to the streambank near the pump station. The pipe has become exposed as the streambank has continued to erode. The WLRT has contacted local municipalities and utilities and has been unable to verify the ownership or purpose of the pipe.

An existing side channel exists on the opposite side of the river, running parallel along the toe of the west valley wall. A review of previous aerial photos shows that large wood has historically created a jam at the side channel inlet; the jam at times has likely helped support scour at the inlet or alternatively caused a blockage at the entrance. The jam is presently blocking flow and the side channel is observed to be dry during lower flows.

### Hydraulics and Hydrology

ESA conducted a hydraulic analysis to estimate hydraulic parameters to characterize current riverine conditions, evaluate the hydraulic effects of proposed restoration elements, and assist in the design of stable wood structures within the Trafton Reach. ESA used a HEC-RAS hydraulic computer model (USACE 2022) to perform a two-dimensional (2-D) hydraulic analysis of the project reach. The model domain extends from the upstream Bullion Street bridge to below Colorado Gulch, spanning approximately 1 mile in length to capture the flooding that is known to occur through the neighborhoods immediately east of the river. The model domain was developed using a combination of 2017 LiDAR data and 2022 drone-mounted LiDAR that was flown during lower river discharges to capture reach-scale channel bathymetry; ESA developed a terrain of the entire reach by combining drone collected bathymetric data with LiDAR to be used for hydraulic modeling and design (Figure 2).

Hydrology was developed using the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) flood recurrence intervals that were calculated as part of the Effective Flood Insurance Study (FIS) 16013CV001A, published November 26th, 2010. The peak flows summarized in Table 1.

Flood Recurrence Interval	Discharge (cfs)		
2-Year	2,550		
10-Year	4,170		
100-Year	6,580		
NOTE: cfs = cubic feet per second			

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF BIG WOOD RIVER FLOWS NEAR HAILEY, IDAHO	(11969 13130510)
TABLE 1. SUMMART OF DIG WOOD RIVER FLOWS NEAR HAILET, IDAHO	(0303 13139310)

In addition to evaluating the flood impacts associated with documented FEMA discharges, ESA conducted a hydraulic analysis of the river flowing at 500 cubic feet per second to better lower flows; the 500 cfs was determined from a statistical analysis of the USGS gage data and represents the median daily flow during spring runoff.

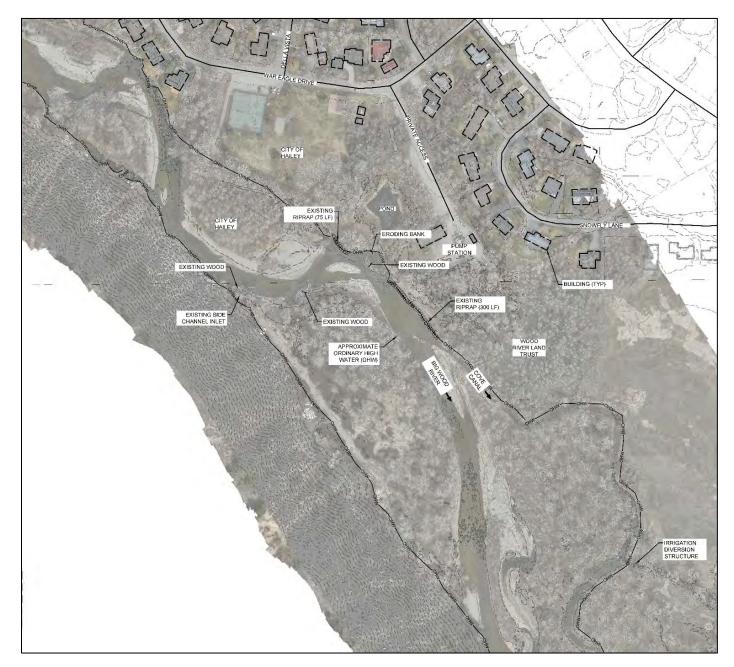


Figure 1. Existing Heagle Park Project Reach with Opportunities and Constraints Identified

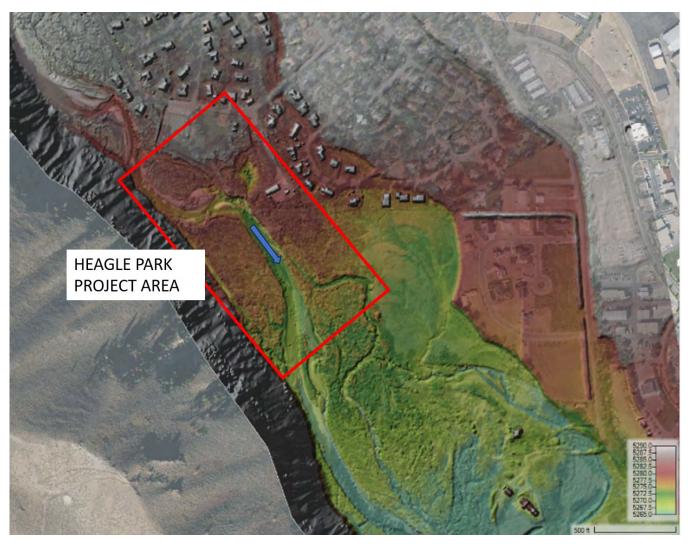


Figure 2. Overview of Existing Topography along the Heagle Park Reach using the 2-dimensional model.

#### **Overbank Flow Patterns**

Hydraulic modeling was to evaluate both in-stream hydraulic conditions and overbank flooding with the intent of better understanding flood frequency, overflow pathways, and the potential benefit the project could have on reducing local flood issues. The model shows that at less than the 2-year flood event, the river remains relatively confined within the primary river channel. During the 100-year event (Figure 3), a significant amount of flood water is conveyed on the floodplain and inundates nearby neighborhoods, including the Della Vista neighborhood near the project area. Flooding is identified to begin upstream of Robin Hood Drive, where it then flows down through War Eagle Drive and around the north side of the city's pump station toward Snowfly Lane.

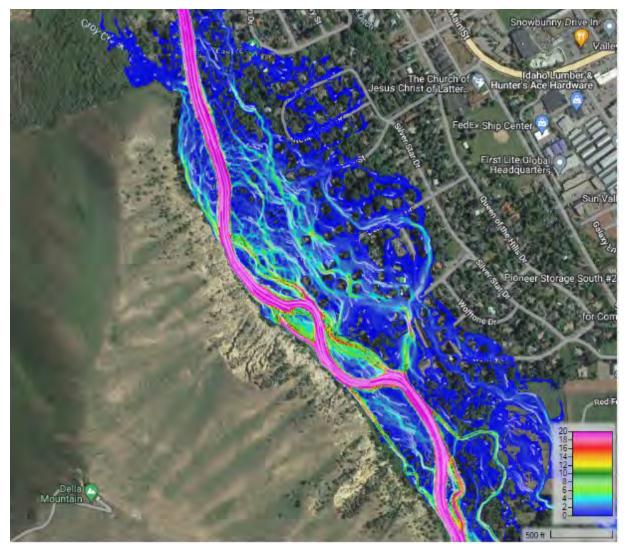


Figure 3. Overbank Flow for 100-Year Event. A greater volume of flow is depicted, where Blue is generally lower velocity and Magenta is high velocity on the legend shown in the bottom right hand corner.

### **Channel Velocity Patterns**

Channel velocity for existing conditions is shown in Figure 4 for both the 2-year and the 100-year events, respectively. Velocity is observed to be relatively high in the main channel of the river, even at the 2-year event; minimal floodplain activation is observed around 2,500 cfs and it is likely the river is slightly incised against the rock armoring that lines the streambanks (Cardno and Ecosystem Sciences 2020). Channel velocity approaches 10 feet-per-second (fps) at the 2-year event and exceeds 14-fps during the 100-year event. High velocities are attributed to the lack of floodplain availability throughout the reach. Floodplain accessibility is generally observed to be limited downstream of Hagle Park, with minimal inundation on the vegetated island across form Heagle Park and the floodplain that exists between the Big Wood River and Cove Canal.

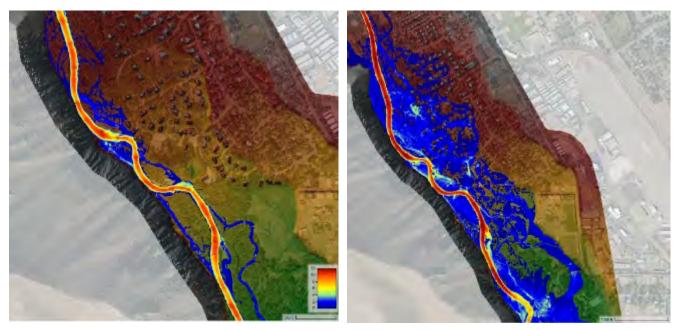


Figure 4. Existing Condition channel velocity near the Heagle Park project for both the 2-Year Event (Left) and the 100-Year Event

# **Restoration Design Actions**

The design includes multiple actions intended to work together to satisfy project goals and objectives. It is important to note that the performance of the project is not contingent on the performance of any one action, but rather a suite of actions that maximize the opportunity to balance project goals, objectives, and constraints.

### Goals and Objectives

Project goals defined by WRLT during the earlier phase of work include:

- 1. Remove riprap and fill material near streambanks.
- 2. Install wood to blend bank stabilization with edge habitat enhancement, providing long-term increased protection for the City of Hailey's pump station.
- 3. Evaluate and document whether the proposed project will alleviate flood waters in the Della View Neighborhood. High flooding events like the one that occurred in 2017 had impacts of sheet flooding to this neighborhood.

#### Site Constraints

Key site constraints identified by WRLT include:

- 1. Protect the City of Hailey's pump station. The pump station was raised after the 2017 flood, but the pump station's vicinity to the river makes it still susceptible to erosion as well as flooding during extreme events.
- 2. Maintain or improve flood conditions for residents living on Snowfly Lane.
- 3. The entrance to a pilot channel that feeds the Cove Canal is located near the downstream extent of the project site. Project design needs to maintain existing irrigation supply at the Cove Canal headgate.

#### **Project Design Actions**

The design includes the following actions, which are shown in the proposed site plan provided in Figure 5. The full construction plan set is provided in Appendix A.

1. **Rock Armor Removal and Setback**. Approximately 375 lineal feet of rock armoring (riprap) will be removed as part of the project. The rock will primarily be removed from the streambank on the WRLT property. Rock that is removed will be stockpiled on-site and subsequently incorporated into the wood setback revetment. This revetment will combine rock with large wood installations to enhance near-bank habitat while improving protection to the current bank line and the pump station that sits immediately landward. Approximately 300 cubic yards of rock are estimated for salvage based on measurements provided by WRLT.

- 2. **Floodplain Benching**. Floodplain benching (excavation) will be performed to improve floodplain activation during smaller flood events and reduce local channel velocities in the Big Wood River. Benching will be limited to the floodplain owned by the WRLT, removing between 3 to 4 feet of floodplain. The existing floodplain elevations on the City's property will be maintained in order to ensure protection of the pump station. All streambanks will be laid back to side slopes between 2H:1V and 3H:1V to improve bank stability.
- 3. **Side Channel Excavation**. The side channel inlet located at the toe of the west valley wall will be cleared of wood and excavated to improve conveyance. Approximately 250 cubic yards of earthwork is estimated to be removed from the inlet and the wood the currently blocks the entrance will either be re-positioned locally to maintain a scour pool at the channel inlet. This action is intended to help maintain conveyance through the side channel and reduce the likelihood of a future blockage. It should be noted that the performance of the overall project is not contingent on future side channel conveyance or potential maintenance needs. While the inlet can be monitored and cleared of future wood deposits, these potential future actions are only intended to reset conditions in the near-term and allow for natural process to continue over the long-term.
- 4. **Engineered Log Jams**. The proposed design incorporates five (5) different types of large wood structures, which are designed to either be anchored by timber piles or buried into the streambanks. The five types of Engineered Log Jams (ELJs) support multiple objectives, including side channel activation, bank protection, future wood recruitment, and enhanced fish habitat. A total of 50 pieces of large wood, in addition to smaller racking logs and woody slash, will be installed. The types of engineered log jams are discussed in more detail in subsequent sections of this design report.
- 5. Utility Removal. Remove abandoned utility pipe that runs parallel to streambank. The pipe is observed to be installed in segments, which can be disassembled. At the ends, the pipe will be cut and cap, recessed back into the streambank and abandoned outside ordinary high water. Presently, ESA has no information about potential impacts and assumes no liability any outcome, not limited to spill response and cleanup, repair, or replacement.

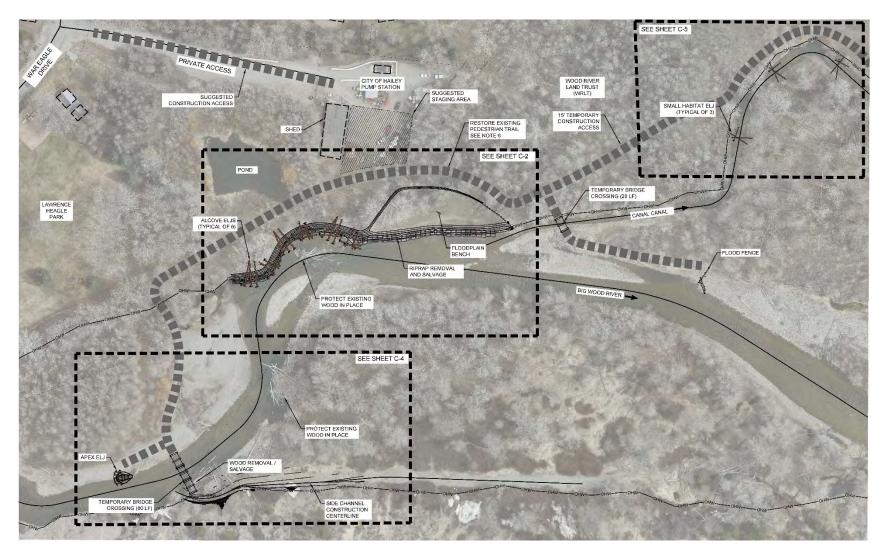


Figure 5. Proposed Site Plan

## Engineered Log Jam Design

#### Apex Jam

An Apex ELJs is sited in the main channel on an existing gravel bar, near edge of water during summer low flow. The apex jam is positioned upstream of the existing side channel inlet and will primarily function to deflect flow towards and to maintain flow in the side channel. The apex jam will also provide secondary benefits, including local scour pool formation and sediment sorting.

#### Alcove Jams

There are two types of Alcove Jams that will be installed along the existing alcove bank line. The two types of jams are intended to be installed in an alternating pattern in order to promote greater near-bank physical complexity and roughness, while supporting flow deflection and bank erosion protection objectives as well.

#### Side Channel Wood

Wood will be placed as 'Channel Spanning Jams' within Cove Canal. These small log jams will be anchored by burying trees into streambanks to pin down wood placed in the middle of the channel. This type of wood placement is intended to force scour pools into the streambed to promote deeper cover and local channel complexity.

#### **Flood Fence**

These structures are pile-supported and feature logs embedded into gravel bars. Extra logs that are salvaged onsite will be weaved into the piles to emulate racking; this wood is considered transient. Over time, it is expected that the piles will retain additional wood transported from upstream, while currently racked wood may be lost.

### **Design Hydraulics**

The design elements discussed above were incorporated into the hydraulic model and were analyzed to evaluate the placement and stability of the design elements. The ELJs discussed above were added to the model by raising topography to simulate the structure at the locations depicted in the construction plans. The proposed side channel was included in the model to evaluate how reach-scale hydraulics will change with the wood and sediment blockage removed.

#### Hydraulic Influence in the Side Channel

Removing wood and excavating an improved side channel inlet is modeled to increase flow conveyance within the side channel and reduce the erosive force along the left bank near Heagle Park. To simulate this action, the woody debris jam was captured using the drone photogrammetry and simulated using the 2-d hydraulic model to determine the how river conditions may change with- and without the side channel blockage.

The present wood jam stands a few feet tall, completely blocking the side channel during lower flows and reducing conveyance during larger flood events. The hydraulic model indicates that removing the debris jam may double the amount of direct flow into the side channel. The model shows flow within the side channel increase from 500- to nearly 1,000-cfs during the 100-year event (Figure 6). This result appears consistent with review of aerial imagery, where at about 4,0900 cfs the side channel is observed with water but not flow actively relative to velocity river (Figure 7).

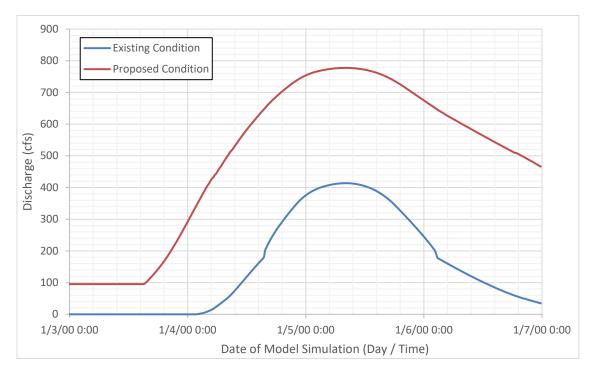


Figure 6. Comparison of flow through the side channel between Existing and Proposed Conditions. This figure depicts that approximately twice the flow is simulated following the removal of wood at the side channel inlet



Figure 7. Drone imagery of the side channel flow at 4,090 cfs on May 23, 2023. The image is looking downstream from the side channel inlet. Flow appears relatively stagnant in the side channel relative to the river. The side channel should have a steeper gradient (shorter flow path) and be more active in an unblocked condition.

#### Hydraulic Influence in the Overall Reach

As previously discussed, project actions are shown to increase water amount of water in the side channel, which results in a commensurate reduction in discharge (water surface elevation) in the main channel of the river. As shown in Figure 8, the proposed water surface is up to 0.3 feet less than existing conditions near Heagle Park and the pump station; small reductions are also simulated in the overall reach (depicted in light blue), but these reductions are less than 0.01 feet and likely wouldn't be associated to any real-world reduction in flood risk. Never-the-less, reducing amount of water in the main channel means that channel velocity may be reduced up to 30 percent in the immediate area. Reducing channel velocity means less erosive force acting against streambanks.

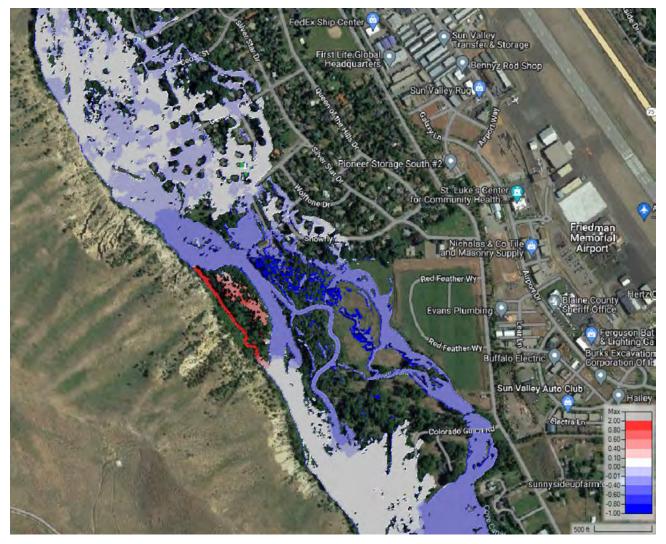


Figure 8. Overview of local water surface changes using 2-dimensional modeling. Water surface reductions in the main channel and floodplain are shown in blue while increases associated to the side channel are shown in red. Areas in white are no change. It should be noted that this analysis is not the 1-dimensional no-rise analysis, subsequently presented as part of this document.

#### **Riprap Rap Sizing**

Riprap is sized using the Maynord Equation, published by United States Army Corp of Engineer's (USACE) (USACE 1991). The equation uses hydraulic model estimates of channel depth and velocity to calculate a recommended median particle size for riprap design. For this project, the 100-year event (6,580 cfs) was used to conservatively size riprap. Channel velocity and flow depth used in this calculation were obtained from the 2-D hydraulic model, using values of 11 feet per second and 7 feet of depth, respectively. Riprap design is parameters are conservative estimates that assumes the main channel of the river has the potential to laterally migrate toward the eroding streambank over the long-term and re-introduce greater velocities, similar to what was likely present prior to bank failure.

A median riprap particle size  $(D_{50})$  of 18-inches was calculated for this project. Riprap will be installed with a maximum thickness of 36-inches and down to an elevation that matches the existing river thalweg. Riprap will be incorporated into the large wood installations proposed to line the streambank on the City's parcel, thereby redirecting high velocities away from the embankment and providing greater overall protection for the City's infrastructure.

#### Engineered Log Jam Stability

The specific design criteria associated with the stability of wood structures was adopted from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation's *Large Woody Material – Risk Based Design Guidelines* (Reclamation 2014). Although the minimum design criteria are the 10-year flow event at this location (low risk to property damage and public safety), the 100-year event is adopted for long-term resiliency needed to promote dynamic processes and maximize project ecological objectives. For each structure type, the analysis was done on the "worst-case scenario" structure (i.e., the one that encounters the highest velocity and depth at the design flow).

Factors of safety (FOS) were calculated using a force-balance analysis based on the following methods. FOSs less than 1.0 indicate the structure will move. FOSs greater than 1.0 indicate the structure is stable. The higher the FOS, the higher the structure's inherent stability. All structures were designed with a FOS equal to or exceeding 1.5 for buoyancy and sliding. The primary assumptions in the stability analysis assume:

- Trees are assumed to be Cottonwood.
- Timber piles will be 12-inch diameter Cotttonwood.
- Loads are distributed evenly.
- The obstructed area is non-porous.
- The substrate is homogenous (no detailed geotechnical analysis has been performed).
- Impact loads are equivalent to a 30-foot-long, 18-inch diameter-at-breast-height cottonwood with a rootwad colliding with the structure at the design flow.
- Using inputs from the hydraulic model of the 100-year flow, the maximum expected scour depth at the proposed ELJs is estimated to be 3 feet for any ELJ placed within the main channel of the river.

#### Buoyancy

The vertical loads acting on the structure include buoyancy and lift. All logs are assumed to be completely submerged.

#### Sliding

The horizontal loads acting on the structures include hydraulic drag, hydrostatic loading caused by backwater, and impact from floating debris (e.g., large wood). Sliding forces are resisted by the piles' lateral capacity or earth pressure from burial. As a conservative measure, the drag is assumed to be applied to full height and width of the structure, ignoring any change in effective drag area associated with the geometry of the structure.

#### **Pile Overturning and Bending Moments**

Additional overturning moments and pile bending capacity (breaking strength) are considered as part of the analysis. The depth to which the piles must be driven to hold the structure in place assumes several soil characteristics. No geotechnical analysis was performed as part of this project.

### **Project Costs**

The construction cost estimate is provided in Attachment D. The primary assumptions incorporated into construction cost estimate are as follows:

- A 10 percent contingency is applied to the construction subtotal to account for design and construction uncertainties.
- A 5 percent mobilization lump sum is included in the construction subtotal.
- Wood costs do not assume salvage of tree on-site to maintain a conservative approach or funding. This will be evaluated and incorporated in the next phase to reduce project costs.

# **No-Rise Certification**

This section summarizes the technical documentation for the no-rise certification as part of the Big Wood River Restoration project at Heagle Park. The project lies along the Big Wood River immediately adjacent to the Della Vista neighborhood in Hailey, Idaho.

### **Regulatory Context**

The Project lies within the Big Wood River, approximately 4,500 feet downstream of the Croy Creek bridge. The current effective FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) are numbered 16013C0668E and 16013C0664E for Blaine County, Idaho and dated November 26th, 2010 (Appendix A); the current effective Flood Insurance Study (FIS) 16013CV001A is effective on the same date. Work will occur within a Zone AE floodway, indicating that the project area has regulatory Base Flood Elevations (BFEs). An overview of the 2010 effective FEMA floodway and Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) is provided in Figure 9.



Figure 9. Overview of FEMA Floodplain Mapping in Project Vicinity (Map from FEMA NFHL Viewer)

### Methodology and Approach

The "No-Rise Evaluation" was performed based on an existing conditions hydraulic model for the Big Wood River, which included 7 "lettered" cross sections documented in the FIS, spanned the project reach from Section 'AZ' to Section 'BF'. The no-rise was evaluated using a 1-dimenensional HEC-RAS model to compute water surface elevations, comparing existing and proposed conditions.

The effective model was not used for this evaluation. This modeling effort makes use of both 2017 LiDAR and bathymetric data that was collected using drone-mounted photogrammetry, which provides reach wide elevation data that spans the entire study area. The effective model was developed in the 1990s using HEC-2. As described below, the modeling performed for this project provides a comprehensive update of elevation data, including bathymetry. Therefore, we propose to forego comparison to effective model, and limit the no-rise to comparison between existing and proposed conditions using the best available terrain and bathymetric data.

#### **Existing Conditions Model**

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Hydrologic Engineering Center's River Analysis System (HEC-RAS) hydraulic computer model, Version 6.2 (USACE 2021), was used to compute steady-state 1-D subcritical hydraulics for the project reach of the project. The model was developed using a combination of two data sources: 2017 LiDAR data and 2022 drone-mounted LiDAR. The drone-mounted LiDAR was able to penetrate the water and therefore provides reach-scale bathymetric data to help with the accuracy of the analysis.

It should be noted that the drone-mounted LiDAR cannot differentiate between bare-earth, woody debris, and other objects within the terrain during the time of survey. However, the scale of data collected is deemed suitable for this evaluation when compared to limited ground surveys and cross-sections that are traditionally used to represent rivers and floodplains.

#### **Boundary Conditions**

The 1% ACE (100-year) was evaluated using the effective discharge from the Flood Insurance Study (FIS), which is 6,580 cfs for the Big Wood River at this location; the flow was run as a steady-state through the 1-D model. The downstream boundary condition was set using a normal depth slope of 0.5 percent.

#### **Cross Sections**

A total of 23 cross-sections were used to evaluate the project. Cross-sections overlap FEMA cross-sections where possible, but the orientation and location of cross-sections was adjusted to properly represent multiple flow paths and conveyance. The location of cross-sections is shown in Figure 10, which includes an overlay of the 100-year inundation map identified from the 2-d modeling. The 2-d modeling was used to evaluate overbank flow and side channel flow, which provides a rationale for how ineffective flow areas were set in the 1-dimensiojnal model.

#### **Ineffective Flow Area**

Ineffective flow areas were used to control the amount of water in the side channel. As previously described, the 2-dimensional model shows that removing the wood blockage at the upstream inlet allows more water to enter the side channel. Split flow conditions are difficult to represent in 1-d modeling, therefore ineffective flow areas were set to permanent and used to reduce the amount of conveyance through the side channel calculated in the model. Under proposed conditions the ineffective flow areas are removed to simulate the removal of wood at the

inlet and the unobstructed flow within the channel. Existing conditions simulates the amount of flow in the side channel

The amount of water in the side channel during existing conditions was approximated using the 2-D modeling. Modeling results are presented in the preceding Basis of Design Report (see Design Hydraulics).

#### Manning's Roughness

Manning's values were generally set as low as possible but kept high enough as to not create supercritical flow. The existing condition model generally shows relatively high Froude numbers throughout the entire study area. Manning's values are within the range of manning's values presented in the effective flood insurance study and are summarized in Table 3.

Land use	Roughness Value (n)	
Main Channel	0.040 - 0.045	
Side Channel / Cove Canal	0.06	
Overbanks	0.10	

TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF MANNING'S ROUGHNESS 'N' VALUES

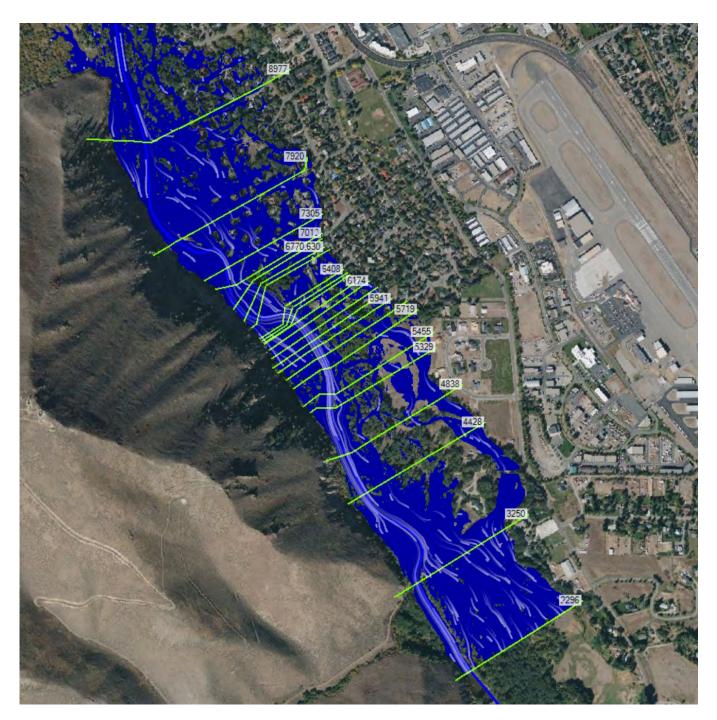


Figure 10. Existing Condition Cross Sections over Aerial Imagery with Flow Inundation Pathway from 2-D Model. The white tracers in this image describe the direction and intensity of flow (fast moving water in the main channel vs. slow moving water in the overbanks). This depiction is similar to the definition of the floodway.

#### **Results and Discussion**

The hydraulic model generally predicts water surface elevations that exceed the effective BFE at each crosssection (Table 4). This result suggests that water surface elevations represented in the effective flood insurance study may be underestimated. As previously noted, Manning's roughness values were set as low as practical, but could not be reduced further due to supercritical flow conditions. Similarly, the downstream boundary condition could not be set to the match the published WSE at Section AZ due to supercritical flow. The differences between the existing model and the FIS is considered acceptable because the model makes use of detailed LiDAR and bathymetry. Furthermore, the effective modeling published in the FIS was performed using outdated HEC-2 software and limited topographic data.

RAS Station	Existing Model WSE (FT)	FIS Model WSE (FT)	Difference (FT) (Existing – FIS)	FEMA Section
8977	5294.89	5293.1	1.79	Section BF
7920	5288.95	5288	0.95	Section BE
7305	5287.06			
7010	5286.57			
6800	5284.94			
6770	5283.95			
6534	5282.87			
6408	5281.44			
6346	5281.28			
6304	5281.06	5279.3	1.76	Section BD
6246	5280.04			
6174	5279.53			
6090	5278.91			
6011	5278.22			
5941	5277.86	5277.1	0.76	
5833	5277			
5719	5276.01			
5455	5274.51			
5329	5273.46			
4838	5270.71	5270.3	0.41	Section BB
4428	5268.7			
3250	5262.45	5261.4	1.05	Section BA
2296	5257.23	5256.4	0.83	Section AZ

 TABLE 4

 COMPARISON OF WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS PUBLISHED IN FIS VS. EXISTING CONDITION MODEL

#### Proposed Model (Design)

The proposed condition model incorporates major work elements of the design, including:

- Remove / Salvage / Layback 375 LF of rock armoring along the eastern streambank near Heagle Park.
- Excavate approximately 2,100 CY of floodplain benching near Heagle Park.
- Excavate approximately 250 CY for side channel conveyance and inlet enhancement.
- Installation of 11 large wood structures within the project reach.
  - o 6 Alcove Jams.
  - o 1 Apex Jam.
  - o 3 Wood Structures within Cove Canal.
  - o 1 Flood Fence.

For the proposed conditions, there is no change made to boundary conditions, energy loss coefficients, or manning's roughness values associated to land cover. Bank stations were only adjusted where they overlapped within proposed grading, but the manning's values were set using a horizontal varied 'n' value that did not change. The following changes are made to the proposed model terrain and associated inputs:

- Proposed large wood structures are simulated as physical obstructions in the terrain to provide a conservative representation for potential hydraulic influence. This includes the flood fence, wood in cove canal, alcove jams, and apex jam.
- Floodplain benching is made by lowering the terrain.
- To represent grading within the right bank side channel, the obstruction (wood) at the inlet was removed to represent that physical clearing of the woody debris jam that presently keeps that majority of flow within the main channel of the river; the obstruction is re-positioned within the proposed model to simulate the re-location of wood, opposed to complete removal and haul.
- Ineffective flow areas that was used to limit flow within the existing side channel conditions is removed, allowing the 1-D model to simulate more flow conveyance through the side channel.

Project actions in the vicinity of Heagle Park and pump station are shown below in Figure 11 with a typical section in Figure 12.

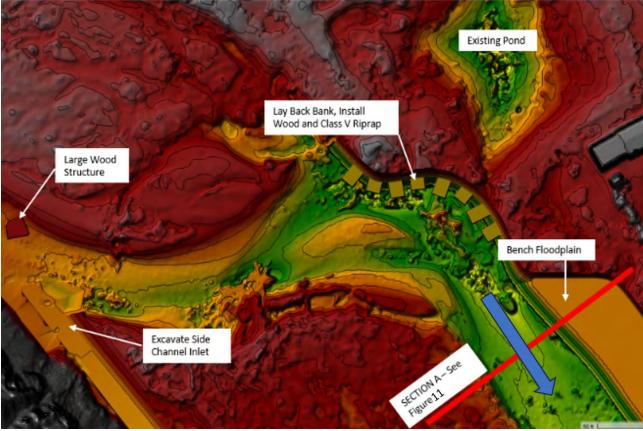


Figure 11. Overview of Proposed Model Features near Heagle Park

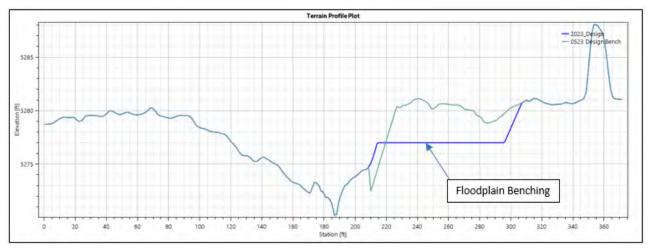


Figure 12. Cross Section of Proposed Grading (Section A is shown in Figure 11 and is Looking Upstream)

#### **Results and Discussion**

The project is modeled to reduce base flood elevations in the immediate vicinity of the project. A lower water surface elevation is primarily associated with improving flow conveyance the right bank side channel, which is presently blocked by wood. Excavation and wood relocation at the side channel inlet is intended to reduce the likelihood of a future blockage and maximize conveyance through the side channel during flood events. As described in basis of design report, these actions not only lower water surface elevation in the main channel of the river but reduce erosive force on the left streambank near the City's pump station.

Results are summarized in Table 5, which compares existing and proposed water surface elevation at each crosssection. HEC-RAS standard output tables, profile, and cross-sections are provided in the Appendix B of this document.

RAS Station	Existing Model WSE (FT)	Proposed Model WSE (FT)	Difference (Proposed – Existing) (FT)	FEMA Section
8977	5294.89	5294.89	0	Section BF
7920	5288.95	5288.95	0	Section BE
7305	5287.06	5287.06	-0.01	
7010	5286.57	5286.57	0	
6800	5284.94	5284.93	-0.02	
6770	5283.95	5283.9	-0.25	
6534	5282.87	5282.68	-0.43	
6408	5281.44	5281.39	-0.21	
6346	5281.28	5281.18	-0.21	
6304	5281.06	5281.03	-0.01	Section BD
6246	5280.04	5279.48	-0.60	
6174	5279.53	5279.52	-0.14	
6090	5278.91	5278.84	-0.27	
6011	5278.22	5278.19	-0.06	
5941	5277.86	5277.86	-0.08	
5833	5277	5276.96	-0.09	
5719	5276.01	5276.01	-0.05	
5455	5274.51	5274.5	-0.07	
5329	5273.46	5273.44	-0.04	
4838	5270.71	5270.71	0	Section BB
4428	5268.7	5268.7	0	
3250	5262.45	5262.45	0	Section BA
2296	5257.23	5257.23	0	Section AZ

 TABLE 5

 COMPARISON OF WATER SURFACE ELEVATION IN EXISTING CONDITION MODEL VS. PROPOSED MODEL

## References

Cardno and Ecosystem Sciences. 2020. Big Wood River Atlas. Prepared for Blaine County, Idaho.

FEMA. (2010a). Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), #16013C0664E. Federal Emergency Management Agency.

FEMA. (2010b). Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), #16013C0856E. Federal Emergency Management Agency.

FEMA. (2010c). Flood Insurance Study (FIS), Blaine County, Idaho and Incorporated Areas. Flood Insurance, Study Number 16013CV001A. Revised Date: November 26th, 2010.

Federal Emergency Management Agency. FEMA. (2013, October) Procedures for "No-Rise" Certification for Proposed Developments in the Regulatory Floodway.

FEMA. (2020). Guidance for Flood Risk Analysis and Mapping: MRT-2 Requests.

- Reclamation (U.S. Bureau of Reclamation). 2014. *Large Woody Material Risk Based Design Guidelines*. Pacific Northwest Region Resource & Technical Services. Boise, ID. September 2014.
- USACE (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers). 2022. HEC-RAS River Analysis System Version 6.2 User's Manual. Hydrologic Engineering Center. Davis, CA. March 2022.

#### ENGINEERING "NO-RISE" CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that I am a duly qualified engineer licensed to practice in the State of <u>IDAHO</u>.

It is to further certify that the attached technical data supports the fact that proposed <u>HEAGLE PARK FLOODPLAIN AND STREAM RESTORATION PROJECT</u>_____Will

(Name of Development) not impact the 100-year flood elevations, floodway elevations and floodway widths on BIG WOOD RIVER at published sections

(*Name of Stream*) in the Flood Insurance Study for BLAINE COUNTY, IDAHO

(*Name of Community*) dated <u>NOVEMBER 26TH, 2010</u> ____ and will not impact the 100-year flood elevations, floodway elevations, and floodway widths at unpublished cross-sections in the vicinity of the proposed development.

Attached are the following documents that support my findings:

NO-RISE AND HYDRAULIC MODELING EVALUATION AND RESULTS

BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT

HEC-RAS MODEL

(Date) 10/31/2023

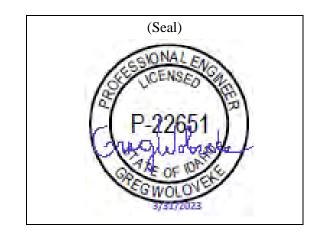
(Signature)

GREG WOLOVEKE, PE

2801 ALASKAN WAY #200 SEATTLE, WA 98121

(Address)

#### (Title) HYDRAULIC ENGINEER



# Limitations

### Overview

Environmental Sciences Associates (ESA) has prepared this report and design for the Wood River Land Trust (Client) and their authorized agents and regulatory agencies for this specific Big Wood River "Heagle Park" Stream Restoration Project. Within the limitations of scope, schedule and budget, our services have been executed in accordance with generally accepted practices in the field of geomorphology; hydrology/hydraulics; and stream/river habitat enhancement, stabilization, and restoration design engineering in this area at the time this report was prepared. The conclusions, recommendations, and opinions presented in this report are based on our professional knowledge, judgment, and experience. No warranty or other conditions, expressed or implied, should be understood.

Any electronic form, facsimile, or hard copy of the original document (email, text, table, workbook and/or figure), if provided, and any attachments should be considered a copy of the original document. The original document is stored by ESA and will serve as the official document of record.

# Instream Habitat Structures

Instream habitat, stabilization, enhancement and/or restoration structures and artificial structures (Structures) involve the placement of large logs, logs with root wads, large rocks, and other natural and artificial materials and/or features in and adjacent to creeks, streams, and rivers (streams). They are designed for various purposes including but not limited to: improvement of aquatic and riparian habitat; stabilization of eroding stream banks and channels; restoration of stream channels; creation or improvement of recreational uses; irrigation; and flood management.

## Hazards of Instream Habitat Structures

Instream habitat structures create potential hazards, including, but not limited to: humans falling from the structures and associated injury or death; collisions of recreational users' watercraft with the structures and associated risk of injury or death, with partial or total damage of the watercraft; mobilization of a portion or all of the structures during high water flow conditions and related damage to downstream properties, utilities, roads, bridges and other infrastructure, and injury or death to humans; flooding; erosion; and channel avulsion. In some cases, instream habitat structures are only intended to be temporary, providing temporary stabilization while riparian vegetation becomes established while or stream/river processes stabilize. This gradual deterioration with age and vulnerability to major flood events make temporary Structures inherently dangerous with increasing age.

It is strongly recommended that the Client address the necessary safety concerns appropriately. This would include warning construction workers of hazards associated with working in or near deep and fast moving water and on steep, slippery and unstable slopes. In addition, signs should be placed along the enhanced stream reaches in prominent locations to warn recreational users of the potential hazards noted above.

# Channel Erosion and Migration are Possible

In general, river and stream enhancements are intended to result in more stable streambeds, banks, and floodplains. In some cases, stream enhancement and channel stability mean reestablishing the natural balance of sediment erosion, distribution, and deposition, which induces channel meandering and migration. Therefore, channel erosion, channel migration and/or avulsions can be expected to occur over time.

#### Importance of Monitoring and Maintenance

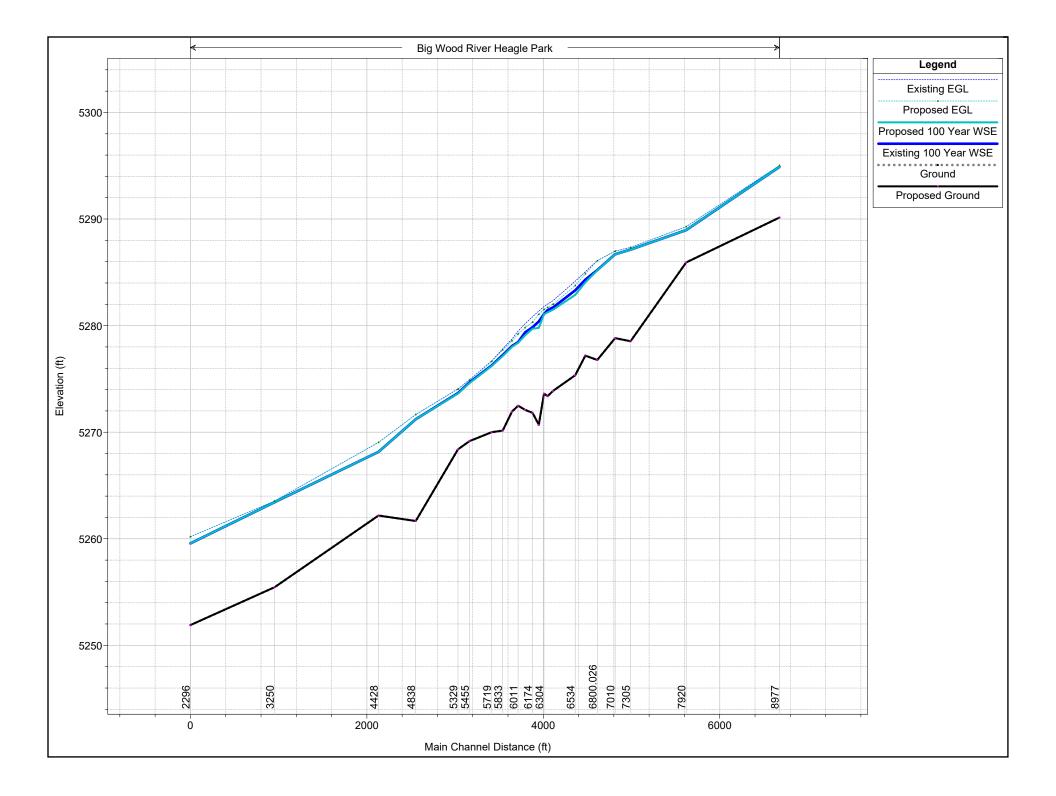
Piles, anchors, chains, cables, reinforcing bars, bolts and similar fasteners may have purposely been excluded from woody habitat structures with the intent of mimicking naturally-occurring instream wood structures. Conversely, such fasteners may have purposely been included in woody habitat Structures if considered appropriate. While the Structures are designed to be relatively stable during flood events, movement of these Structures should be expected. As noted in the text of this report, we recommend that the Client implement appropriate monitoring and maintenance procedures to minimize potential adverse impacts at or near areas of concern, such as at downstream road, bridge and/or culvert crossings. This would include replacing, adjusting, and removing damaged, malfunctioning, or deteriorated components of Structures, particularly following a major storm event.

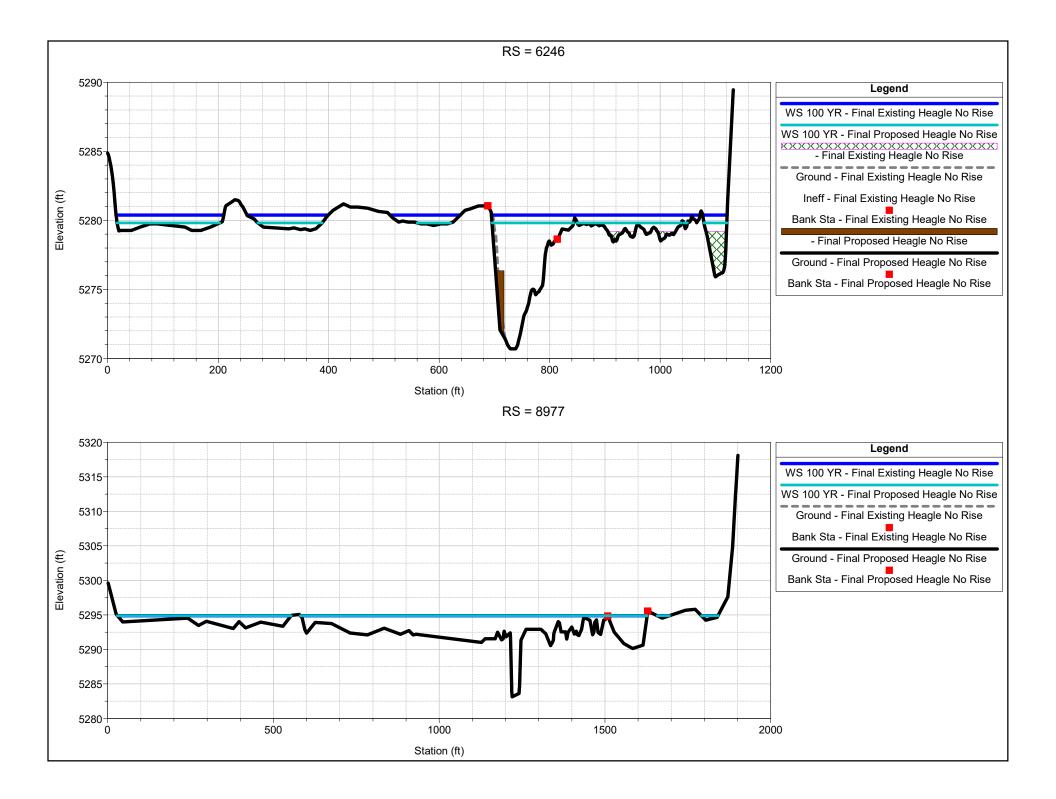
# Contractors are Responsible Site Safety

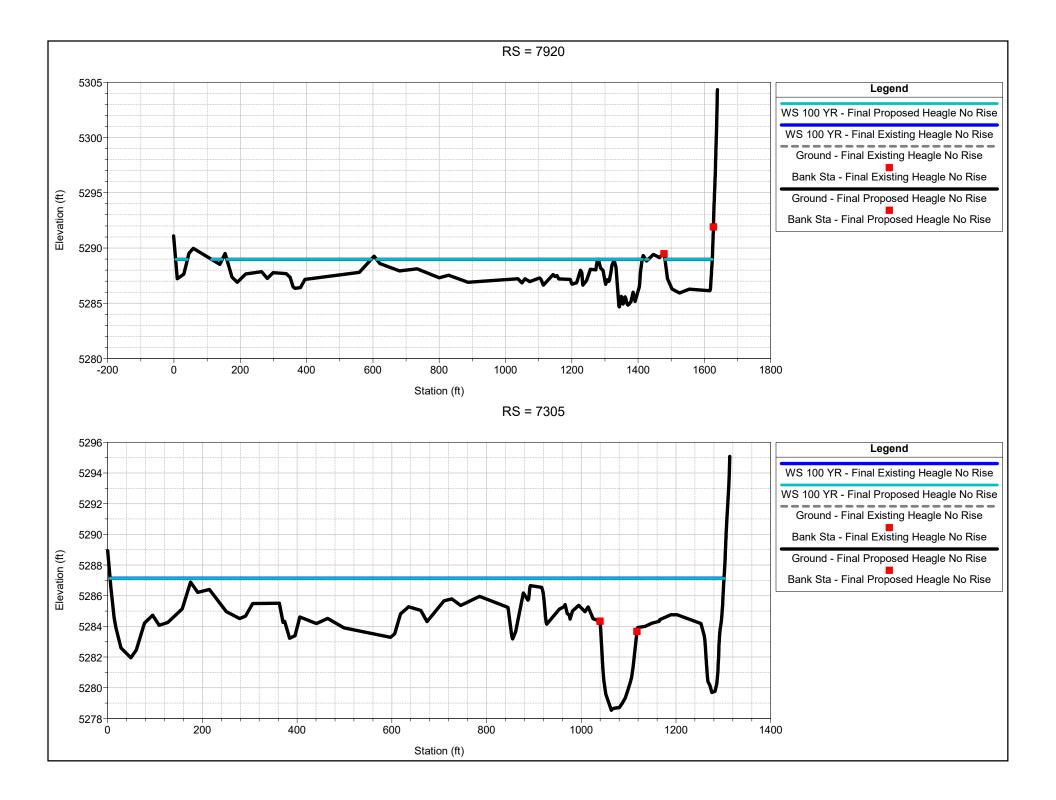
ESA's recommendations are not intended to direct the contractor's procedures, methods, schedule, or management of the work site. The contractor is solely responsible for job site safety and for managing construction operations to minimize risks to on-site personnel and adjacent properties.

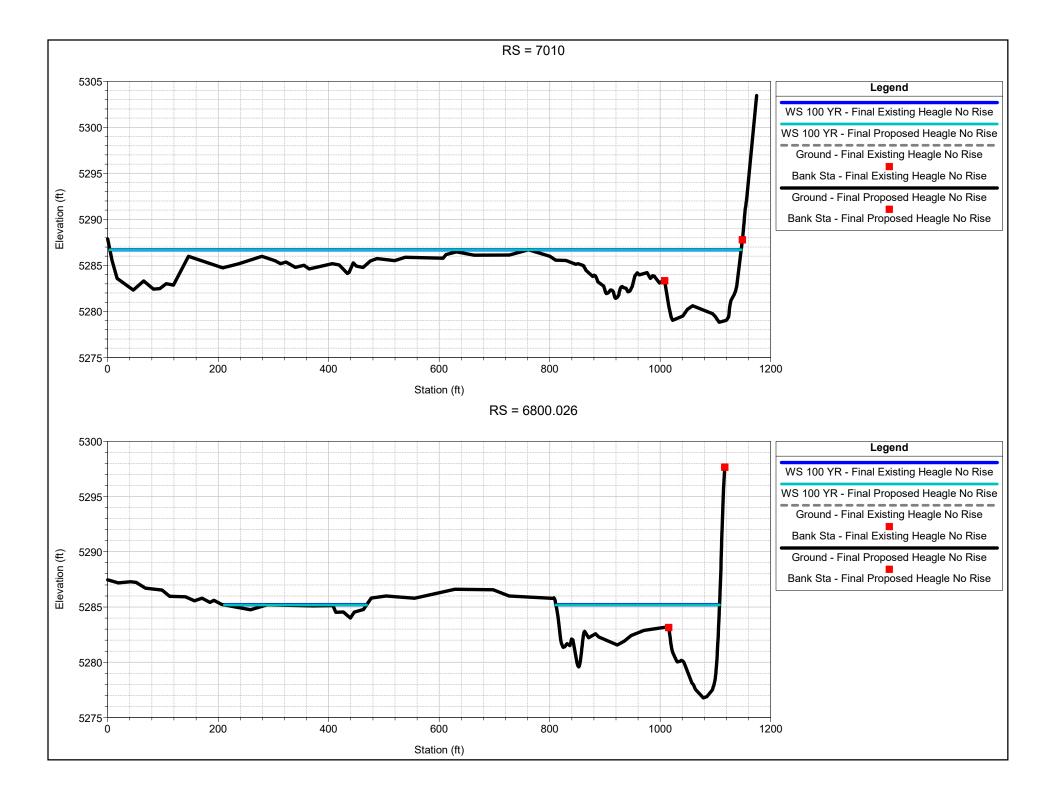
# Appendix A. Construction Plans

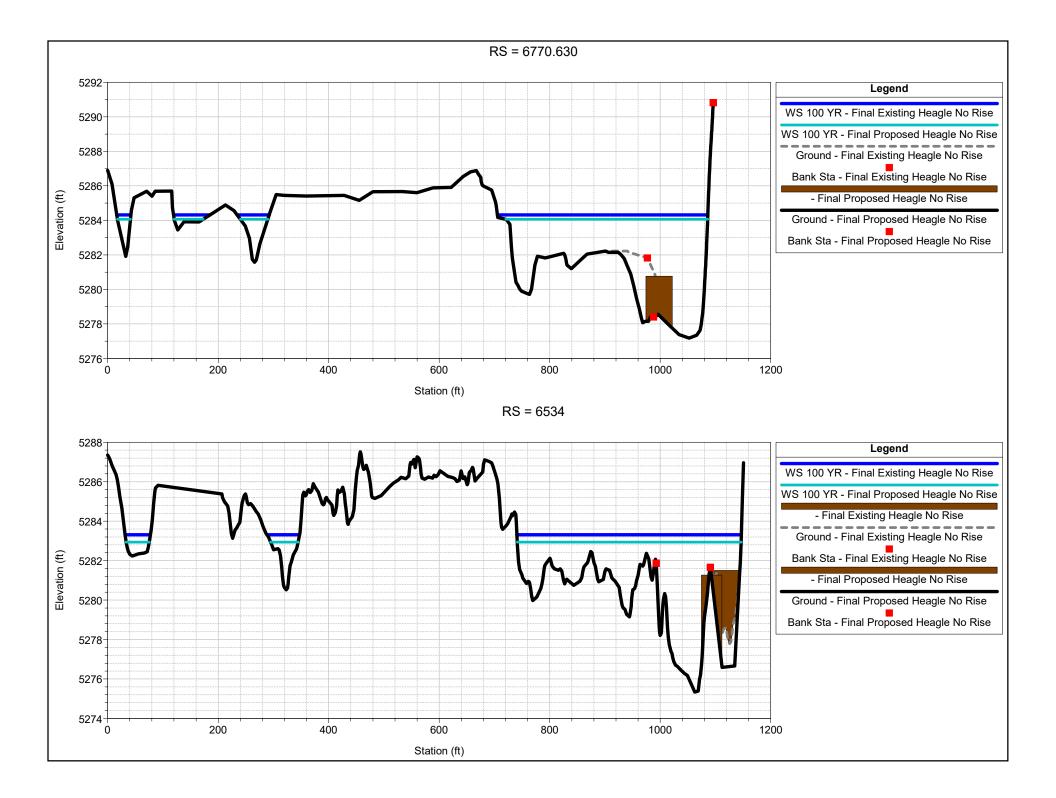
# Appendix B. Hydraulic Modeling Output for No-Rise

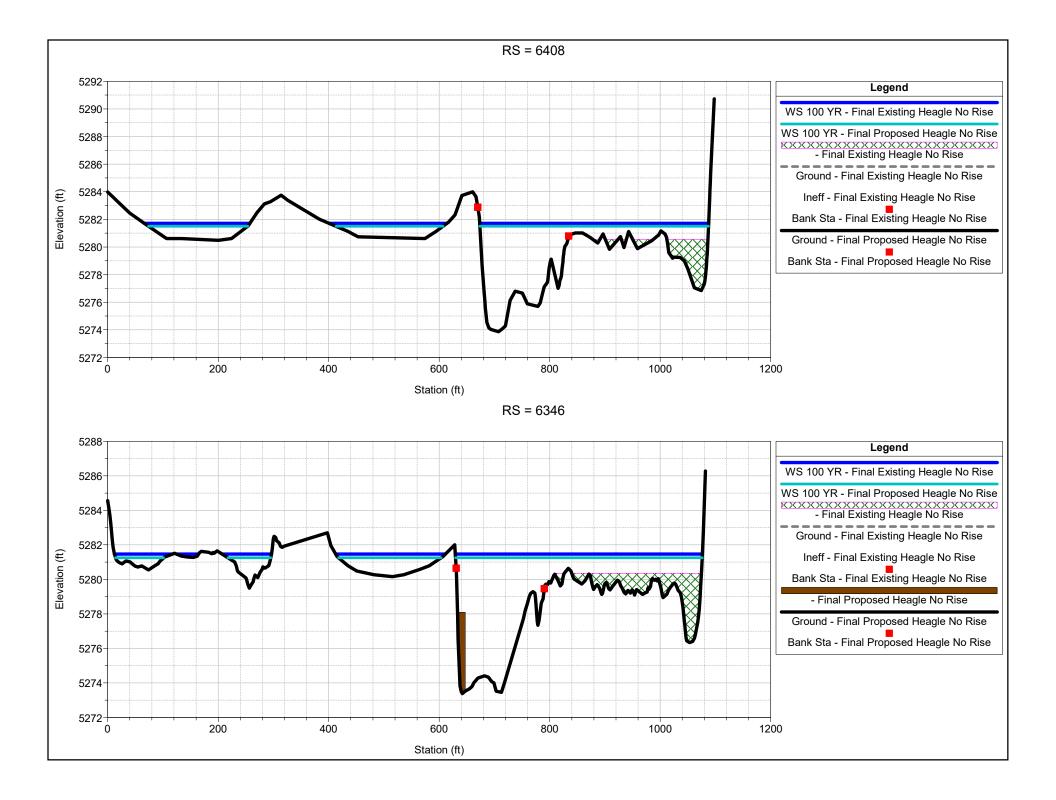


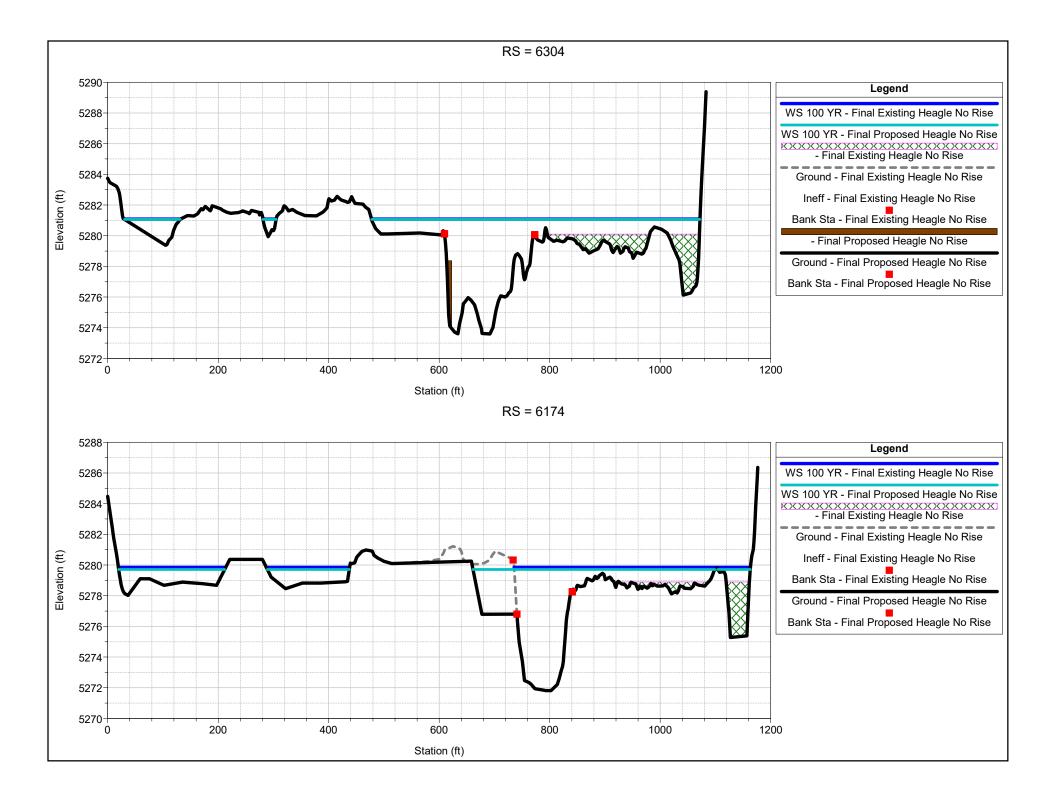


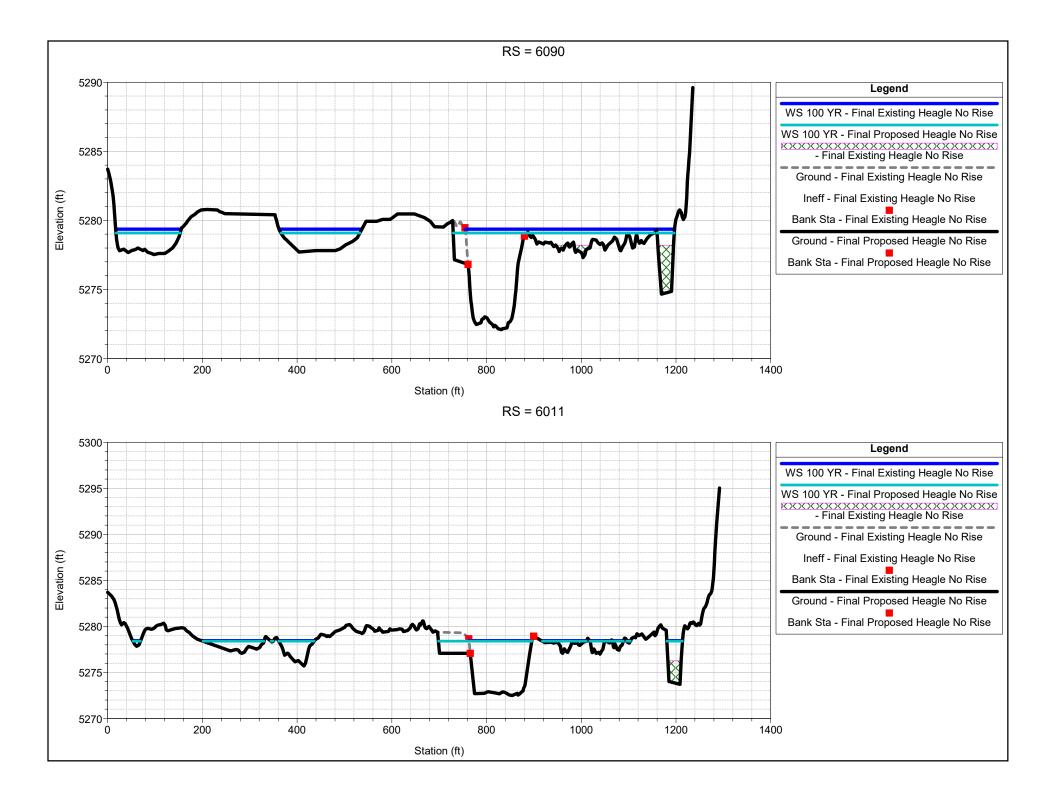


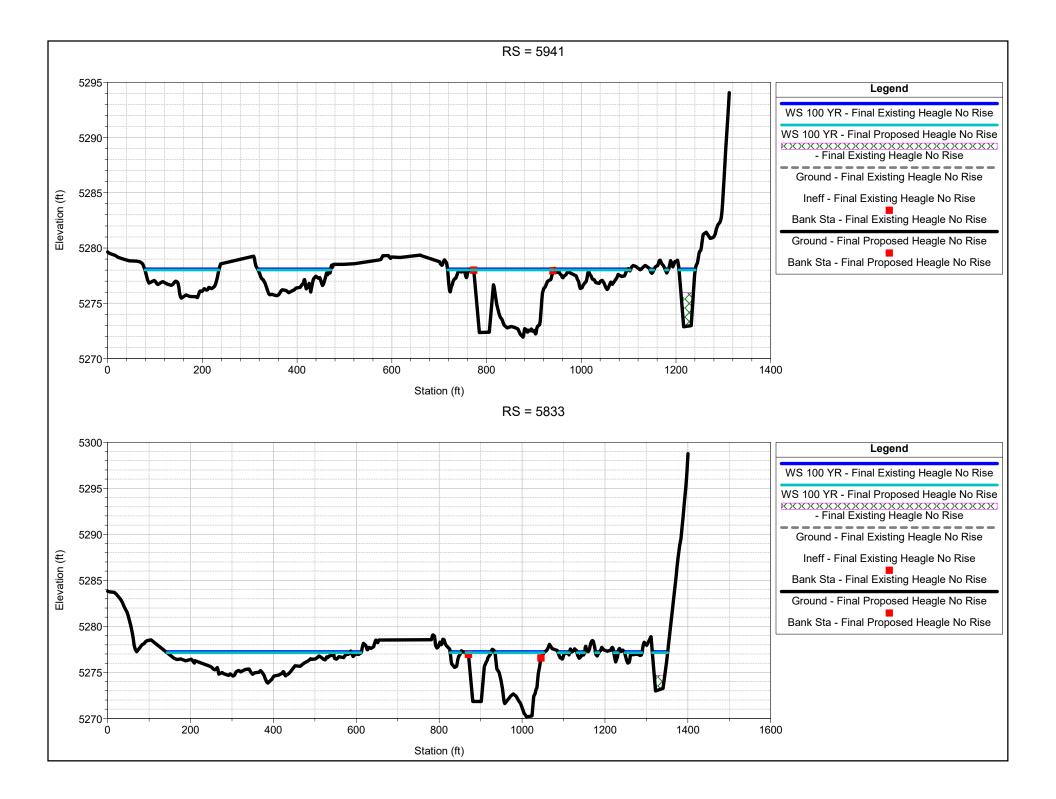


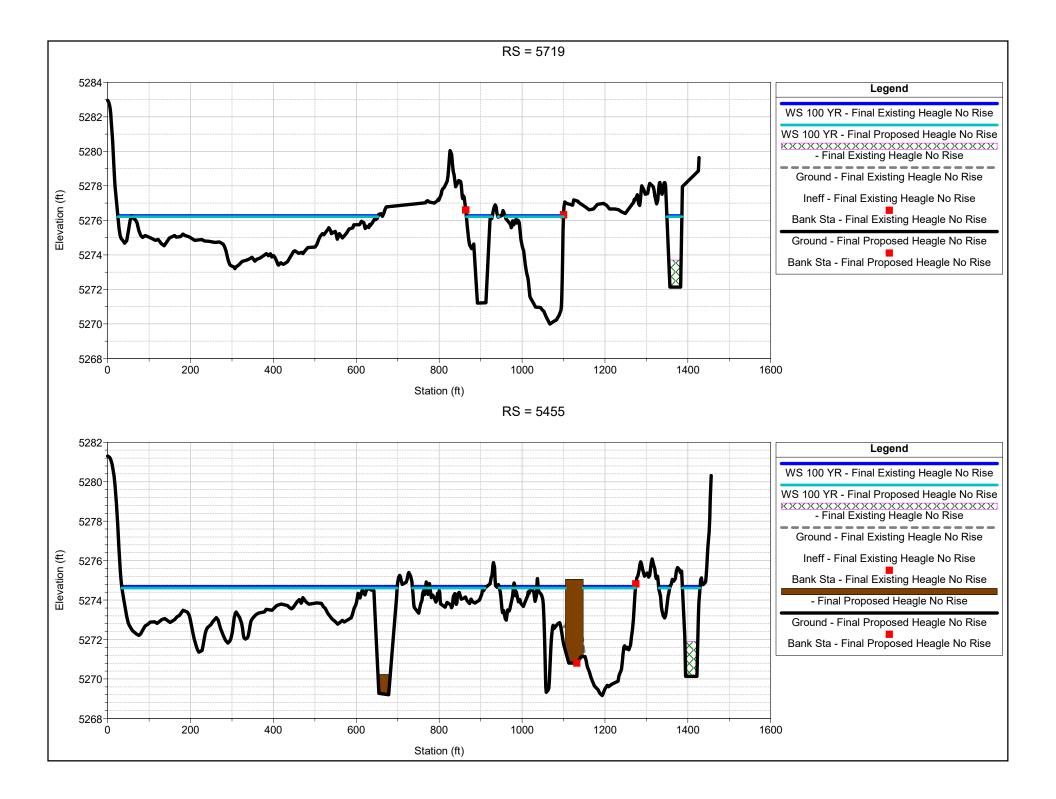


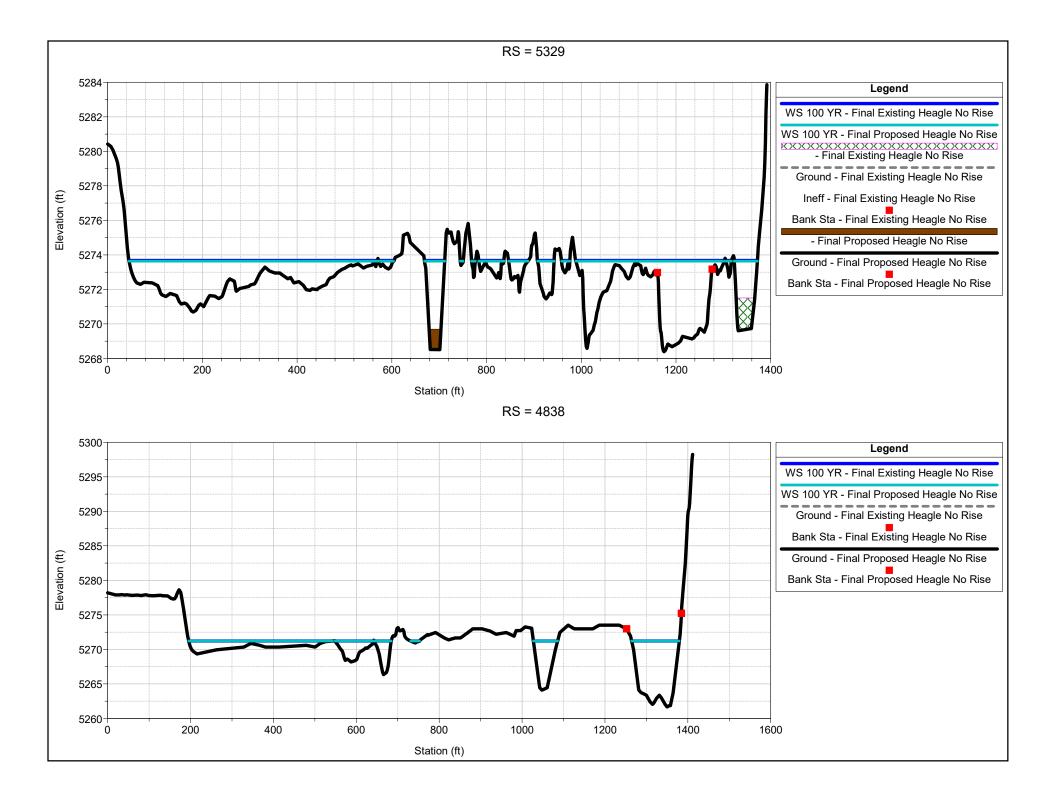


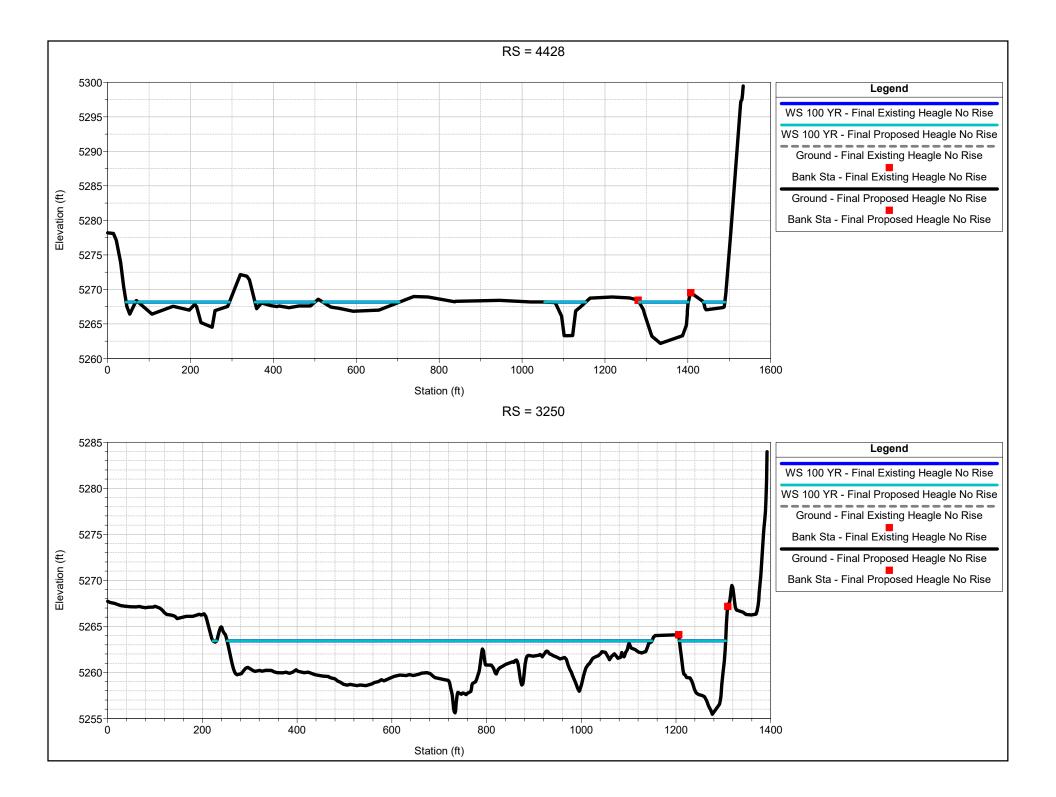


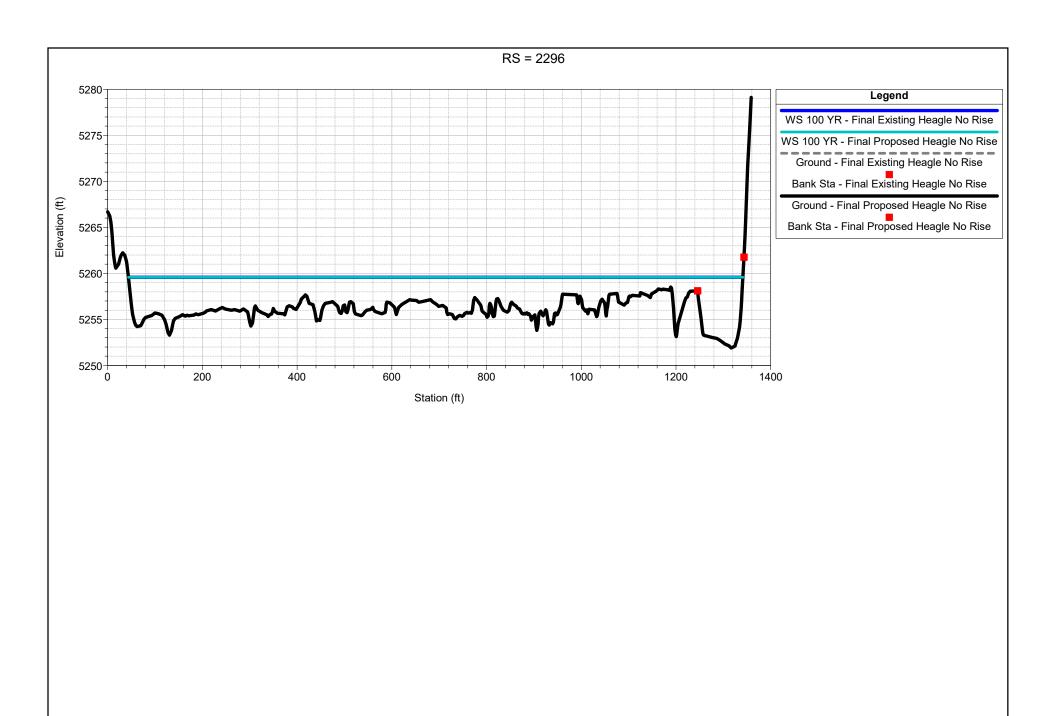












			Heagle Park Profile: 100 YR				-					
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Plan	E.G. Elev	W.S. Elev	Vel Head	Frctn Loss	C & E Loss	Q Left	Q Channel	Q Right	Top Width
Heagle Park	8977	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	(ft) 5295.03	(ft) 5294.89	(ft) 0.14	(ft) 5.74	(ft) 0.02	(cfs) 4604.15	(cfs) 1964.27	(cfs) 11.58	(ft) 1658.32
Heagle Park	8977	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5295.03	5294.89	0.14	5.73	0.02	4598.60	1969.88	11.50	1658.13
Heagle Park	7920	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5289.28	5288.95	0.33	1.97	0.03	4029.52	2550.48		1450.93
Heagle Park	7920	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5289.28	5288.95	0.33	1.97	0.03	4030.08	2549.92		1451.18
Heagle Park	7305	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5287.27	5287.06	0.21	0.33	0.01	2346.16	2922.40	1311.44	1296.07
Heagle Park	7305	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5287.27	5287.06	0.21	0.33	0.01	2345.83	2922.70	1311.47	1296.07
Heagle Park	7010	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5286.92	5286.57	0.35	0.82	0.07	1784.67	4795.33		1128.41
Heagle Park	7010	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5286.92	5286.57	0.35	0.82	0.08	1784.29	4795.71		1128.35
Heagle Park	6800.026	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5286.03	5284.94	1.10	1.06	0.03	1392.02	5187.99		383.41
Heagle Park	6800.026	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5286.03	5284.93	1.10	1.17	0.06	1389.95	5190.05		382.41
Heagle Park	6770.630	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5284.94	5283.95	0.99	0.98	0.01	1377.94	5202.06		476.41
Heagle Park	6770.630	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5284.81	5283.90	0.91	1.13	0.01	1818.56	4761.44		443.06
Heagle Park	6534	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5283.95	5282.87	1.08	1.71	0.12	976.35	4891.61	712.04	494.28
Heagle Park	6534	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5283.67	5282.68	0.99	1.71	0.12	829.09	4069.16	1681.76	494.20
Heagle Park	6408	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5282.12	5281.44	0.68	0.26	0.04	211.94	5682.98	685.08	777.71
Heagle Park	6408	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5281.95	5281.39	0.56	0.25	0.02	176.63	5228.32	1175.05	769.26
Headle Dark	6246	100 VD	Final Eviating Headle No Bine	5291.92	5001 00	0.53	0.17	0.01	172.40	5710.62	605.07	907.02
Heagle Park Heagle Park	6346 6346	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5281.82 5281.68	5281.28 5281.18	0.53	0.17	0.01	173.40 150.28	5710.63 5239.86	695.97 1189.87	807.92 784.29
indigio i uni		100 111		0201.00	0201110	0.00	0.11	0.01	100.20	0200.00	1100.01	
Heagle Park	6304	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5281.64	5281.06	0.59	0.32	0.06	197.99	5559.26	822.74	718.44
Heagle Park	6304	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5281.50	5281.03	0.47	0.35	0.11	183.61	4979.07	1417.32	715.53
	0040	400.3/17		5004.00	5000.04	1.00	0.50		101.00	5000.04	450.00	
Heagle Park Heagle Park	6246 6246	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5281.26 5281.04	5280.04 5279.48	1.22	0.53	0.02	161.03 8.80	5960.04 5898.00	458.93 673.20	830.30 475.05
Tieagle Faik	0240		Final Floposed fleagle Faik No Kise	5261.04	5279.40	1.50	0.00	0.24	0.00	3090.00	073.20	473.03
Heagle Park	6174	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5280.69	5279.53	1.16	0.65	0.01	242.37	5847.60	490.03	742.21
Heagle Park	6174	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5280.27	5279.52	0.74	0.50	0.02	614.30	4967.39	998.31	814.78
Heagle Park	6090	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5280.03 5279.75	5278.91	1.12 0.92	0.69	0.00	373.88	5812.51	393.61 816.91	702.01
Heagle Park	6090		Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	52/9./5	5278.84	0.92	0.59	0.00	438.76	5324.33	010.91	714.65
Heagle Park	6011	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5279.34	5278.22	1.12	0.61	0.10	245.08	5772.04	562.89	469.64
Heagle Park	6011	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5279.15	5278.19	0.96	0.54	0.09	330.39	5404.94	844.68	520.04
Heagle Park	5941	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5278.62	5277.86	0.77	0.89	0.01	728.37	5312.28	539.35	686.61
Heagle Park	5941	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5278.53	5277.86	0.67	0.84	0.01	692.21	5017.13	870.66	689.03
Heagle Park	5833	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5277.71	5277.00	0.72	1.08	0.04	1000.60	5026.03	553.37	753.19
Heagle Park	5833	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5277.68	5276.96	0.72	1.06	0.04	965.76	4975.07	639.17	732.06
Heagle Park	5719	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5276.59	5276.01	0.59	1.69	0.08	1395.69	4545.92	638.39	829.07
Heagle Park	5719	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5276.58	5276.01	0.57	1.67	0.07	1368.49	4445.15	766.36	829.45
Heagle Park	5455	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5274.82	5274.51	0.31	0.85	0.02	2814.69	3149.55	615.76	1188.33
Heagle Park	5455	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5274.84	5274.50	0.34	0.86	0.02	2688.73	3100.82	790.44	1146.98
Heagle Park	5329	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5273.95	5273.46	0.50	2.60	0.01	2558.62	3341.03	680.36	1076.38
Heagle Park	5329	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5273.97	5273.44	0.52	2.62	0.01	2326.20	3339.31	914.49	1066.08
Heagle Park	4838	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5271.34	5270.71	0.63	2.07	0.03	1314.43	5265.57		580.93
Heagle Park	4838	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5271.34	5270.71	0.63	2.07	0.03	1314.43	5265.57		580.93
			-									
Heagle Park	4428	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5269.24	5268.70	0.54	6.44	0.08	2275.91	4203.40	100.69	1203.08
Heagle Park	4428	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5269.24	5268.70	0.54	6.44	0.08	2275.91	4203.40	100.69	1203.08
Heagle Park	3250	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5262.72	5262.45	0.27	5.15	0.01	3995.74	2584.26		956.87
Heagle Park	3250	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5262.72	5262.45	0.27	5.15	0.01	3995.74	2584.26		956.87
Heagle Park	2296	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	5257.57	5257.23	0.34			4161.16	2418.84		1093.55
Heagle Park	2296	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	5257.57	5257.23	0.34			4161.16	2418.84		1093.55

HEC-RAS Rive Reach	er: Big Wood R River Sta	iver Reach: I Profile	Heagle Park Profile: 100 YR Plan	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
				(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Heagle Park	8977	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5290.13	5294.89	5292.28	5295.03	0.003430	4.88	3438.77	1658.32	0.47
Heagle Park	8977	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5290.13	5294.89	5292.28	5295.03	0.003426	4.88	3438.09	1658.13	0.47
Heagle Park	7920	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5285.92	5288.95	5288.52	5289.28	0.009877	6.92	2367.60	1450.93	0.76
Heagle Park	7920	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5285.92	5288.95	5288.52	5289.28	0.009860	6.92	2369.01	1451.18	0.76
U D d.	7005	400.1/D	First Estation Handle Ma Disc	0500.00	5070 50	5007.00	5005.00	5007.07	0.004544	5.07	0540.04	4000.07	0.05
Heagle Park Heagle Park	7305 7305	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00 6580.00	5278.53 5278.53	5287.06 5287.06	5285.22 5285.22	5287.27 5287.27	0.001514	5.27 5.27	3512.94 3512.31	1296.07 1296.07	0.35
- Tougio Func			That Proposed Heagle Fail No Files	0000.00	02/0.00	0201.00	0200.22	0207.27	0.001010	0.21	0012.01	1200.01	0.00
Heagle Park	7010	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5278.82	5286.57	5284.44	5286.92	0.002467	5.52	2529.79	1128.41	0.39
Heagle Park	7010	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5278.82	5286.57	5284.44	5286.92	0.002468	5.52	2529.24	1128.35	0.39
Heagle Park	6800.026	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5276.77	5284.94	5284.24	5286.03	0.007720	9.38	1126.79	383.41	0.67
Heagle Park	6800.026	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5276.77	5284.93	5284.24	5286.03	0.007746	9.39	1124.92	382.41	0.68
Lissala Deda	0770.000	400.1/D	Final Existing Hands No. Disc	0500.00	5077.40	5000.05	5000 44	5004.04	0.007000	0.00	4000.40	170.44	0.00
Heagle Park Heagle Park	6770.630 6770.630	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00 6580.00	5277.18 5277.18	5283.95 5283.90	5283.44 5283.38	5284.94 5284.81	0.007990	8.92 8.84	1226.18 1242.95	476.41 443.06	0.68
g			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Heagle Park	6534	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5275.34	5282.87	5282.61	5283.95	0.009117	9.40	1153.24	494.28	0.72
Heagle Park	6534	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5275.34	5282.68	5282.22	5283.67	0.010008	8.83	1117.91	486.80	0.72
Heagle Park	6408	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5273.87	5281.44	5280.36	5282.12	0.005664	7.07	1345.46	777.71	0.56
Heagle Park	6408	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5273.87	5281.39	5279.99	5281.95	0.004946	6.58	1391.07	769.26	0.52
U D d.	00.40	400.1/D	Final Estation Handa Ma Disa	0500.00	5070.00	5004.00	5070.44	5004.00	0.000007	0.07	4040.50	007.00	0.40
Heagle Park Heagle Park	6346 6346	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00 6580.00	5273.38 5273.46	5281.28 5281.18	5279.41 5279.60	5281.82 5281.68	0.003637 0.004145	6.27 6.24	1616.59 1564.09	807.92 784.29	0.46
			·										
Heagle Park	6304	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5273.60	5281.06	5279.98	5281.64	0.004701	6.64	1523.26	718.44	0.52
Heagle Park	6304	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5273.60	5281.03	5279.62	5281.50	0.004476	6.19	1569.90	715.53	0.49
Heagle Park	6246	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5270.69	5280.04	5280.04	5281.26	0.007795	9.29	1084.19	830.30	0.69
Heagle Park	6246	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5270.69	5279.48	5279.25	5281.04	0.012317	10.47	741.84	475.05	0.84
Lleesle Derk	6474	100 VD	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6590.00	E074.04	5070.50	E070 40	E200.60	0.007077	0.14	4454.00	740.04	0.65
Heagle Park Heagle Park	6174 6174	100 YR 100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00 6580.00	5271.81 5271.81	5279.53 5279.52	5279.42 5278.25	5280.69 5280.27	0.007077	9.14 7.85	1154.88 1421.96	742.21 814.78	0.65
5													
Heagle Park	6090	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5272.09	5278.91	5278.81	5280.03	0.008418	9.02	1140.73	702.01	0.70
Heagle Park	6090	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5272.09	5278.84	5278.31	5279.75	0.007156	8.43	1203.38	714.65	0.64
Heagle Park	6011	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5272.48	5278.22	5277.62	5279.34	0.009050	8.96	960.10	469.64	0.71
Heagle Park	6011	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5272.48	5278.19	5277.48	5279.15	0.007911	8.45	1053.45	520.04	0.67
Heagle Park	5941	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5271.93	5277.86	5277.37	5278.62	0.008511	7.73	1304.67	686.61	0.67
Heagle Park	5941	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5271.93	5277.86	5277.20	5278.53	0.007547	7.28	1347.88	689.03	0.63
Heagle Park	5833 5833	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00 6580.00	5270.14 5270.14	5277.00 5276.96	5276.37 5276.31	5277.71 5277.68	0.008459 0.008483	7.58 7.57	1375.35 1361.73	753.19 732.06	0.66
Heagle Park	5655		Final Floposed heagle Faik No Kise	0380.00	5270.14	5270.90	5270.31	5211.00	0.000403	7.57	1301.73	732.00	0.00
Heagle Park	5719	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5269.99	5276.01	5275.53	5276.59	0.008874	6.97	1572.11	829.07	0.66
Heagle Park	5719	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5269.99	5276.01	5275.45	5276.58	0.008473	6.80	1588.27	829.45	0.65
Heagle Park	5455	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5269.16	5274.51	5273.58	5274.82	0.005316	5.86	2026.06	1188.33	0.53
Heagle Park	5455	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5269.16	5274.50	5273.57	5274.84	0.005385	6.04	1978.98	1146.98	0.53
	5000	(00)/5			5000.00	5070 (0	5070.04	5070.05	0.007055	7.07	1010.05	1070.00	
Heagle Park Heagle Park	5329 5329	100 YR 100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00 6580.00	5268.39 5268.39	5273.46 5273.44	5272.84 5272.88	5273.95 5273.97	0.007855	7.27	1643.25 1622.36	1076.38 1066.08	0.64
	0020		- mail roposed nedgie r ant no mise	0000.00	5200.38	0210.44	5212.00	5215.81	0.001001	1.30	1022.00	1000.00	0.00
Heagle Park	4838	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5261.66	5270.71	5268.15	5271.34	0.003996	7.00	1328.63	580.93	0.48
Heagle Park	4838	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5261.66	5270.71	5268.15	5271.34	0.003996	7.00	1328.63	580.93	0.48
Heagle Park	4428	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5262.17	5268.70	5268.15	5269.24	0.006153	7.22	1871.28	1203.08	0.59
Heagle Park	4428	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5262.17	5268.70	5268.15	5269.24	0.006153	7.22	1871.28	1203.08	0.59
Headle Dork	3250	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5255.45	5262.45	5261.30	5262.72	0.004880	6.15	2446.27	956.87	0.51
Heagle Park Heagle Park	3250	100 YR 100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5255.45	5262.45	5261.30	5262.72	0.004880	6.15	2446.27	956.87	0.51
Heagle Park	2296	100 YR	Final Existing Heagle No Rise	6580.00	5251.90	5257.23	5256.87	5257.57	0.006002	6.46	1689.28	1093.55	0.56
Heagle Park	2296	100 YR	Final Proposed Heagle Park No Rise	6580.00	5251.90	5257.23	5256.87	5257.57	0.006002	6.46	1689.28	1093.55	0.56

# Appendix C. FEMA Supporting Data

		Peak Discharges (cfs)					
Flooding Source and Location	Drainage Area (square miles)	10-percent- annual-chance	2-percent- annual-chance	1-percent- annual-chance	0.2-percent- annual-chance		
Big Wood River							
At Cross Section A	822	3,480	4,880	5,360	6,280		
At Cross Section H	800	3,430	4,880	5,360	6,280		
At Cross Section N	779	3,430	4,935	5,510	6,495		
At Cross Section O	777	3,430	4,990	5,710	6,710		
At Cross Section P	774	3,430	5,045	5,860	6,925		
At Cross Section Q	771	3,430	5,100	6,060	7,140		
At Cross Section R	768	3,430	5,155	6,210	7,355		
At Cross Section S	764	3,430	5,210	6,410	7,570		
At Cross Section T	759	3,430	5,265	6,560	7,785		
At Cross Section U	755	3,430	5,350	6,790	8,000		
At Cross Section V	754	3,650	5,750	7,500	9,000		
At Cross Section AE	748	4,420	6,300	7,500	9,900		
Below Croy Creek	684	4,170	5,890	6,580	8,190		
Below Indian Creek	624	4,280	6,000	6,680	8,290		
Below East Fork Big Wood River	518	3,990	5,540	6,200	7,700		
Below Trail Creek	403	3,430	4,750	5,320	6,600		
Below Warm Springs Creek	336	3,050	4,220	4,740	5,890		
Below North Fork Big Wood River	178	1,860	2,570	2,880	3,580		
Aspen Lakes Drive Overflow Channel	1	1	720	1,300	2,510		
Big Wood River Overflow Channel At Broadford Road	1	1,543	2,750	3,195	4,266		

#### Table 4. Summary of Discharges

¹Data not available

FLOODING	SOURCE		FLOODWAY		1-PERCENT-ANNUAL-CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE1	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY (FEET NAVD)	INCREASE (FEET)
Big Wood River (continued)								
AA	409.68	190	940	8.0	5,089.0	5,089.0	5,089.0	0.0
AB	411.32	655	2,400	3.1	5,097.7	5,097.7	5,097.7	0.0
AC	413.06	573	1,955	3.8	5,105.3	5,105.3	5,105.3	0.0
AD	414.12	255	1,185	6.3	5,111.0	5,111.0	5,111.0	0.0
AE	416.86	510	1,915	3.9	5,125.7	5,125.7	5,126.6	0.9
AF	418.87	310	1,495	5.0	5,136.9	5,136.9	5,137.6	0.7
AG	419.77	615	1,943	3.9	5,141.9	5,141.9	5,142.8	0.9
AH	420.24	440	1,712	4.4	5,144.5	5,144.5	5,145.5	1.0
AI	420.87	450	2,120	3.5	5,148.0	5,148.0	5,148.7	0.7
AJ	421.72	350	1,185	6.3	5,153.1	5,153.1	5,153.2	0.1
AK	422.41	590	1,828	4.1	5,157.9	5,157.9	5,158.8	0.9
AL	422.51	655	2,260	3.3	5,158.6	5,158.6	5,159.6	1.0
AM	423.14	190	832	9.0	5,163.3	5,163.3	5,164.2	0.9
AN	423.66	188	635	5.3	5,165.5	5,165.5	5,166.1	0.6
AO	425.13	221	713	4.7	5,173.3	5,173.3	5,174.2	0.9
AP	426.29	320	818	4.1	5,180.2	5,180.2	5,180.2	0.0
AQ	427.77	320	573	5.9	5,187.7	5,187.7	5,188.0	0.3
AR	430.02	563	940	3.6	5,201.8	5,201.8	5,201.8	0.0
AS	430.75	241	600	5.6	5,205.0	5,205.0	5,205.1	0.1
AT	431.69	388	752	4.5	5,210.8	5,210.8	5,210.8	0.0
AU	432.96	321	687	4.9	5,217.6	5,217.6	5,217.7	0.1
AV	434.21	191	615	5.5	5,224.4	5,224.4	5,224.4	0.0
AW	435.54	379	782	4.3	5,231.1	5,231.1	5,231.1	0.0
AX	436.84	106	462	7.3	5,237.8	5,237.8	5,237.8	0.0
A.V.	420.02	546	1 522	13	5 248 8	5 249 9	5 240 6	0.8
AZ	440.79	700	2,023	3.3	5,256.4	5,256.4	5,257.3	0.9
Thousands of feet	above mouth							
FEDERAL EMER	GENCY MANAGE	EMENT AGENCY	FLOODWAY DATA					
	E COUNTY, I ORPORATED		BIG WOOD RIVER					

FLOODING	SOURCE		FLOODWAY		1-PERCENT-ANNUAL-CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION				
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE1	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY (FEET NAVD)	INCREASE (FEET)	
ig Wood River									
BA	441.73	581	1,444	4.6	5,261.4	5,261.4	5,261.9	0.5	
BB	443.31	337	899	7.3	5,270.3	5,270.3	5,271.0	0.7	
BC	444.43	453	1,506	4.4	5,277.1	5,277.1	5,278.1	1.0	
BD	444.95	226	928	7.2	5,279.3	5,279.3	5,280.2	0.9	
BE	446.23	154	760	8.8	5,288.0	5,288.0	5,288.0	0.0	
BF	447.33	514	1,864	3.6	5,293.1	5,293.1	5,294.0	0.9	
BG	449.81	116	756	8.8	5,306.2	5,306.2	5,307.1	0.9	
BH	450.78	119	796	8.4	5,311.9	5,311.9	5,311.9	0.0	
BI	451.36	120	652	10.2	5,314.7	5,314.7	5,314.8	0.1	
BJ	451.99	155	832	8.0	5,318.8	5,318.8	5,318.8	0.0	
BK	453.07	103	630	10.6	5,325.0	5,325.0	5,325.0	0.0	
BL	455.10	160	877	7.6	5,338.1	5,338.1	5,338.8	0.7	
BM	456.09	123	762	8.8	5,342.7	5,342.7	5,343.7	1.0	
BN	457.06	102	600	11.1	5,349.7	5,349.7	5,349.7	0.0	
BO	458.80	386	1,289	5.2	5,360.8	5,360.8	5,361.6	0.8	
BP	459.40	257	926	7.2	5,364.2	5,364.2	5,364.3	0.1	
BQ	461.34	358	1,116	5.6	5,374.6	5,374.6	5,375.5	0.9	
BR	462.84	491	1,605	3.9	5,383.2	5,383.2	5,383.8	0.6	
BS	463.85	228	683	9.1	5,389.0	5,389.0	5,389.1	0.1	
BT	464.62	133	717	8.6	5,395.2	5,395.2	5,395.9	0.7	
BU	466.71	716	1,609	3.9	5,408.0	5,408.0	5,408.4	0.4	
BV	467.55	312	877	7.1	5,414.2	5,414.2	5,414.2	0.0	
BW	467.75	160	828	7.5	5,415.4	5,415.4	5,415.4	0.0	
BX	469.35	166	685	9.0	5,423.9	5,423.9	5,424.5	0.6	
BY	471.60	722	1,609	3.9	5,437.6	5,437.6	5,437.8	0.2	
BZ	473.21	891	782	7.9	5,448.9	5,448.9	5,448.9	0.0	
housands of feet	t above mouth								
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY				FLOODWAY DATA					
	E COUNTY, I			BIG WOOD RIVER					

#### NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community may expessionly should be consulted for possible updated or additional food hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (IPEs), to obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (IPEs), there are a set Toolness, Data more of the TRM represent Powellon Statis concerned where the Pool base sets and the TRM represent Powellon Statis about 20 more than BFCs about the TRM represent Powellon Base about 20 more than the TCS about the TRM represent Powellon Base about 20 more than the TCS about the TRM represent Powellon Base about 20 more than the TCS report house that under the TRM to powellow the TRM to powellow of controlled on the TRM for powellow.

Boundaries of the **Rookings** were compared at cross sections and meterolistic between cross section. The Boundary were based only hydroid, considerations, with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Toochary with and other perturber Bookwy data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study Report for this junisdiction.

Certain areas not an Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study Report for Information on flood control structures for this juliadiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercain (UTM) zone rt. The functional adumn was HAD 85, GRS 1980 aboved. Definition is adure, patiencial, projection or UTM zones used in the adurences in map features across paraticition boundaries. These differences do not which the accuracy of the FRAL.

Pool elevations on his may are informed to the North American Vertical Datam of 1985. These food elevations must be compared to structure and provid elevations referenced to the similar vertical datam. For information regarding convention between the National Geodetic Vertical Datam of 1923 and the North American Vertical Datam of 1985. visit the National Geodetic Survey action as <u>Info/Werrow cast ones does</u> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NGAA, NNGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the information Services Branch of the Nation Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or wait its website at <u>http://www.nos.rooks.gov</u>

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from multiple sources. Base map lies were provided in digital format by the Base of Islane and Base County This antomation was compaind from the U.S. Gedolgoad, Survey (2007). Base County CH2 Department (2009), Island Department of Valeer Resources (2009) Island Denation (24200).

The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles in the FIS report. As a result of improved topographic data, the profile baseline, in some cates, may deviate significantly from the channel contentine or appear outside the SPHA.

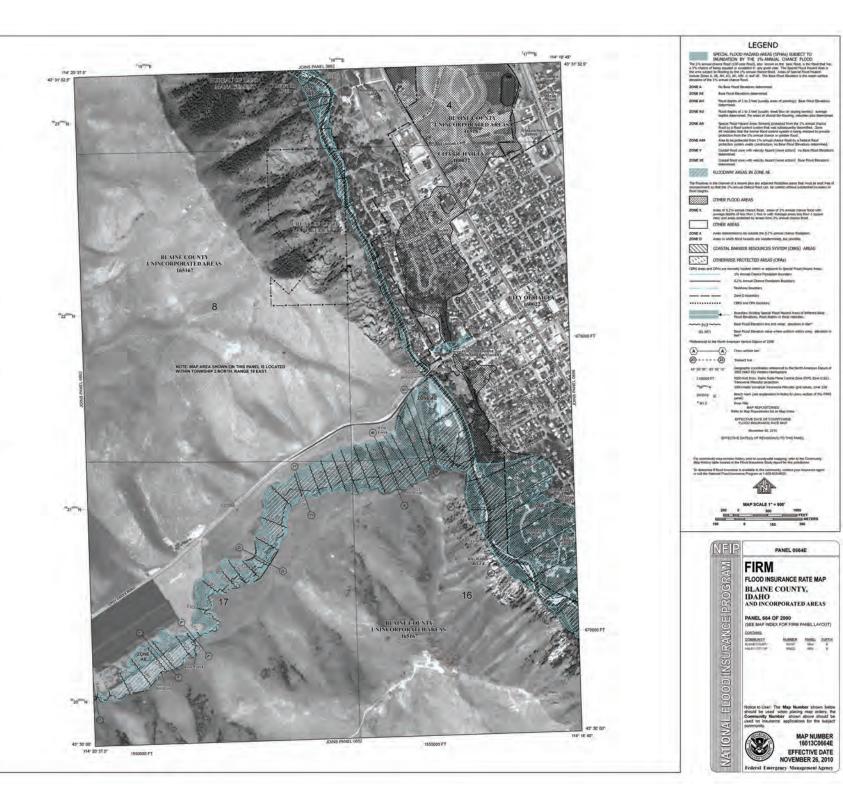
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Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to amneastions or de-amneastions may have occurred after the map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

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Contract the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-500-358-3615 for information on available products essociated with this FIMM. Available products may include provisionly stated letters of Map Change. a Flood Intervine Statyl Report. and/or digital ventions of this map. The FEMA Map Service Center may lake be needed by Face at 1-802-364-902 and its verboard at the Immediate gov.

If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Riood Insutance Program in general, please call 1: 677- FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or vali the FEMA website at <u>http://www.fema.gov/businest/http:/</u>



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NGS Information Services NGAA, NNGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #2022 1315 East-View Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

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Base map information shows on this FIRM was derived from indicating Base map files sere provided in digital formal by the State of latina and Basine County This information was consigned from the U.S. Geological Survey (2007). Balane County (2005) Department (2008), ISBND Capatrimetel of Walker Resources (2006), ISBND Exercise of Landon Augument (2006), ISBND Capatrianet of Walker Resources (2006), ISBND Exercise of Landon Augument (2006), ISBND Capatrianet of Walker Resources (2006), ISBND Exercise of Landon Augument (2006), ISBND Capatrianet of Walker Resources (2007), ISBND Exercise of Landon Augument (2006), ISBND Capatrianet of Walker Resources (2007), ISBND Exercise (2007),

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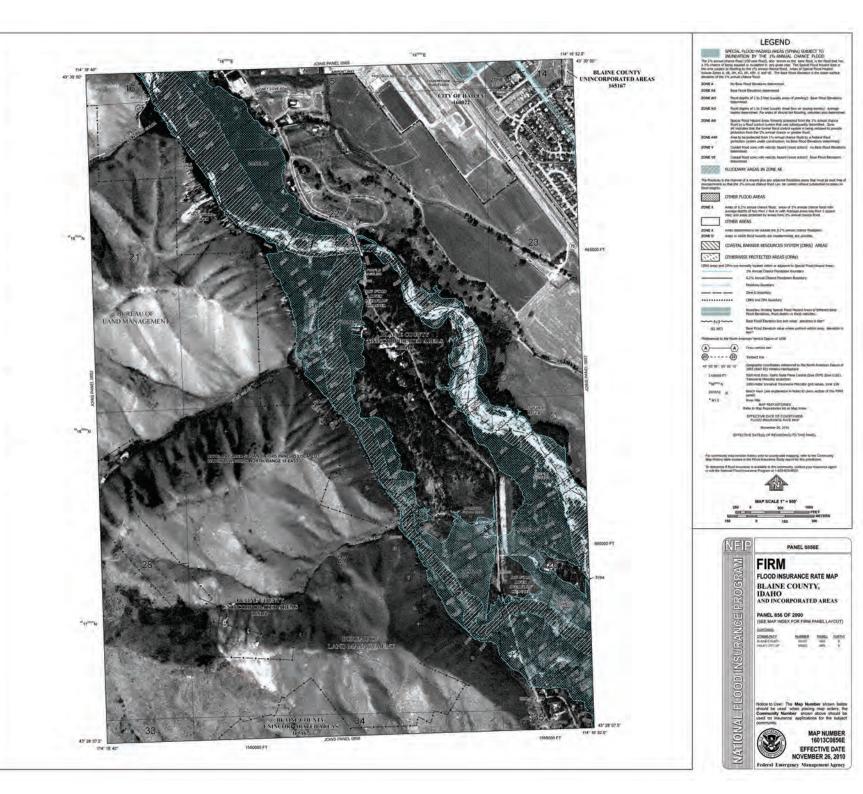
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Contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-500-338-9616 for information on available products essociated with this FIRM. Available products may include provisionly alwales (Beter of Map Change, is Flood Insures Situdy Report, and/or digital centers of elss miss. The FEMA Map Service Center may alwa be reacted by Flood. I 400-324-9620 and its review of this immediate agree.

If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Riood Insutance Program in general, please call 1- 677- FEMA MAP (1-677-336-2627) or vali the FEMA website at <u>http://www.fema.gov/bioincest/http:</u>



# **Return to Agenda**



#### STAFF REPORT Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission Regular Meeting of May 20, 2024

To:	Hailey Planning and Zoning Commission
From:	Emily Rodrigue, City Planner/Resilience Planner
Overview:	Consideration of a Design Review Application by Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware, represented by Mark Gasenica, for the construction of a new 3,090 square foot addition, to be located at 921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park), within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District.
Hearing:	May 20, 2024
Applicant:	Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware
Location:	921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park Subdivision)
Zoning/Size:	Light Industrial (LI)/1.47 acres (64,033 sq. ft.)

**Notice:** Notice for the public hearing was published in the Idaho Mountain Express on April 30, 2024 and mailed to property owners within 300 feet on April 30, 2024.

**Application:** The Applicant is seeking approval to construct a 3,090 square foot addition to the existing commercial building known as Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware. Additionally, the Applicant intends to reconfigure and formalize the property's onsite parking area along Airport Way, as well as install right-of-way improvements along the property's Airport Way frontage.

The programming of the proposed addition is as follows:

- 1,898 square feet of new ground-floor retail and storage space
- 976 square feet of new second-story office and breakroom space (directly above new ground-floor retail space)
- 216 square feet of new second-story deck space
- Twenty-six (26) newly striped, angled parking spaces in the existing parking area along Airport Way. This also includes one (1) ADA compliant parking space.
- New signage and site operations, directing all parking area traffic to move north to south when entering and exiting the lot.
- Right-of-way improvements along Airport Way, including curb and gutter, sidewalk, street trees, and landscaping buffer.

Access to the site will remain along Airport Way. However, the Applicant intends to install curb, gutter, and sidewalk features along the property's eastern frontage, limiting parking area access to a singular point of entry at the north end of the parking area, and a singular point of exit at the south end of the parking area. The Applicant also intends to add twenty-six (26) striped, angled parking spaces to the site's parking area. As it currently exists, the parking area has limited striped spaces, and it generally functions with "self-directed" parking. Ingress/egress occurs along the entirety of the Airport Way

property frontage. According to the Applicant - and anecdotally - the parking area has irregular parking patterns, unpredictable lines of sight, and can be somewhat chaotic to navigate. The Applicant hopes to improve both site safety and function with these parking area enhancements.

Staff would also like to note that they will be exploring joint parking area approach opportunities with the USPS property directly to the north. This research should not inhibit the Applicant's request, nor the Commission's decision, to construct the commercial addition.

The Applicant has also shown new, separated sidewalks along the entirety of the property's Airport Way frontage. City of Hailey Staff enthusiastically support the addition of this pedestrian feature, as there is currently limited sidewalk connectivity in this area of Airport Way, and the road has been previously designated as a multi-modal transit route for the City of Hailey. However, a "typical section" for street/right-of-way design (similar to that of River Street) does not currently exist for the Airport Way area. Community Development Staff are currently working closely with the Public Works Department, City Engineer, and City Administration to develop a typical section for this area of Hailey, so that future development may have design guidance and requirements that help build an integrated, attractive, well-functioning multi-modal transportation corridor along Airport Way.

The Applicant is strongly encouraged to work internally with Staff to design and implement right-of-way improvements that support broader Airport Way connectivity/"Complete Streets" and/or City of Hailey Standard Drawings in the future. This includes drought tolerant and/or pollinator-enhancing landscaping, as well as street trees and water-conserving irrigation. Not only will these additional right-of-way landscaping features enhance the visual value of Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware, but these measures can greatly enhance the environmental resilience of this section of Airport Way.

Potential resilience benefits include:

- Lower ambient air and radiative surface temperatures
- CO² absorption and improved air quality
- Improved precipitation runoff control, soil moisture, and groundwater retention
- Improved bird and insect habitat and pollination services

To further encourage such enhancements and support resilience benefits as aforesaid, this parcel is part of the newly created Airport Way Urban Renewal District (as of December 2021). Any public right-of-way enhancements, modifications, and/or development may qualify for reimbursement from the Urban Renewal Agency, of which Staff and the Applicant will work internally to formalize.

Given the information above, Staff encourages the Commission to consider the outsized impact that additional right-of-way landscaping will hold for this area, as asphalt surfaces and heavy vehicle, machinery, and aircraft traffic are dominating features in this reach of Airport Way.

**Procedural History:** The Application was submitted on April 23, 2024, and certified complete on April 24, 2024. A public hearing before the Planning and Zoning Commission for approval or denial of the project will be held on May 20, 2024, in the Council Chamber and virtually via Microsoft Teams.

			Genera	l Requirements for all Design Review Applications
Co	omplia	nt		Standards and Staff Comments
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards and Staff Comments
			17.06.050	Complete Application
			Department Comments	Engineering and Streets: The Streets Division and the City Engineer are currently finalizing the required design specifications for the property's right-of-way area along Airport Way. They will ensure to communicate these standards promptly and comprehensively to the Applicant. The Applicant shall meet with City Staff to design and submit a final right-of-way improvement plan, to include but not be limited to: sidewalks, street trees, and low water and low maintenance landscaping, prior to the Applicant's submittal for a Building Permit. While Staff are requiring the public right-of-way infrastructure to be installed by the Applicant, if, after formalizing the Airport Way Typical Section, it is determined that an in-lieu fee for infrastructure would be more appropriate, Staff would like to retain this as a possible option. This has been made a Condition of Approval. Life/Safety: No comments. Building: No comments.
			17.08A Signs Staff Comments	<ul> <li>17.08A Signs: The applicant is hereby advised that a sign permit is required for any signage exceeding four square feet in sign area. Approval of signage areas or signage plan in Design Review does not constitute approval of a sign permit.</li> <li>Two (2) new signs are proposed for the site, utilized for directing vehicular traffic into and out of the onsite parking area. Each sign will be 12" tall, 18" wide, with appropriately alternating text (based on directionality) that directs traffic into and out of the site at singular points. The signs will be supported by a 2" square tube post, 8' tall.</li> <li>The Applicant is aware of the sign permit requirement; however, the size of signs proposed does not warrant a sign permit. If any future signage to the building occurs, an approved Sign Permit Application will be required prior to signage installation.</li> </ul>
□?			17.09.040 On- site Parking Req.	See Section 17.09.040 for applicable code.

	Required: 1 space for 1,000 square feet, or, if the site is considered warehouse and storage, 1 space per every (full time) employee, whichever is greater.
Staff Comments	The Site Plan shows a total of twenty-six (26) onsite parking spaces, which includes one (1) accessible space. These spaces are head-in spaces accessed off of the public street, Airport Way. The Applicant is proposing to limit access to onsite parking to entry at the north end of the site, and exit at the south end of the site. City Regulations require that twenty-one (21) parking spaces be provided. Additional areas are available onsite for loading and warehouse activities. Pursuant Section 17.09.020.02, one (1) loading space shall be provided for any single retail, wholesale or warehouse occupancy with a floor area in excess of 4,000 square feet, except grocery and convenience stores. The existing and proposed total square area for retail/warehouse space at the site is 19,909 square feet. The Applicant has provided site plans that show one (1) loading dock area at the interior of the site, accessed via the existing south entry point, and located directly adjacent to the new storage and new retail spaces (see below).
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	The project meets the number of parking and loading spaces required by the Hailey Municipal Code.
	That said, Staff are aware that the Applicant currently uses a "back-in" approach along the south side of the existing building for freight access and large deliveries. This approach requires the vehicle driver to turn into the parking area on the opposite side of Airport Way (920 Airport Way, currently overflow parking for Karl Malone Ford), move in reverse across Airport Way, and temporarily block southern ingress/egress at the site. Given the Applicant's new proposed entry/exit scheme and parking area reconfiguration, Staff have some level of concern for ongoing site operation and freight delivery. The Applicant and the Commission may wish to discuss alternative parking area configurations (i.e., space locations and/or number of spaces provided) that would allow for an adequate turning radius of freight vehicles, while still ensuring parking requirements are met and pedestrian safety is upheld.
17.08C.040 Outdoor	17.08C.040 General Standards

	1	1	
$\boxtimes$		Lighting	a. All exterior lighting shall be designed, located and lamped in order to
		Standards	prevent:
			1. Overlighting;
			<ol> <li>Energy waste;</li> <li>Glare;</li> </ol>
			4. Light Trespass;
			5. Skyglow.
			b. All non-essential exterior commercial and residential lighting is encouraged
			to be turned off after business hours and/or when not in use. Lights on a
			timer are encouraged. Sensor activated lights are encouraged to replace
			existing lighting that is desired for security purposes.
			c. Canopy lights, such as service station lighting shall be fully recessed or fully
			shielded so as to ensure that no light source is visible from or causes glare
			on public rights of way or adjacent properties.
			d. Area lights. All area lights are encouraged to be eighty-five (85) degree full
			cut-off type luminaires.
			e. Idaho Power shall not install any luminaires after the effective date of this
			Article that lights the public right of way without first receiving approval
		Staff	for any such application by the Lighting Administrator
		Comments	The Applicant is proposing four (4) new light fixtures that are downcast and utilize
		comments	energy efficient LED bulbs. All proposed fixtures will be Dark Sky Compliant. Three
			(3) light fixtures will be located on the upper-level deck area, and one (1) light
			fixture will be placed adjacent to the new metal overhead door associated with the
			loading area.
$\boxtimes$		Bulk	Light Industrial (LI) Zone District:
		Requirements	
			- Maximum Building Height: 35 feet
			- Front Yard Setback: 10 feet
			- Side Yard Setbacks: 10 feet
			- Rear Yard Setback: 10 feet
			- Lot Coverage: 75%
		Staff	The Applicant is proposing:
		Comments	
			- Building Height: 27'-6"
			- Front Yard Setback: 143'
			- Side Yard Setbacks: 60' (south), 50' (north)
			- Rear Yard Setback: 150'
			- Lot Coverage: 37%
			All setbacks, building height and lot coverage requirements have been met.
$\boxtimes$		17.06.070(A)1	Sidewalks and drainage improvements are required in all zoning districts, except as
			otherwise provided herein.
		Street	
		Improvements	
		Required	
		Chaff	
		Staff Comments	No sidewalks exist along the property's Airport Way frontage, although this
		comments	infrastructure does exist directly to the north of the site (Hailey Post Office),
			northeast of the site (Karl Malone Ford Dealership), and southeast of the site (Rocky
			Mountain Hardware). As discussed previously in this Staff Report, an Airport Way
			"typical section" is currently being developed by City of Hailey Staff. This will include
			sidewalks, as well as curb and gutter, landscaping, street trees, and possible bike

			infrastructure. The Applicant has shown sidewalk infrastructure along Airport Way, which Staff are in full support of. However, Staff would like to ensure that any right- of-way improvements constructed in conjunction with this development are cohesive with long-range streetscape design standards for Airport Way, which will likely include other features, in addition to sidewalks. The Applicant shall meet with City Staff to design and submit a final right-of-way improvement plan, to include but not be limited to: sidewalks, street trees, and low water and low maintenance landscaping, prior to the Applicant's submittal for a Building Permit. While Staff are requiring the public right-of-way infrastructure to be installed by the Applicant, if, after formalizing the Airport Way Typical Section, it is determined that an in-lieu fee for infrastructure would be more appropriate, Staff would like to retain this as a possible option. This has been made a Condition of Approval.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.070(B) Required Water System Improvements	In the Townsite Overlay District, any proposal for new construction or addition of a garage accessing from the alley, where water main lines within the alley are less than six (6) feet deep, the developer shall install insulating material (blue board insulation or similar material) for each and every individual water service line and main line between and including the subject property and the nearest public street, as recommended by the City Engineer.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as this parcel is not located within the Townsite Overlay (TO) Zoning District.

#### Design Review Requirements for Non-Residential, Multifamily, and/or Mixed-Use Buildings within the City of Hailey

#### 1. Site Planning: 17.06.080(A)1, items (a) thru (n)

Co	Compliant			Standards and Staff Comments				
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards and Staff Comments				
			17.06.080(A)1a	a. The location, orientation and surface of buildings shall maximize, to the greatest extent possible sun exposure in exterior spaces to create spaces around buildings that are usable by the residents and allow for safe access to buildings.				
			Staff Comments	The orientations of the proposed additions follow south (new retail, office/breakroom, exterior deck) and west-facing (new storage) patterns, respectively. The second-floor exterior deck will especially benefit from its south- facing orientation and southerly location in terms of sun exposure and the promotion of usable spaces.				

#### Design Review: Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware 921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park Subdivision) Hailey Planning Zoning Commission – May 20, 2024 Staff Report – Page 7 of 17

				Customer and employee access to the building will not change with the proposed additions.
			17.06.080(A)1b	b. All existing plant material shall be inventoried and delineated, to scale, and noted whether it is to be preserved, relocated or removed. Removal of trees larger than 6-inch caliper proposed to be removed require an arborist review. Any tree destroyed or mortally injured after previously being identified to be preserved, or removed without authorization, shall be replaced with a species of tree found in the Tree Guide and shall be a minimum of 4-inch caliper.
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no existing plant material, trees and landscaping exists on the site.
□?			17.06.080(A)1c	c. Site circulation shall be designed so pedestrians have safe access to and through the site and to building.
			Staff Comments	Generally speaking, safe access to the building will remain with the proposed additions, and day-to-day parking area safety enhancements are anticipated with the parking space striping and single-direction entry/exit circulation scheme.
				However, as previously mentioned in this Staff Report, freight delivery and truck onloading along the building's southern elevation may – at times - impact site circulation and safe access to buildings, especially for pedestrians. The Applicant and the Commission may wish to discuss alternative parking area configurations (i.e., space locations and/or number of spaces provided) that would allow for an adequate turning radius of freight vehicles, while still ensuring parking requirements are met and overall pedestrian safety is upheld. While Staff are requiring the public right-of-way infrastructure to be installed by the Applicant, if, after formalizing the Airport Way Typical Section, it is determined that an in-lieu fee for infrastructure would be more appropriate, Staff would like to retain this as a possible option.
			17.06.080(A)1d	<ul> <li>d. Building services including loading areas, trash storage/pickup areas and utility boxes shall be located at the rear of a building; the side of the building adjacent to an internal lot line may be considered as an alternate location. These areas shall be designed in a manner to minimize conflict among uses and shall not interfere with other uses, such as snow storage. These areas shall be screened with landscaping, enclosures, fencing or by the principal building.</li> </ul>
			Staff Comments	The loading area shown on site plans is located at the rear of the existing building, which also serves as a screening mechanism for the loading area from
			17.06.080(A)1e Staff Comments	Airport Way and the retail entrance to Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware.       e.         e.       Where alleys exist, or are planned, they shall be utilized for building services.         N/A, as no alley exists and none is proposed.
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)1f	<ul> <li>f. Vending machines located on the exterior of a building shall not be visible from any street.</li> </ul>
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no vending machines are proposed.
			17.06.080(A)1g	<ul> <li>g. On-site parking areas shall be located at the rear of the building and screened from the street. Parking and access shall not be obstructed by snow accumulation. (NOTE: If project is located in Airport West Subdivision, certain standards may apply that are not listed here. See code for details.) <ol> <li>Parking areas located within the SCI zoning district may be located at the side or rear of the building.</li> <li>Parking areas may be considered at the side of buildings within the B, LB, TI and LI zoning districts provided a useable prominent</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

			entrance is located on the front of the building and the parking area
		Staff Comments	is buffered from the sidewalk adjacent to the street. The project is located within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District. A usable,
			prominent entrance for the existing building is located at the front of the building,
			facing Airport Way. However, this parking area is neither at the rear nor the side
			of the existing building and proposed additions. In the interest of minimizing further surface disruption, material expenditure, and burden to the Applicant,
			Staff are amenable to existing onsite parking remaining at the front of the
			building, where it is currently located.
			However, Staff would like to see the Applicant make every effort to buffer this
			parking area from Airport Way and adjacent sidewalks through the addition of
			landscaping and street trees. The Applicant shall buffer the front parking area from Airport Way and the adjacent sidewalk through the installation of
			landscaping and street trees. This has been made a Condition of Approval.
$\boxtimes$		17.06.080(A)1h	h. Access to on-site parking shall be from the alley or, if the site is not serviced by
_	_		an alley, from a single approach to the street to confine vehicular/pedestrian
			conflict to limited locations, allow more buffering of the parking area and preserve the street frontage for pedestrian traffic.
		Staff Comments	This site is not serviced by an alley, and the Applicant is proposing to adjust the
			site's current vehicular access. With no sidewalk or curb and gutter currently
			existing along the site's Airport Way frontage, vehicular access to the parking
			area is completely unrestricted and unpredictable.
			The Applicant is new propering to install a sidewalk and such and suttor, limiting
			The Applicant is now proposing to install a sidewalk and curb and gutter, limiting entry and exit to the parking area to single points at the north (entry point) and
			south (exit point) of the property's Airport Way frontage.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)1i	i. Snow storage areas shall be provided on-site where practical and sited in a
			manner that is accessible to all types of snow removal vehicles of a size that
		Staff Comments	can accommodate moderate areas of snow. N/A. All snow is to be removed and stored off-site, according to the Applicant.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)1j	j. Snow storage areas shall not be less than 25% of the improved parking and
		Staff Comments	vehicle and pedestrian circulation areas. N/A. See Standard (i) above.
		Stujj comments	N/A. See Standard (1) above.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)1k	k. A designated snow storage area shall not have any dimension less than 10
		Staff Commonte	feet.
		Staff Comments	N/A. See Standard (i) above.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)1I	I. Hauling of snow from downtown areas is permissible where other options are
			not practical.
		Staff Comments	N/A. See Standard (i) above.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)1m	m. Snow storage areas shall not impede parking spaces, vehicular and pedestrian
	لك		circulation or line of sight, loading areas, trash storage/pickup areas, service
		Staff Commonte	areas or utilities.
		Staff Comments	N/A. See Standard (i) above.
		17.06.080(A)1n	n. Snow storage areas shall be landscaped with vegetation that is salt-tolerant
			and resilient to heavy snow.

		$\boxtimes$					
			Staff Comments	N/A. See Standard (i) above.			
2. Building Design: 17.06.080(A)2, items (a) thru (m)							
Compliant			Standards and Staff Comments				
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards and Staff Comments			
X			17.06.080(A)2a	a. The proportion, size, shape and rooflines of new buildings shall be compatible with surrounding buildings.			
			Staff Comments	The proportion, size, shape, and roof profile of the proposed addition will match the existing building. The addition will be fully compatible with the existing and surrounding buildings.			
			17.06.080(A)2b Staff Comments	a. Standardized corporate building designs are prohibited. The building is a very functional building and is not a standardized corporate design.			
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)2c	b. At ground level, building design shall emphasize human scale, be			
			Staff Comments	pedestrian oriented and encourage human activity and interaction. The proposed addition design will match that of the existing building. A new second-floor deck feature is proposed, with a metal staircase providing second- floor deck access from the ground level. This staircase feature will emphasize human scale and is pedestrian oriented. The front façade of the existing building will not be altered in any way. However, the parking area adjacent to Airport Way will be redesigned to limit vehicular entry/exit to singular points, and a new sidewalk and curb and gutter (at minimum) is proposed along the property's Airport Way frontage. These site design adjustments will greatly enhance the pedestrian orientation and human scale, activity, and interaction of the site.			
X			17.06.080(A)2d	c. The front façade of buildings shall face the street and may include design features such as windows, pedestrian entrances, building off-sets, projections, architectural detailing, courtyards and change in materials or similar features to create human scale and break up large building surfaces and volumes.			
			Staff Comments	N/A. No changes to the front façade of the existing building are proposed.			

			17.06.080(A)2e	d. Any addition onto or renovation of an existing building shall be designed		
$\boxtimes$			17.00.000(A)20	to create a cohesive whole.		
			Staff Comments	The proposed additions to Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware will match the		
				existing building design, materials, scale, and function. The Applicant has taken		
				care to design a very cohesive addition to the building.		
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)2f	e. All exterior walls of a building shall incorporate the use of varying materials textures and colors		
			Staff Comments	materials, textures and colors.		
				All new exterior walls of the proposed addition will match that of the existing building. Metal is the primary material type for the addition, including for the		
				building siding and new exterior staircase. However, the different forms and		
				functions of this metal material will create variety within this addition and across		
				the existing building as a whole.		
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)2g	f. Exterior buildings colors and materials shall be integrated appropriately		
				into the architecture of the building and be harmonious within the project		
				and with surrounding buildings.		
			Staff Comments	See Section (d) for how this Standard is met.		
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)2h	g. Flat-roofed buildings over two stories in height shall incorporate roof		
	_			elements such as parapets, upper decks, balconies or other design elements.		
			Staff Comments	A new parapet, visible from the existing building's north, west, and south		
				elevations, is included as part of the addition's exterior building design. This roof		
				element will add visual interest to the flat-roofed design of the existing structure.		
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)2i	i. All buildings shall minimize energy consumption by utilizing alternative		
				energy sources and/or passive solar techniques. At least three (3) of the		
				following techniques, or an approved alternative, shall be used to		
				improve energy cost savings and provide a more comfortable and healthy		
				living space: i. Solar Orientation. If there is a longer wall plane, it shall be		
				placed on an east-west axis. A building's wall plane shall b		
				oriented within 30 degrees of true south.		
				ii. South facing windows with eave coverage. At least 40% of		
				the building's total glazing surface shall be oriented to the		
				south, with roof overhang or awning coverage at the south. iii. Double glazed windows.		
				iv. Windows with Low Emissivity glazing.		
				v. Earth berming against exterior walls		
				vi. Alternative energy. Solar energy for electricity or water		
				heating, wind energy or another approved alternative shall		
				be installed on-site.		
				vii. Exterior light shelves. All windows on the southernmost facing side of the building shall have external light shelves		
				installed.		
			Staff Comments	The Applicant has stated that the project meets this Standard in the following		
				ways:		
				i. The building's east-west façade is longer than its north-south, and it is oriented		
				27 degrees east of south.		
				ii. 60% of the building's windows will be on the south elevation – although no		
				roof/overhang will be present.		
				iii. Windows will be double-glazed.		
	+		17.06.080(A)2j	iv. Windows will incorporate low emissivity glazing.		
$\boxtimes$			17.00.000(A)2j	<ul> <li>Gabled coverings, appropriate roof pitch, or snow clips and/or gutters and downspouts shall be provided over all walkways and entries to prevent snow</li> </ul>		
				from falling directly onto adjacent sidewalks.		
l	1	1	1			

			Staff Comments	The building addition's roof pitch will be sloping towards the addition's center, with drains routed to a drywell, according to the Applicant.	
$\boxtimes$			<ul> <li>bownspouts and drains shall be located within landscape areas or other appropriate locations where freezing will not create pedestrian hazards.</li> </ul>		
			Staff Comments	According to the Applicant, all catch basins and drains currently on-site (seven (7) total) are to remain, except for the one (1) catch basin and dry well feature set that is located where the proposed new retail space will be built. The Applicant has stated that this catch basin/dry well will be relocated.	
				The Applicant shall ensure that any relocation of catch basins and dry wells is approved by the Public Works Department and will not create pedestrian hazards, prior to issuance of a Building Permit. This has been made a Condition of Approval.	
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)2l	I. Vehicle canopies associated with gas stations, convenience stores or drive- through facilities shall have a minimum roof pitch of 3/12 and be consistent with the colors, material and architectural design used on the principal building(s).	
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no vehicle canopies are proposed.	
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)2m	m. A master plan for signage is required to ensure the design and location of signs is compatible with the building design and compliance with Chapter 17.08.	
			Staff Comments	Building signage has been shown on the elevations. Prior to installation, the Applicant shall submit a Sign Permit Application and receive approval for all building signage. This has been made a Condition of Approval.	

## 3. Accessory Structures, Fences and Equipment/Utilities: 17.06.080(A)3, items (a) thru (i)

Compliant			Standards and Staff Comments		
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Code City Standards and <i>Staff Comments</i>	
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)3a	a. Accessory structures shall be designed to be compatible with the principal building(s).	
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no accessory structures are proposed at this time.	
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)3b	b. Accessory structures shall be located at the rear of the property.	
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no accessory structures are proposed at this time.	
			17.06.080(A)3c	c. Walls and fences shall be constructed of materials compatible with other materials used on the site.	
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no new walls or fences are proposed at this time.	
	Planting should be integrated with fencing in order to so		d. Walls and fencing shall not dominate the buildings or the landscape. Planting should be integrated with fencing in order to soften the visual impact.		
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no new walls or fences are proposed at this time.	
			17.06.080(A)3e	e. All roof projections including, roof-mounted mechanical equipment, such as heating and air conditioning units, but excluding solar panels and Wind	

		Staff Comments	Energy Systems that have received a Conditional Use Permit, shall be shielded and screened from view from the ground level of on-site parking areas, adjacent public streets and adjacent properties. N/A, as no roof-mounted equipment is proposed at this time. If any mechanical	
			equipment, roof or ground-mounted, is installed, it shall be located at the rear of the building and/or screened from view at ground level. This has been made a Condition of Approval.	
		17.06.080(A)3f	f. The hardware associated with alternative energy sources shall be incorporated into the building's design and not detract from the building and its surroundings.	
		Staff Comments	N/A, as no alternative energy sources are proposed at this time.	
		17.06.080(A)3g	g. All ground-mounted mechanical equipment, including heating and air conditioning units, and trash receptacle areas shall be adequately screened from surrounding properties and streets by the use of a wall, fence, or landscaping, or shall be enclosed within a building.	
		Staff Comments	N/A, as no new ground-mounted equipment or trash receptacle areas are proposed with this project.	
$\boxtimes$		17.06.080(A)3h	h. All service lines into the subject property shall be installed underground.	
		Staff Comments	All services lines will be installed underground.	
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)3i	i. Additional appurtenances shall not be located on existing utility poles.	
		Staff Comments	N/A, as none are proposed at this time.	

## 4. Landscaping: 17.06.080(A)4, items (a) thru (n)

Compliant		Standards and Staff Comments			
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards and Staff Comments	
			17.06.080(A)4a	<ul> <li>Only drought tolerant plant species and/or xeriscape specific plant materials shall be used, as specified by the Hailey Landscaping Manual or an approved alternative.</li> </ul>	
			Staff Comments	As noted previously in this Staff Report and within the listed Conditions of Approval, the Applicant will be required to install street trees and/or landscaping along the property's right-of-way frontage. Any new plantings required with the project shall be drought tolerant and/or xeriscape specific plant materials. This has been made a Condition of Approval.	
$\boxtimes$			17.06.080(A)4b	b. All plant species shall be hardy to the Zone 4 environment.	
Approval, the Applicant will be required to install street trees and/or along the property's right-of-way frontage. All plant species shall be		As noted previously in this Staff Report and within the listed Conditions of Approval, the Applicant will be required to install street trees and/or landscaping along the property's right-of-way frontage. All plant species shall be hardy to the Zone 4 environment. This has been made a Condition of Approval.			
			17.06.080(A)4c	c. At a minimum, a temporary irrigation system that fully operates for at least two complete growing seasons is required in order to establish drought	

$\boxtimes$				tolerant plant species and/or xeriscape specific plant materials. Features that
				minimize water use, such as moisture sensors, are encouraged.
			Staff Comments	As noted previously in this Staff Report and within the listed Conditions of
				Approval, the Applicant will be required to install street trees and/or landscaping
				along the property's right-of-way frontage. The Applicant shall install a
				temporary irrigation system that fully operates for at least two (2) complete
				growing seasons, which shall also include features that minimize water use. This
			47.00.000(4)44	has been made a Condition of Approval.
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4d	<ul> <li>Landscaped areas shall be planned as an integral part of the site with consideration of the urban environment. A combination of trees shrubs, vines,</li> </ul>
				ground covers and ornamental grasses shall be used. Newly landscaped areas
				shall include trees with a caliper of no less than two and one-half inches (2
				1/2"). A maximum of twenty percent (20%) of any single tree species shall not
				be exceeded in any landscape plan, which includes street trees. New planting
				areas shall be designed to accommodate typical trees at maturity. Buildings
				within the LI and SCI-I Zoning Districts are excluded from this standard.
			Staff Comments	The project is located within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District and is
				excluded from this standard.
□?			17.06.080(A)4e	e. Seasonal plantings in planter boxes, pots, and/or hanging baskets shall be
				provided to add color and interest to the outside of buildings in the LI and SCI-I zoning districts.
			Staff Comments	This project is located within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District; therefore,
				seasonal plantings are required. No seasonal plantings have been shown on the
				plan set. The Applicant shall confirm if Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware is already
				including seasonal plantings on site, in conjunction with the existing building and
				store front. Unless confirmed by the Applicant to have seasonal plantings
				currently onsite, this has been made a Condition of Approval.
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4f	f. Plantings for pedestrian areas within the B, LB, TN and SCI-O zoning districts
				shall be designed with attention to the details of color, texture and form. A
				variety of trees, shrubs, perennials, ground covers and seasonal plantings, with
				different shapes and distinctive foliage, bark and flowers shall be used in beds,
			a. «a	planter boxes, pots, and/or hanging baskets.
			Staff Comments	N/A, as this project is located within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District and
			47.00.000(4)4	landscaping of this scale is not required.
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4g	g. Storm water runoff should be retained on the site wherever possible and used
			Staff Comments	to irrigate plant materials. Runoff is directed toward drywells located within the shop yard. Any new plant
			stujj connents	materials will be within the City right-of-way, and therefore irrigated with the
				existing City water irrigation system.
		57	17.06.080(A)4h	h. A plan for maintenance of the landscaping areas is required to ensure that the
		$\boxtimes$	271001000(7,1)411	project appears in a well-maintained condition (i.e., all weeds and trash
				removed, dead plant materials removed and replaced).
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no onsite landscaped areas are proposed. All landscaping will occur
				within the City's right-of-way, and maintenance will be managed according to
				Streets Department operations and standards.
		X	17.06.080(A)4i	i. Retaining walls shall be designed to minimize their impact on the site and the
				appearance of the site.
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no retaining walls are proposed.
		$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4j	j. Retaining walls shall be constructed of materials that are utilized elsewhere on
				the site, or of natural or decorative materials.
			Staff Comments	N/A, as no retaining walls are proposed.
	-			

Design Review: Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware 921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park Subdivision) Hailey Planning Zoning Commission – May 20, 2024 Staff Report – Page 14 of 17

	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4k	k. Retaining walls, where visible to the public and/or to residents or employees of the project, shall be no higher than four feet or terraced with a three-foot horizontal separation of walls.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as no retaining walls are proposed.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4I	I. Landscaping should be provided within or in front of extensive retaining walls.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as no retaining walls are proposed, nor is landscaping proposed or required.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4m	<ul> <li>Retaining walls over 24" high may require railings or planting buffers for safety.</li> </ul>
		Staff Comments	N/A, as no retaining walls are proposed.
	$\boxtimes$	17.06.080(A)4n	n. Low retaining walls may be used for seating if capped with a surface of at least 12 to 16 inches wide.
		Staff Comments	N/A, as no retaining walls are proposed.

## Additional Design Review Requirements for all Non-Residential Buildings located within the LI, SCI, TI or A Zoning Districts

### 1. Site Planning: 17.06.080 (C) 1, items (a) thru (c)

Compliant			Standards and Staff Comments				
Yes	Yes No N/A City		City Code	City Code City Standards and Staff Comments			
$\boxtimes$		17.06.080(C) 1a		a. Adjoining parcels shall be considered when planning building configuration, vehicular circulation and access, parking, and drainage.			
			Staff Comments	Adjoining parcels include other light industrial buildings and storage. The proposed design, circulation, access, parking, and drainage do not conflict with the adjoining parcels.			
□?	]? 🗌 🗆		17.06.080(C) 1b	b. Reciprocal vehicular ingress and egress, circulation, and parking arrangements are encouraged when the adjacent site(s) allows in order to facilitate the ease of vehicular movement between adjoining properties.			
			Staff Comments	See Section 17.09.040 for details on ingress, egress, and site circulation. The Applicant and the Commission may wish to discuss alternative parking area configurations, and/or adjoining parcel parking arrangements, which allow for parking requirements to be met, pedestrian safety to be upheld, and conflicts with freight vehicle movement and loading/unloading activities to be minimized.			
?       17.06.080(C)       c.       Vehicle circulation, parking and loading shall not be 1b		c. Vehicle circulation, parking and loading shall not block pedestrian access ways.					
			Staff Comments	See Section 17.06.080(C) 1b.			

17.06.060 Criteria.

- A. The Commission or Hearing Examiner shall determine the following before approval is given:
  - 1. The project does not jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of the public.
  - 2. The project conforms to the applicable specifications outlined in the Design Review Guidelines, as set forth herein, applicable requirements of the Hailey Municipal Code Zoning Ordinance, and City Standards.
  - B. Conditions. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may impose any condition deemed
  - necessary. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may also condition approval of a project with subsequent review and/or approval by the Administrator or Planning Staff. Conditions which may be attached include, but are not limited to those which will:
    - 1. Ensure compliance with applicable standards and guidelines.
    - 2. Require conformity to approved plans and specifications.
    - 3. Require security for compliance with the terms of the approval.
    - 4. Minimize adverse impact on other development.
    - 5. Control the sequence, timing and duration of development.
    - 6. Assure that development and landscaping are maintained properly.
    - 7. Require more restrictive standards than those generally found in the Hailey Municipal Code.
- C. Security. The applicant may, in lieu of actual construction of any required or approved improvement, provide to the City such security as may be acceptable to the City, in a form and in an amount equal to the cost of the engineering or design, materials and installation of the improvements not previously installed by the applicant, plus fifty percent (50%), which security shall fully secure and guarantee completion of the required improvements within a period of one (1) year from the date the security is provided.
  - 1. If any extension of the one-year period is granted by the City, each additional year, or portion of each additional year, shall require an additional twenty percent (20%) to be added to the amount of the original security initially provided.
  - 2. In the event the improvements are not completely installed within one (1) year, or upon the expiration of any approved extension, the City may, but is not obligated, to apply the security to the completion of the improvements and complete construction of the improvements.

The following conditions are suggested to be placed on approval of this Application:

- a) All applicable Fire Department and Building Department requirements shall be met.
- b) Any change in use or occupancy type from that approved at time of issuance of Building Permit may require additional improvements and/or approvals. Additional parking may also be required upon subsequent change in use, in conformance with Hailey Municipal Code at the time of the new use.

- c) All City infrastructure requirements shall be met, and plans shall be modified to meet the comments herein. Infrastructure plans shall be stamped by a licensed engineer. Detailed plans for all infrastructure to be installed or improved at or adjacent to the site shall be submitted for Department Head approval and shall meet City Standards where required. Infrastructure to be completed at the Applicant's sole expense includes, but will not be limited to, the following requirements and improvements:
  - i. The Applicant shall meet with City Staff to confirm all right-of-way improvement standards, or a reasonable in-lieu fee, prior to the Applicant's submittal for a Building Permit.
  - ii. The Applicant shall ensure that any relocation of catch basins and dry wells is approved by the Public Works Department and will not create pedestrian hazards, prior to issuance of a Building Permit.
  - iii. A Right-of-Way Maintenance Agreement shall be adopted by the City Council prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.
- d) The Applicant shall buffer the front parking area from Airport Way and the adjacent sidewalk through the installation of landscaping and street trees.
- e) Any new plantings required with the project shall be drought tolerant and/or xeriscape specific plant materials.
- f) The Applicant shall install a temporary irrigation system that fully operates for at least two (2) complete growing seasons, which shall also include features that minimize water use.
- g) The Applicant shall confirm if Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware is already including seasonal plantings on site, in conjunction with the existing building and store front, and shall include seasonal plantings on site if seasonal plantings are not found to be present/utilized.
- h) The project shall be constructed in accordance with the application or as modified by the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision.
- i) All exterior lighting shall comply with the Outdoor Lighting requirements according to 17.08C.
- Except as otherwise provided, all the required improvements shall be constructed and completed, or sufficient security provided as approved by the City Attorney, before a Certificate of Occupancy can be issued.
- k) This Design Review approval is for the date the Findings of Fact are signed. The Planning & Zoning Administrator has the authority to approve minor modifications to this project prior to, and for the duration of a valid Building Permit.
- I) All utilities shall be located underground, consistent with 17.06.080(A)3h, and shall be shown on the Building Permit submittal.
- m) A Sign Permit Application shall be submitted and approved prior to installation of building signage.
- n) All roof and ground-mounted equipment shall be located to the rear of the building and/or screen from view at ground level.
- o) The Applicant shall show the locations of all street trees, including dimensionally correct locations and sizes of the tree wells with the footprint of the suitable soil, structural soil, or suspended pavement areas. Said exhibit shall include the supporting mathematical calculations and shall be supplied at the time of Building Permit submittal. The exhibit shall also include a checklist for use during construction inspections, as directed by City Staff.
- p) The Applicant shall include street tree species per the recommendation of the Hailey Tree Committee, and in congruence with design/species presented in the Hailey Downtown Master Plan (draft or other).

q) Prior to final design, Staff and the Applicant will meet internally to finalize site details. If construction occurs prior to Staff review and approval of the final design, any and all site and/or right-of-way infrastructure installed may need to be removed and/or modified at the sole expense of the Applicant.

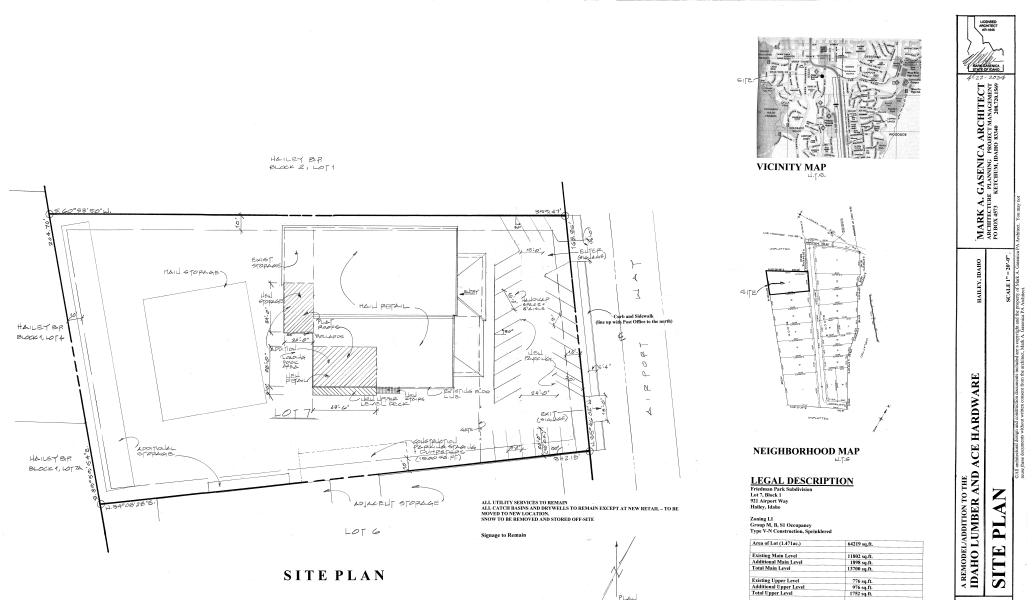
#### **Motion Language:**

**Approval:** Motion to approve the Design Review Application by Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware, represented by Mark Gasenica, for the construction of a new 3,090 square foot addition, to be located at 921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park), within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District, finding that the project does not jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of the public and the project conforms to the applicable specifications outlined in the Design Review Guidelines, applicable requirements of the Hailey Municipal Code Titles 17 and 18, and City Standards, provided conditions (a) through (q) are met.

**Denial:** Motion to deny the Design Review Application by Idaho Lumber and Ace Hardware, represented by Mark Gasenica, for the construction of a new 3,090 square foot addition, to be located at 921 Airport Way (Lot 7, Block 1, Friedman Park), within the Light Industrial (LI) Zoning District, finding that

_____ [the Commission should cite which standards are not met and provide the reason why each identified standard is not met].

**Continuation:** Motion to continue the public hearing to [Commission should specify a date].



TPLE

Additional Upper Level Deck

Existing Outbuilding Storage

**Total Building Square Footage** 

**Total Building** 

Lot Coverage

**Building Height** 

216 sq.ft.

15668 sq.ft.

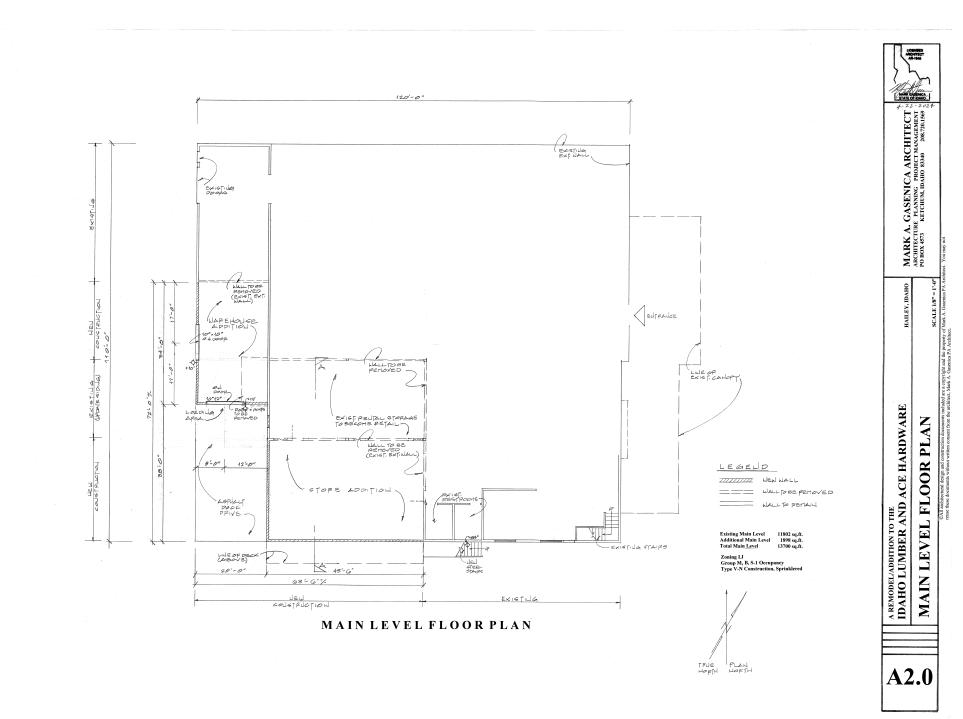
6209 sq.ft

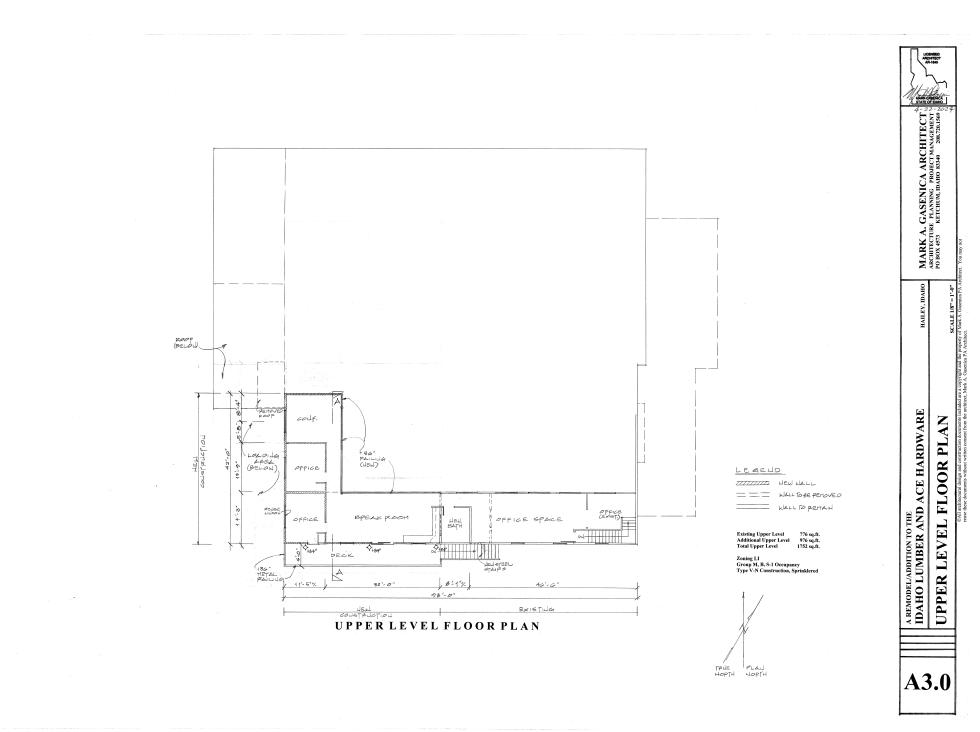
21877 sq.ft.

24'-0" @ Addition (34'-6" @ Existing East Parapet)

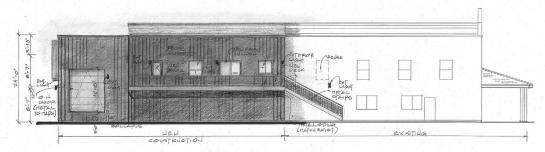
37.3%

A1.0









## SOUTH ELEVATION



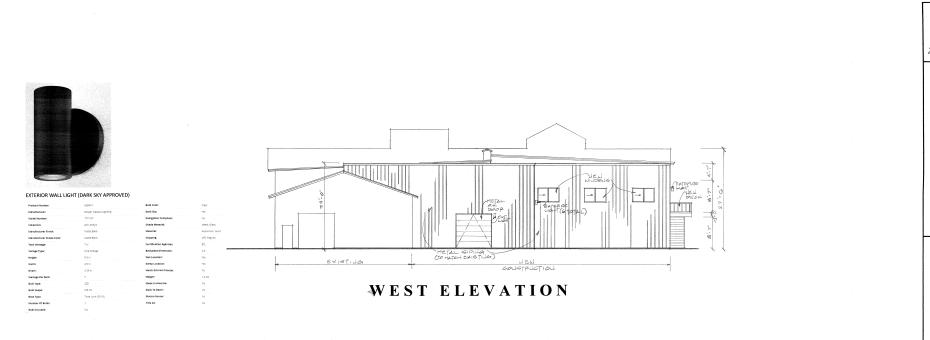
EAST ELEVATION PARTIAL MARK GASEMICA

MARK A. GASENICA ARCHITECT ARCHITECTURE PLANNING PROJECT MATAGEMENT PO BOX 4573 KETCHUM, IDAHO 83340 208,720,1569

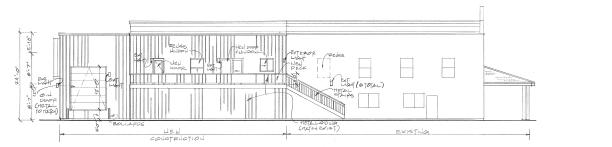
HAILEY, IDAHO

A REMODEL/ADDITION TO THE IDAHO LUMBER AND ACE HARDWARE

A4.0



ALL NEW MATERIALS, FINISHES AND COLORS TO MATCH EXISTING.



## SOUTH ELEVATION

#### EAST ELEVATION PARTIAL

1

EXTR

MARK A. GASENICA ARCHITECT ARCHITECTURE PLANNING PROJECT MANAGEMENT PD BOX 4573 KETCHUM, IDAHO 83340 208.720.1560

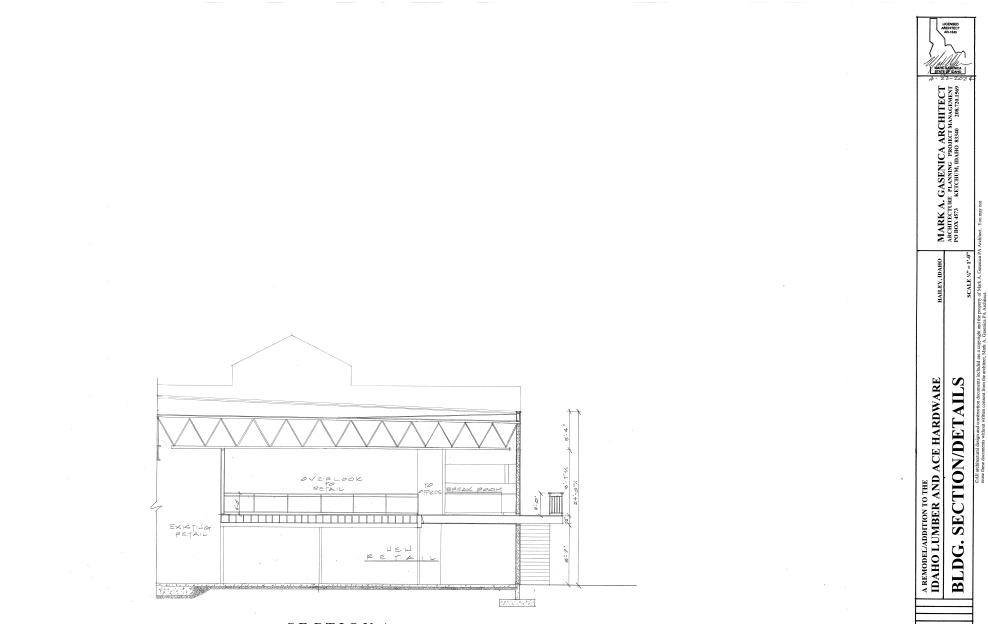
è

HAIL

A REMODEL/ADDITION TO THE IDAHO LUMBER AND ACE HARDWARE

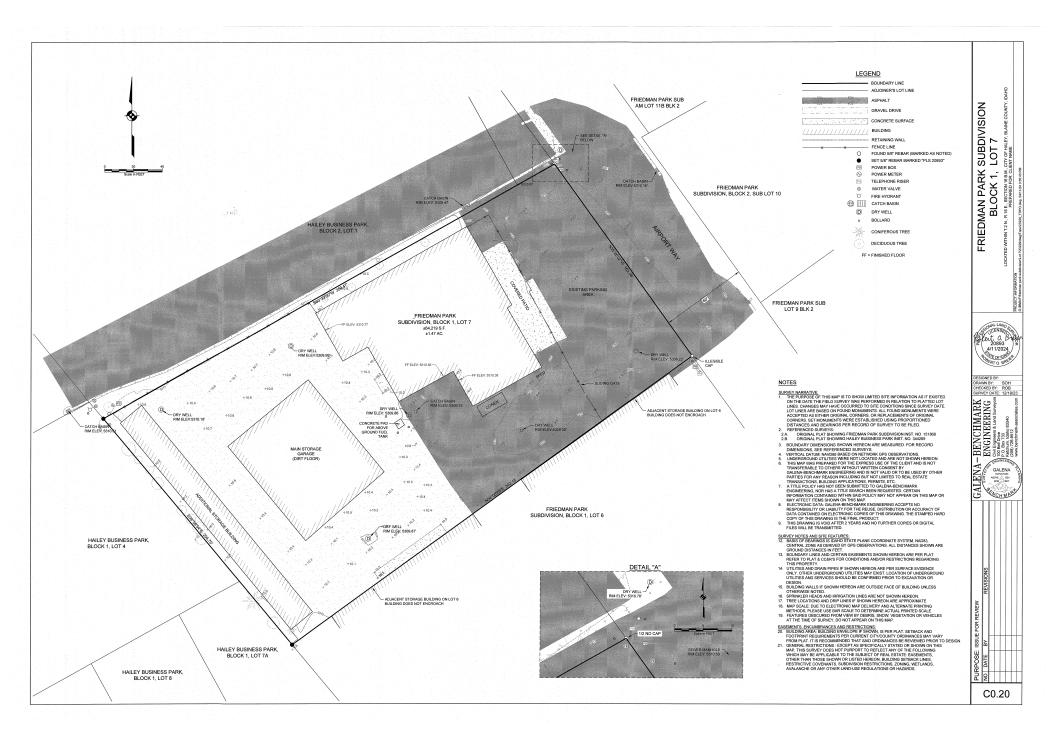
ELEVATIONS

A4.0



A5.0

SECTION A



## ACE HARDWARE and IDAHO LUMBER

(EXISTING BUILDING PHOTOS)



WEST ELEVATION (PARTIAL) – ADDITION TO STORAGE WILL BE TO SOUTH (RIGHT)



WEST ELEVATION (PARTIAL) – ADDITION TO STORAGE WILL BE IN THIS AREA AND TO THE SOUTH

## ACE HARDWARE and IDAHO LUMBER

(EXISTING BUILDING PHOTOS)



WEST ELEVATION (PARTIAL) – ADDITION TO STORAGE TO 10' OF FAR-RIGHT EXISTING CORNER



SOUTH ELEVATION (PARTIAL) – ADDITION TO RETAIL 28' TO SOUTH AND LINES UP WITH EXISTING BUILDING'S SOUTH WALL.

## ACE HARDWARE and IDAHO LUMBER

(EXISTING BUILDING PHOTOS)



SOUTHWEST ELEVATION – ADDITION TO RETAIL WHERE TRUCK IS AND LINES UP WITH EXISTING BUILDING. 6' DECK AT PORTION OF UPPER LEVEL.



## EXTERIOR WALL LIGHT (DARK SKY APPROVED)

Product Number:	626810
Manufacturer:	Design Classics Lighting
Model Number:	1771-07
Collection:	Jack and Jill
Manufacturer Finish:	Matte Black
Manufacturer Shade Color:	Matte Black
Total Wattage:	7 w.
Voltage Type:	Line Voltage
Height:	5.5 in.
Width:	4.5 in.
Depth:	3.38 in.
Wattage Per Bulb:	7
Bulb Type:	LED
Bulb Shape:	MR-16
Base Type:	Twist Lock (GU10)
Number Of Bulbs:	1
Bulb Included:	No

Bulb Color:	Clear
Dark Sky:	Yes
EnergyStar Compliant:	No
Shade Material:	Metal, Glass
Material:	Aluminum, Glass
Shipping:	UPS Regular
Certification Agencies:	ETL
Backplate Dimension:	4.5
Wet Location:	Yes
Damp Location:	Yes
Harsh Environ/Coastal:	No
Weight:	1.4 lbs
Made In America:	No
Dusk To Dawn:	No
Motion Sensor:	No
Title 24:	No

# **Return to Agenda**